

ProMix[®] 2KE

3A0868A

Pump-Based Plural Component Proportioner

ENG

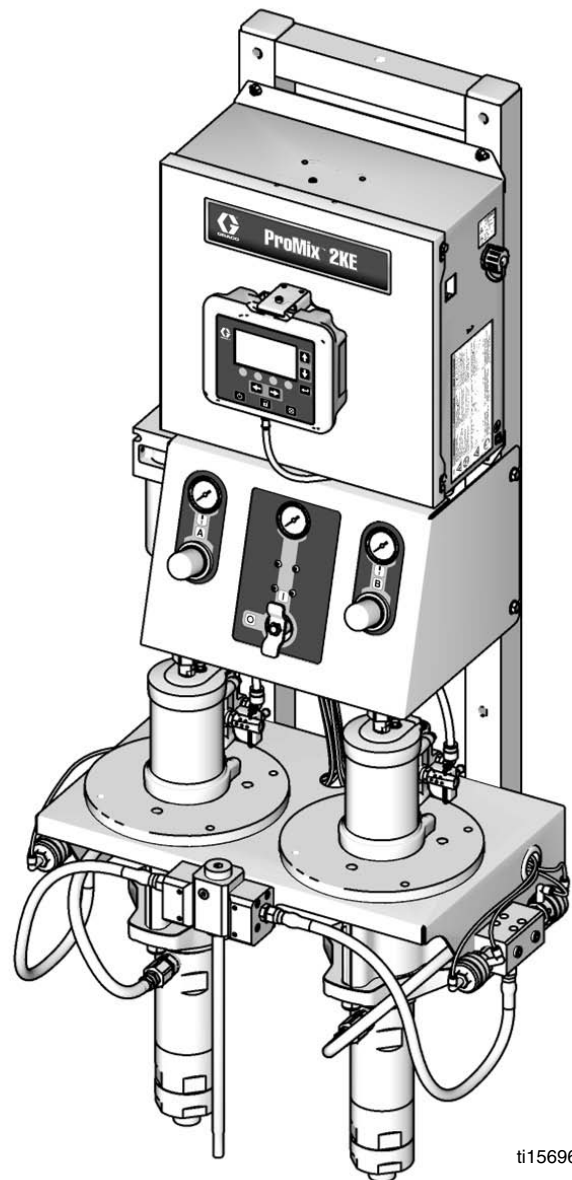
Self-contained, electronic two-component paint proportioner. For professional use only.



Important Safety Instructions

Read all warnings and instructions in this manual. Save these instructions.

See page 3 for model information, including maximum working pressure and approvals.



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Models



			
ProMix 2KE systems are not approved for use in hazardous locations unless the base model, all accessories, all kits, and all wiring meet local, state, and national codes.			

Approved for Hazardous Location Class 1, Div 1, Group D (North America); Class 1, Zones 1 and 2 (Europe)					
Part No.	Series	A and B Pumps	Maximum Working Pressure psi (MPa, bar)	USB Port	Approvals*
24F102	A	Merkur 3:1	300 (2.1, 21)		 II 2 G Ex ia px IIA T3 Ta = 0°C to 54°C FM10 ATEX 0025 X  FM c us APPROVED Intrinsically safe and purged equipment for Class I, Division 1, Group D, T3 Ta = 0°C to 54°C  CE 0359 See Special Conditions for Safe Use in Warnings , page 5.
24F103	A	Merkur 23:1	2300 (15.8, 158)		
24F104	A	Merkur 30:1	3000 (20.7, 207)		
24F105	A	Merkur 45:1	4500 (31.0, 310)		
24F106	A	Merkur Bellows 3:1	300 (2.1, 21)		
24F107	A	Merkur Bellows 23:1	2300 (15.8, 158)		
24F108	A	Merkur Bellows 35:1	3500 (24.1, 241)		
24F109	A	Merkur 3:1	300 (2.1, 21)	✓	
24F110	A	Merkur 23:1	2300 (15.8, 158)	✓	
24F111	A	Merkur 30:1	3000 (20.7, 207)	✓	
24F112	A	Merkur 45:1	4500 (31.0, 310)	✓	
24F113	A	Merkur Bellows 3:1	300 (2.1, 21)	✓	
24F114	A	Merkur Bellows 23:1	2300 (15.8, 158)	✓	
24F115	A	Merkur Bellows 35:1	3500 (24.1, 241)	✓	

* ProMix 2KE hazardous location equipment manufactured in the United States, with serial number beginning with A or 01, has ATEX, FM, and CE approvals, as noted. Equipment manufactured in Belgium, with serial number beginning with M or 38, has ATEX and CE approvals, as noted.

See page 4 for models approved for non-hazardous locations.


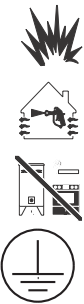


Models (continued)

Approved for Non-Hazardous Location					
Part No.	Series	A and B Pumps	Maximum Working Pressure psi (MPa, bar)	USB Port	Approvals*
24F088	A	Merkur 3:1	300 (2.1, 21)		 
24F089	A	Merkur 23:1	2300 (15.8, 158)		
24F090	A	Merkur 30:1	3000 (20.7, 207)		
24F091	A	Merkur 45:1	4500 (31.0, 310)		
24F092	A	Merkur Bellows 3:1	300 (2.1, 21)		
24F093	A	Merkur Bellows 23:1	2300 (15.8, 158)		
24F094	A	Merkur Bellows 35:1	3500 (24.1, 241)		
24F095	A	Merkur 3:1	300 (2.1, 21)	✓	
24F096	A	Merkur 23:1	2300 (15.8, 158)	✓	
24F097	A	Merkur 30:1	3000 (20.7, 207)	✓	
24F098	A	Merkur 45:1	4500 (31.0, 310)	✓	
24F099	A	Merkur Bellows 3:1	300 (2.1, 21)	✓	
24F100	A	Merkur Bellows 23:1	2300 (15.8, 158)	✓	
24F101	A	Merkur Bellows 35:1	3500 (24.1, 241)	✓	

* ProMix 2KE non-hazardous location equipment manufactured in the United States, with serial number beginning with A or 01, has FM and CE approvals. Equipment manufactured in Belgium, with serial number beginning with M or 38, has CE approval.

Warnings

The following warnings are for the setup, use, grounding, maintenance, and repair of this equipment. The exclamation point symbol alerts you to a general warning and the hazard symbols refer to procedure-specific risks. When these symbols appear in the body of this manual, refer back to these Warnings. Product-specific hazard symbols and warnings not covered in this section may appear throughout the body of this manual where applicable.

 WARNING	
	<p>FIRE AND EXPLOSION HAZARD</p> <p>Flammable fumes, such as solvent and paint fumes, in work area can ignite or explode. To help prevent fire and explosion:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Use equipment only in well ventilated area. • Eliminate all ignition sources; such as pilot lights, cigarettes, portable electric lamps, and plastic drop cloths (potential static arc). • Keep work area free of debris, including solvent, rags and gasoline. • Do not plug or unplug power cords, or turn power or light switches on or off when flammable fumes are present. • Ground all equipment in the work area. See Grounding instructions. • Use only grounded hoses. • Hold gun firmly to side of grounded pail when triggering into pail. • If there is static sparking or you feel a shock, stop operation immediately. Do not use equipment until you identify and correct the problem. • Keep a working fire extinguisher in the work area.
	<p>SPECIAL CONDITIONS FOR SAFE USE</p> <p>The aluminum adapter plate may spark upon impact or contact with moving parts, which may cause fire or explosion. Take precautions to avoid such impact or contact.</p>
	<p>ELECTRIC SHOCK HAZARD</p> <p>This equipment must be grounded. Improper grounding, setup, or usage of the system can cause electric shock.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Turn off and disconnect power at main switch before disconnecting any cables and before servicing equipment. • Connect only to grounded power source. • All electrical wiring must be done by a qualified electrician and comply with all local codes and regulations.



WARNING



INTRINSIC SAFETY

Intrinsically safe equipment that is installed improperly or connected to non-intrinsically safe equipment will create a hazardous condition and can cause fire, explosion, or electric shock. Follow local regulations and the following safety requirements.

- Only models with model numbers 24F102-24F115, utilizing the air-driven alternator, are approved for installation in a Hazardous (explosive atmosphere) Location. See **Models**, page 3.
- Be sure your installation complies with national, state, and local codes for the installation of electrical apparatus in a Class I, Group D, Division 1 (North America) or Class I, Zones 1 and 2 (Europe) Hazardous Location, including all of the local safety fire codes, NFPA 33, NEC 500 and 516, and OSHA 1910.107.
- To help prevent fire and explosion:
 - Do not install equipment approved only for a non-hazardous location in a hazardous location. See model ID label for the intrinsic safety rating of your model.
 - Do not substitute system components as this may impair intrinsic safety.
- Equipment that comes in contact with the intrinsically safe terminals must be rated for Intrinsic Safety. This includes DC voltage meters, ohmmeters, cables, and connections. Remove the unit from the hazardous area when troubleshooting.
- The equipment is intrinsically safe when no external electrical components are connected to it.
- Do not connect, download, or remove USB device unless unit is removed from the hazardous (explosive atmosphere) location.



SKIN INJECTION HAZARD

High-pressure fluid from gun, hose leaks, or ruptured components will pierce skin. This may look like just a cut, but it is a serious injury that can result in amputation. **Get immediate surgical treatment.**

- Do not spray without tip guard and trigger guard installed.
- Engage trigger lock when not spraying.
- Do not point gun at anyone or at any part of the body.
- Do not put your hand over the spray tip.
- Do not stop or deflect leaks with your hand, body, glove, or rag.
- Follow the **Pressure Relief Procedure** when you stop spraying and before cleaning, checking, or servicing equipment.
- Tighten all fluid connections before operating the equipment.
- Check hoses and couplings daily. Replace worn or damaged parts immediately.

⚠ WARNING



EQUIPMENT MISUSE HAZARD

Misuse can cause death or serious injury.

- Do not operate the unit when fatigued or under the influence of drugs or alcohol.
- Do not exceed the maximum working pressure or temperature rating of the lowest rated system component. See **Technical Data** in all equipment manuals.
- Use fluids and solvents that are compatible with equipment wetted parts. See **Technical Data** in all equipment manuals. Read fluid and solvent manufacturer's warnings. For complete information about your material, request MSDS from distributor or retailer.
- Do not leave the work area while equipment is energized or under pressure. Turn off all equipment and follow the **Pressure Relief Procedure** when equipment is not in use.
- Check equipment daily. Repair or replace worn or damaged parts immediately with genuine manufacturer's replacement parts only.
- Do not alter or modify equipment.
- Use equipment only for its intended purpose. Call your distributor for information.
- Route hoses and cables away from traffic areas, sharp edges, moving parts, and hot surfaces.
- Do not kink or over bend hoses or use hoses to pull equipment.
- Keep children and animals away from work area.
- Comply with all applicable safety regulations.



MOVING PARTS HAZARD

Moving parts can pinch, cut or amputate fingers and other body parts.

- Keep clear of moving parts.
- Do not operate equipment with protective guards or covers removed.
- Pressurized equipment can start without warning. Before checking, moving, or servicing equipment, follow the **Pressure Relief Procedure** and disconnect all power sources.



TOXIC FLUID OR FUMES HAZARD

Toxic fluids or fumes can cause serious injury or death if splashed in the eyes or on skin, inhaled, or swallowed.

- Read MSDSs to know the specific hazards of the fluids you are using.
- Store hazardous fluid in approved containers, and dispose of it according to applicable guidelines.
- Always wear chemically impermeable gloves when spraying, dispensing, or cleaning equipment.








PERSONAL PROTECTIVE EQUIPMENT

You must wear appropriate protective equipment when operating, servicing, or when in the operating area of the equipment to help protect you from serious injury, including eye injury, hearing loss, inhalation of toxic fumes, and burns. This equipment includes but is not limited to:

- Protective eyewear, and hearing protection.
- Respirators, protective clothing, and gloves as recommended by the fluid and solvent manufacturer.

Important Two-Component Material Information

Isocyanate Conditions

						
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Spraying or dispensing materials containing isocyanates creates potentially harmful mists, vapors, and atomized particulates.

Read material manufacturer's warnings and material MSDS to know specific hazards and precautions related to isocyanates.

Prevent inhalation of isocyanate mists, vapors, and atomized particulates by providing sufficient ventilation in the work area. If sufficient ventilation is not available, a supplied-air respirator is required for everyone in the work area.




To prevent contact with isocyanates, appropriate personal protective equipment, including chemically impermeable gloves, boots, aprons, and goggles, is also required for everyone in the work area.

Material Self-ignition

						
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Some materials may become self-igniting if applied too thickly. Read material manufacturer's warnings and material MSDS.

Keep Components A and B Separate

						
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Cross-contamination can result in cured material in fluid lines which could cause serious injury or damage equipment. To prevent cross-contamination of the equipment's wetted parts, **never** interchange component A (resin) and component B (isocyanate) parts.

Moisture Sensitivity of Isocyanates

Isocyanates (ISO) are catalysts used in two component coatings. ISO will react with moisture (such as humidity) to form small, hard, abrasive crystals, which become suspended in the fluid. Eventually a film will form on the surface and the ISO will begin to gel, increasing in viscosity. If used, this partially cured ISO will reduce performance and the life of all wetted parts.

NOTE: The amount of film formation and rate of crystallization varies depending on the blend of ISO, the humidity, and the temperature.

To prevent exposing ISO to moisture:

- Always use a sealed container with a desiccant dryer in the vent, or a nitrogen atmosphere. **Never** store ISO in an open container.
- Use moisture-proof hoses specifically designed for ISO, such as those supplied with your system.
- Never use reclaimed solvents, which may contain moisture. Always keep solvent containers closed when not in use.
- Never use solvent on one side if it has been contaminated from the other side.
- Always lubricate threaded parts with ISO pump oil or grease when reassembling.

Changing Materials

- When changing materials, flush the equipment multiple times to ensure it is thoroughly clean.
- Always clean the fluid inlet strainers after flushing.
- Check with your material manufacturer for chemical compatibility.

Glossary of Terms

Coriolis Meter - a non-intrusive flow meter often used in low flow applications or with light viscosity, shear sensitive, or acid catalyzed materials. This meter uses vibration to measure flow.

Dose Size - the amount of resin (A) and catalyst (B) that is dispensed into an integrator.

Dose Time Alarm - the amount of time that is allowed for a dose to occur before an alarm occurs.

Dynamic Dosing - Component A dispenses constantly. Component B dispenses intermittently in the necessary volume to attain the mix ratio.

Grand Total - a non-resettable value that shows the total amount of material dispensed through the system.

Intrinsically Safe (IS) - refers to the ability to locate certain components in a hazardous location.

Idle - if the gun is not triggered for 2 minutes the system enters Idle mode. Trigger the gun to resume operation.

Batch Total - a resettable value that shows the amount of material dispensed through the system for one batch. A batch is complete when the user resets the batch counter to zero.

K-factor - The amount of material per pulse that passes through a meter.

Mix - when cross-linking of the resin (A) and catalyst (B) occurs.

Overdose Alarm - when either the resin (A) or catalyst (B) component dispenses too much material and the system cannot compensate for the additional material.

Potlife Time - the amount of time before a material becomes unsprayable.

Potlife Volume - the amount of material that is required to move through the mix manifold, hose, and applicator before the potlife timer is reset.

Pump Calibration Factor - the amount of material dispensed per inch of pump travel.

Purge - when all mixed material is flushed from the system.

Purge Time - the amount of time required to flush all mixed material from the system.

Ratio Tolerance - the settable percent of acceptable variance that the system will allow before a ratio alarm occurs.

Standby - refers to the status of the system.

Overview

Usage

The ProMix 2KE is an electronic two-component paint proportioner. It can blend most two-component paints. It is not for use with quick-setting paints (those with a pot life of less than 5 minutes).

- Has dynamic dosing capabilities. It dispenses material A, monitors fluid flow, and dispenses material B in doses to cause the mixture to stay on ratio.
- Can proportion at ratios from 0.1:1 to 30.0:1.
- Will display the last 50 errors with date, time, and event. The optional USB upgrade kit will log 500 errors and up to 2000 jobs.
- For systems with one gun, an optional Gun Flush Box provides an automated flushing system for a manual spray gun.

Component Identification and Definition

Table 1: Component Description



Component	Description
Control Box	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Advanced Fluid Control Module • Power supply or alternator • Solenoid valves • Air flow switch(es) • Optional USB Module • Audible alarm • Optional pressure switch for gun flush box
Fluid Module	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Mix manifold, which includes the fluid integrator and static mixer. • Color/catalyst valve stacks, includes pneumatically operated dose valves for material A and B, as well as solvent valves. • Pumps
Display Module	Used to set up, display, operate, and monitor the system. Used for daily painting functions including choosing recipes, reading/clearing errors, and placing the system in Standby, Mix, or Purge mode.

Installation

General Information

- Reference numbers and letters in parentheses in the text refer to numbers and letters in the illustrations.
- Be sure all accessories are adequately sized and pressure-rated to meet system requirements.
- To protect the Display Module screens from paints and solvents, clear-plastic protective shields are available in packs of 10 (Part No. 16F703). Clean the screens with a dry cloth if necessary.

Intrinsically Safe Installation Requirements

						
<p>Do not substitute or modify system components as this may impair intrinsic safety. For installation, maintenance, or operation instructions, read instruction manuals. Do not install equipment approved only for non-hazardous location in a hazardous location. See the identification label for the intrinsic safety rating for your model.</p>						

2. Multiple earthing of components is allowed only if high integrity equipotential system realized between the points of bonding.
3. For ATEX, install per EN 60079-14 and applicable local and national codes.
4. Install Coriolis flow meters as explosion proof (USA/Canada)/flameproof Ex c (ATEX) with passive intrinsically safe connections per the manufacturer's installation instructions and applicable codes.

1. The installation must meet the requirements of the National Electric Code, NFPA 70, Article 504 Resp., Article 505, and ANSI/ISA 12.06.01.

Hazardous (Classified) Locations Class 1, Div 1, Group D, T3 (US and Canada) Class 1, Zone 1, Group IIA, T3 (ATEX only)

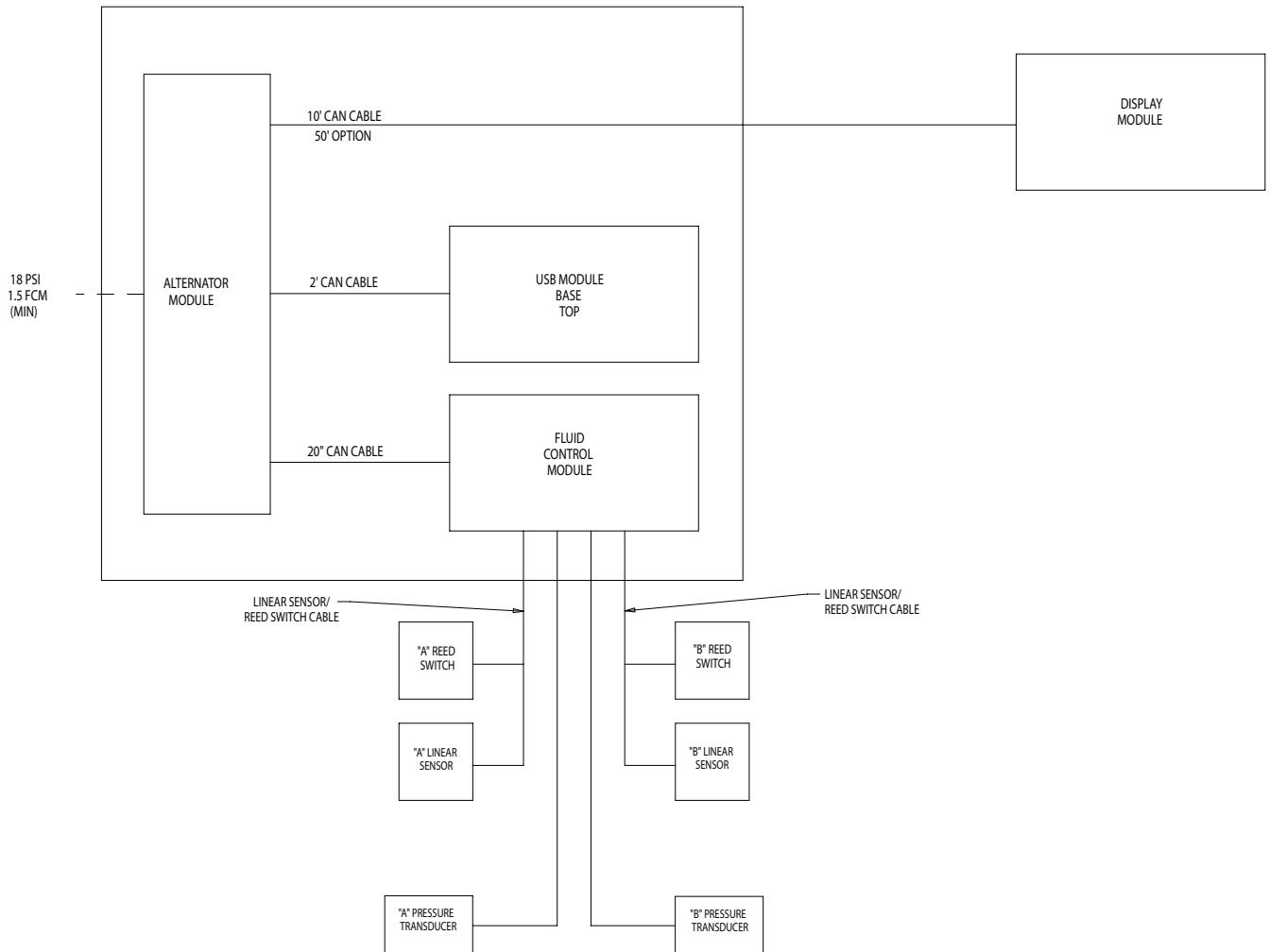


FIG. 1. Hazardous Location Installation

Non-Hazardous Locations

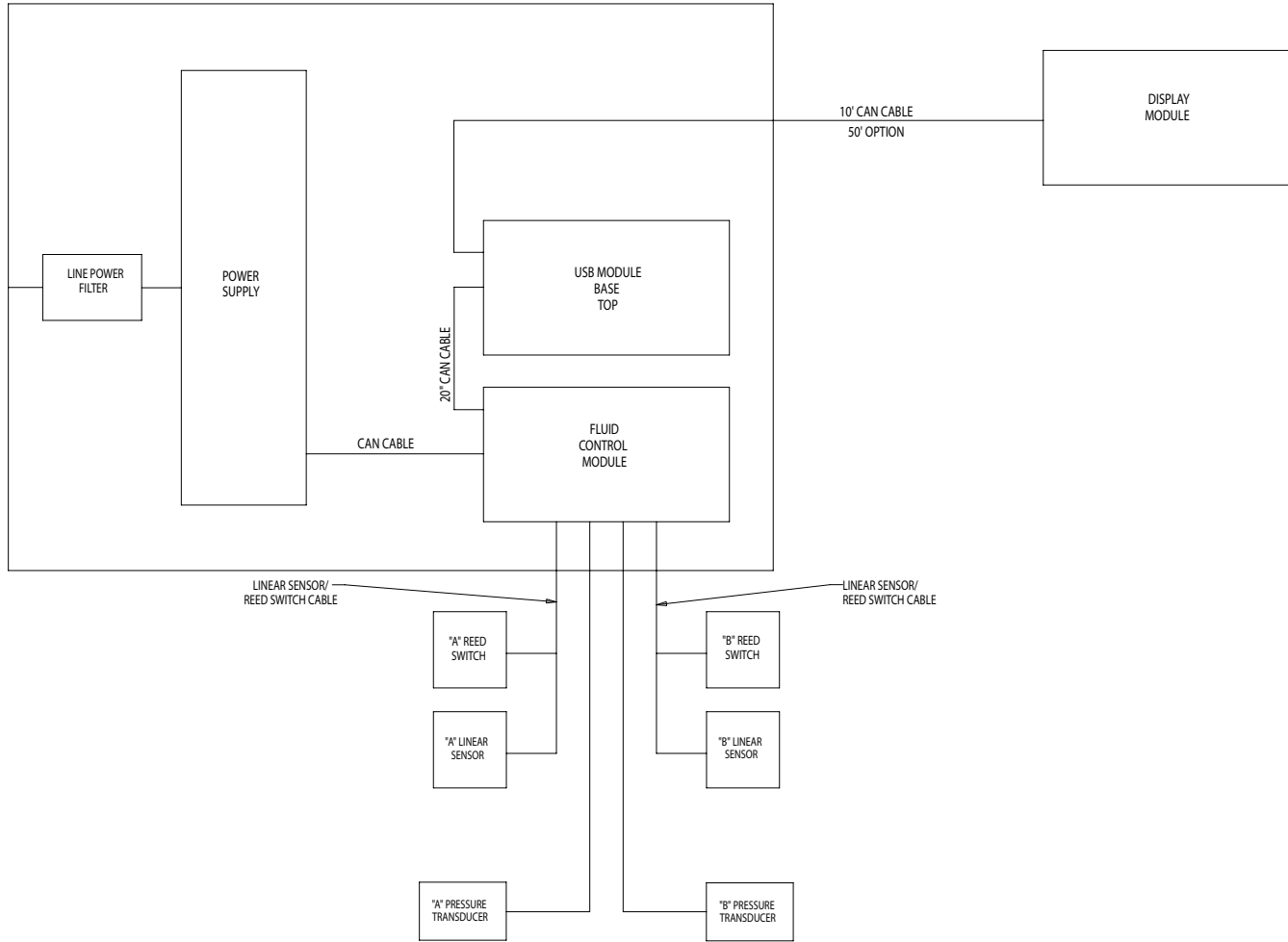


FIG. 2. Non-Hazardous Location Installation

Air Supply

Requirements

- **Compressed air supply pressure:** 75-100 psi (517-700 kPa, 5.2-7 bar).
- **Air hoses:** use grounded hoses that are correctly sized for your system.

<p>Trapped air can cause a pump or dispense valve to cycle unexpectedly, which could result in serious injury from splashing or moving parts. Use bleed-type shutoff valves.</p>						

- **Air regulator and bleed-type shutoff valve:** include in each air line to fluid supply equipment. Install an additional shutoff valve upstream of all air line accessories to isolate them for servicing.

<p>If using a Graco electrostatic PRO™ Gun, a shutoff valve must be installed in the gun air line to shutoff the atomizing and turbine air to the gun. Contact your Graco distributor for information on air shutoff valves for electrostatic applications.</p>						

- **Air line filter:** a 10 micron or better air filter is recommended to filter oil and water out of the air supply and help avoid paint contamination and clogged solenoids.

Air Connections

See the **System Pneumatic Schematic** on page 52 (hazardous location) or page 53 (non-hazardous location).

1. Tighten all ProMix 2KE system air and fluid line connections as they may have loosened during shipment.

2. Connect the main air supply line to the main air inlet. This air line supplies the solenoids, valves, and pumps. See FIG. 3.

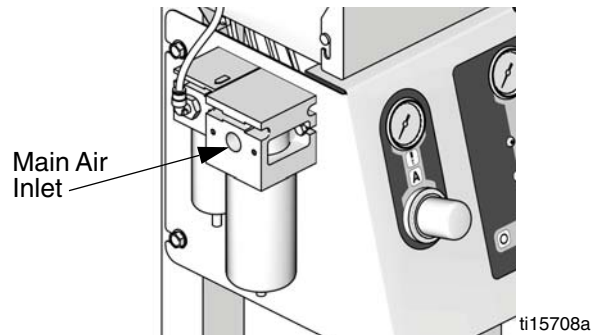


FIG. 3. Air Supply Inlet

3. For each gun in the system, connect a separate clean air supply line to the air inlet of the air flow switch. This air supplies gun atomizing air. The air flow switch detects air flow to the gun and signals the controller when the gun is being triggered.

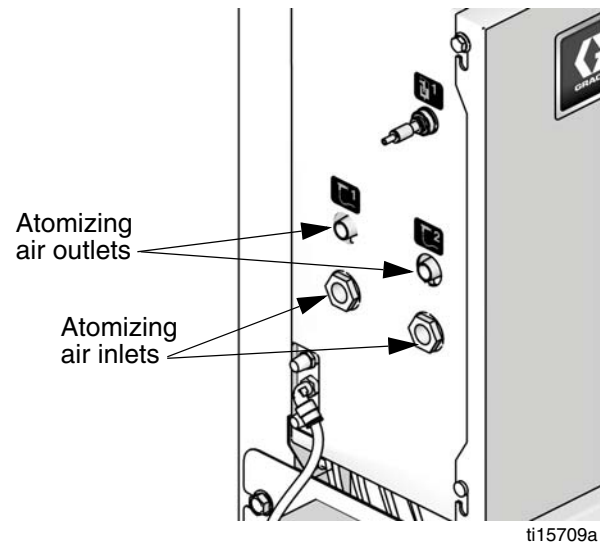






FIG. 4. Connect atomizing air

NOTE: See **Dimensions and Mounting** on page 58 for additional air supply/consumption information.

Fluid Supply

Requirements

						
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Do not exceed the pressure rating of the lowest rated component. See the identification label. To reduce the risk of injury, including fluid injection, you must install a shutoff valve between each fluid supply line and the mix manifold. Use the valves to shut off fluid during maintenance and service. 						

ProMix 2KE models are available to operate airless (high pressure, 50 cc pumps only), air spray, or air-assisted systems with a capacity of up to 3800 cc/min.

- Fluid supply pressure tanks, feed pumps, or circulating systems can be used.
- Materials can be transferred from their original containers or from a central paint recirculating line.
- See manual 313599 for Coriolis meter installation and operation instructions.

NOTE: The fluid supply must be free of pressure spikes, which are commonly caused by pump stroke change-over. If necessary, install pressure regulators or a surge tank on the ProMix 2KE fluid inlets to reduce pulsation. Contact your Graco distributor for additional information.

Fluid Connections

- Connect the solvent supply line to the 1/4 npt(f) solvent valve inlets (SVA and SVB).
- Connect the component A supply line(s) to the component A dose valve inlet (DVA).

NOTE: Paint Recirculating System Only

- The color change valves have two fluid ports for each individual valve. If you are recirculating paint, remove plugs and plumb the valves in one port and out the other. The second port is on the back of the valve and must be reached from inside the control box.

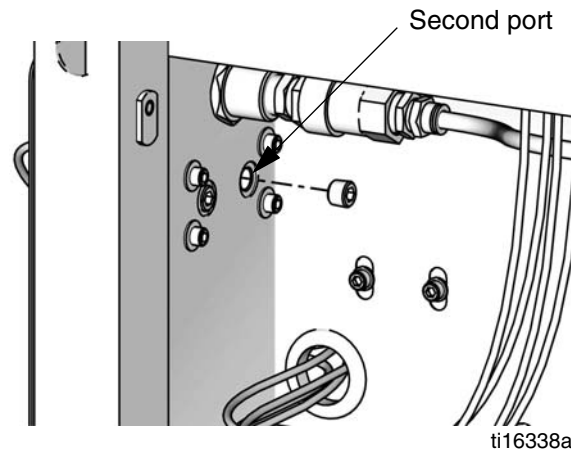


FIG. 5. Paint Recirculation Port

- Another option is to use a tee fitting to recirculate.
- Connect the component B line to the component B dose valve inlet (DVB).
- NOTE:** The component A and B dose valve inlets have fluid check valves to prevent backflow from fluid supply pressure fluctuations. Backflow can cause ratio inaccuracies.
- Connect the gun fluid supply line between the mix manifold (MM) outlet and the gun fluid inlet.

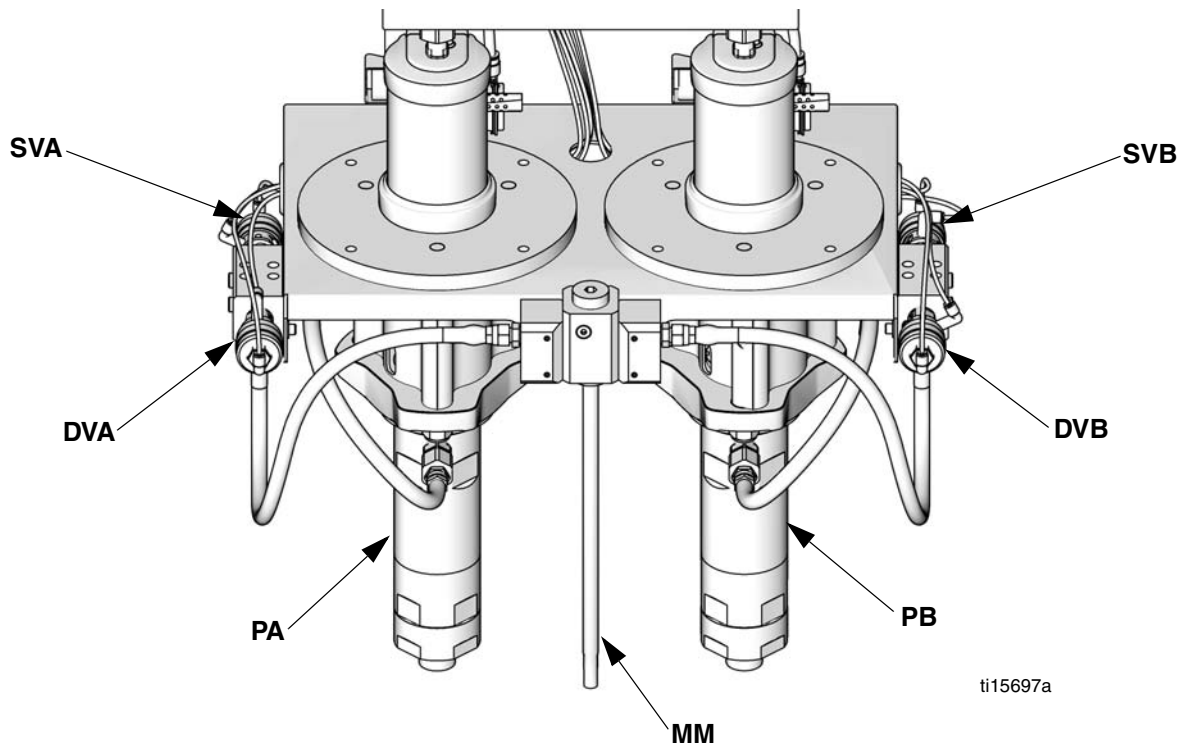





FIG. 6. Component Identification

Electrical

Power Connection (non-IS units only)

						
All electrical wiring must be completed by a qualified electrician and comply with all local codes and regulations.						

Enclose all cables routed in the spray booth and high traffic areas in conduit to prevent damage from paint, solvent, and traffic.

The ProMix 2KE operates with 85-250 VAC, 50/60 Hz input power, with a maximum of 2 amp current draw. The power supply circuit must be protected with a 15 amp maximum circuit breaker.

Not included with system:

- Power supply cord compatible to your local power configuration. Wire gauge size must be 8-14 AWG.
- The input power access port is 22.4 mm (0.88 in.) in diameter. It accepts a bulkhead strain relief fitting or conduit.

1. Open Control Box cover.
2. Connect electrical cord as shown.
3. Follow instructions in **Grounding**.

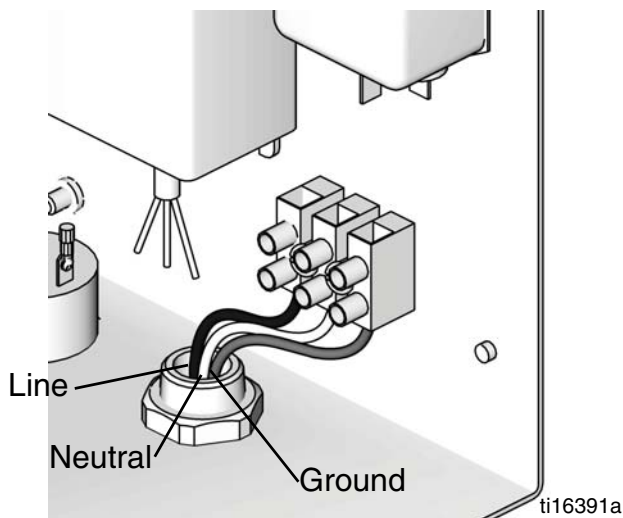






FIG. 7. Control Box Electrical Connection

Grounding

						
The equipment must be grounded. Grounding reduces the risk of static and electric shock by providing an escape wire for the electrical current due to static build up or in the event of a short circuit.						

Connect the ProMix 2KE ground wire to the ground screw. Connect the clamp to a true earth ground. If wall power is used to power controls, ground electrical connection according to local codes.

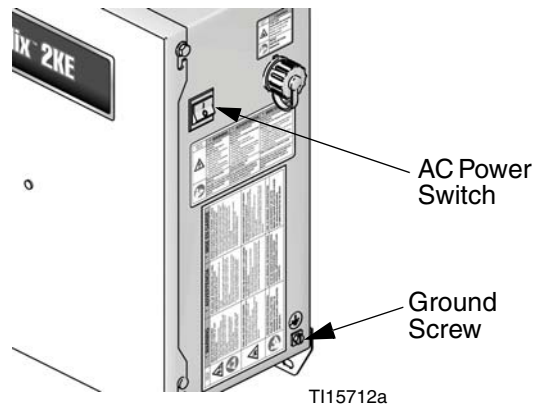


FIG. 8. Ground Screw and Power Switch

Gun Flush Box

Connect a ground wire from the Gun Flush Box ground lug to a true earth ground.

Feed Pumps or Pressure Pots

Connect a ground wire and clamp from a true earth ground to the pumps or pots. See pump or pressure pot manual.

Air and Fluid Hoses

Use grounded hoses only.

Spray Gun

Follow the grounding instructions in your gun manual.

Fluid Supply Container

Follow local code.

Object Being Sprayed

Follow local code.

All Solvent Pails Used When Purging

Follow local code. Use only conductive metal pails/containers placed on a grounded surface. Do not place the pail/container on a nonconductive surface, such as paper or cardboard, which interrupts the grounding continuity.

Check Resistance

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To ensure proper grounding, resistance between components and true earth ground **must** be less than 1 ohm.

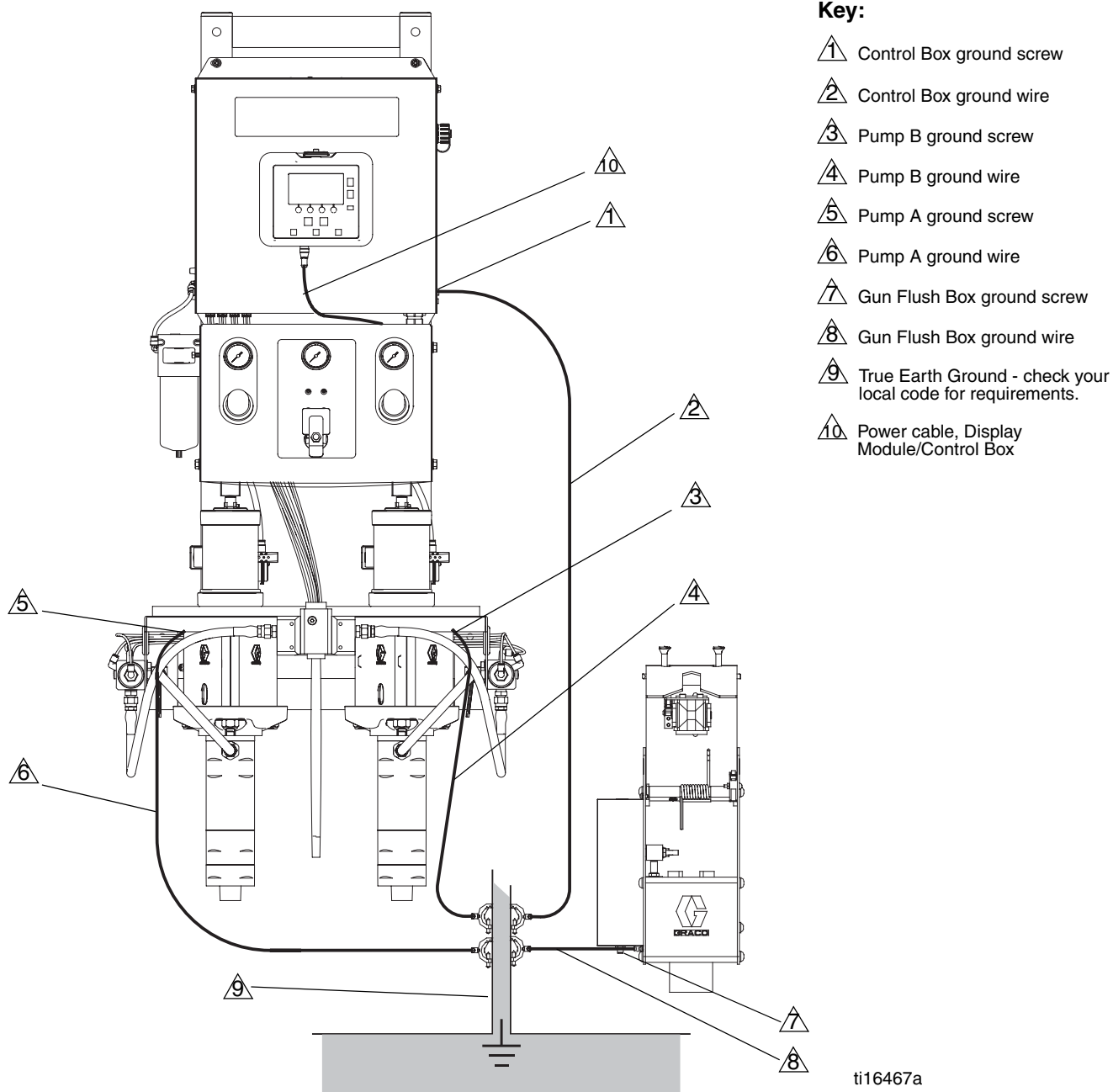


FIG. 9. Grounding

Display Module

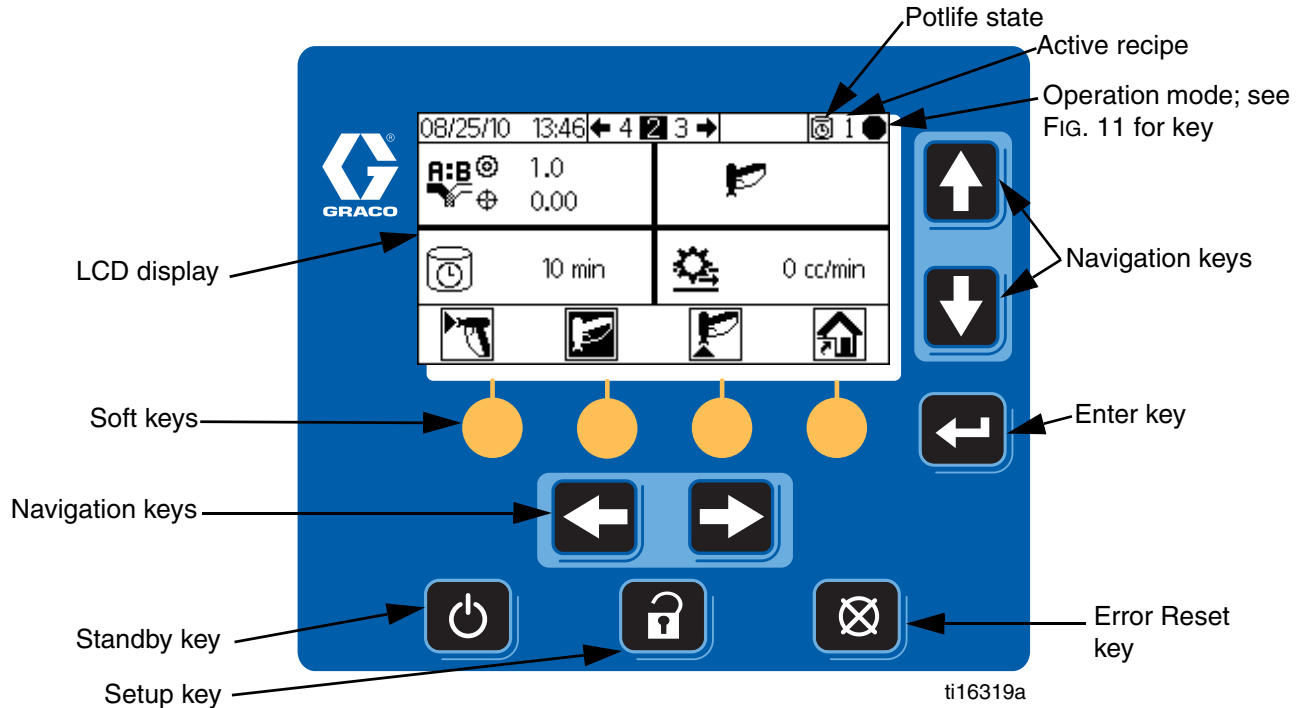


FIG. 10. Display Module

Display

Shows graphical and text information related to setup and spray operations. The screen backlight is factory set to remain on. The user may set a number of minutes the screen can be inactive before the backlight dims. Press any key to restore.

NOTE: The Display Module and bracket can be removed from the cover of the electrical box and mounted remotely, if preferred.

Keys are used to input numerical data, enter setup screens, navigate within a screen, scroll through screens, and select setup values.

NOTICE

To prevent damage to the soft key buttons, do not press the buttons with sharp objects such as pens, plastic cards, or fingernails.

Key	Function
	<i>Setup:</i> Press to enter or exit Setup mode.
	<i>Enter:</i> Press to choose a field to update, to make a selection, or to save a selection or value.
	<i>Left/Right Arrows:</i> Use to move from screen to screen.
	<i>Up/Down Arrows:</i> Use to move among fields on a screen, items on a dropdown menu, or digits in a settable field.

	<i>Error Reset:</i> Use to clear alarm so cause can be fixed. Also use to cancel a data entry field.
	<i>Standby:</i> Stops the current operation and puts the system into standby.
	<i>Soft keys:</i> Press to select the specific screen or operation shown on the display directly above each key.

PROMIX 2KE ICONS			
ICONS		SPRAY GUN STATES	SCREEN SHORTCUTS
	Pump		
	Meter		
	Dose Valve		
	Solvent Valve		
	Air Filter		
	Fluid Filter		
	Gun Flush Box		
	Park Pumps		
	Flush Time		
	Hose Length	OPMODES	SOFTKEYS
	Hose Diameter		
	Ratio		
	Potlife		
	Length		
	Volume		
	Pressure		

ti16321a

PROMIX 2KE ERROR CODES			
CA	Communications lost alarm	QD*	Overdose alarm for material * (A1, A2, A3, or B1)
CAU1	USB communications lost alarm	QL*X	Fluid leak on * (A or B)
DD*1	Cavitation alarm for pump * (A or B)	QPD*	Potlife exceeded on gun * (1 or 2)
DF*1	Pump * (A or B) not stalling up	QT*	Dose time alarm for material * (A1, A2, A3, or B1)
DG*1	Pump * (A or B) not stalling down	R1	Mix ratio low
DH*1	Pump * (A or B) not stalling up or down	R4	Mix ratio high
DJ*1	Position sensor alarm for pump * (A or B)	SAD*	Air flow switch * (1 or 2) on during purge
DK*1	Reed switch alarm for pump * (A or B)	SF*	Premix fill * (A1, A2, A3 or B1) low flow
EF*1	Pump * (A or B) park alarm	SG	Gun flush box open during purge
EQU2	USB drive inserted while not in standby	SH*	Not enough premix fill volume * (A1, A2, A3 or B1)
P4*1	High pressure alarm for pump * (A or B)	SM	Mix fill low flow
P6*1	Pressure transducer alarm for pump * (A or B)	SN	Not enough mix fill volume
		SPS*	Not enough volume during * (A or B) purge
MA*1	Pump * (A or B) maintenance due	EC	System setup changed
ME*	Mix Valve * (A1, A2, A3, or B1) maintenance due	EL	System powered on
MES*	Solvent valve * (A or B) maintenance due	EP	Park complete
MF*1	Meter * (A or B) maintenance due	EQU1	USB drive inserted
MG*1	Fluid filter * (A or B) maintenance due	ES	System defaults loaded
MGP1	Air filter maintenance due	ET	Auto-dump performed

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FIG. 11. Display Module Icon Key and Error Codes

Screen Summary

The Display Module has two operating modes:

Run Mode

The run mode has three screen sections that control the mixing operations.

Mix (Screens 2-4)

- Spray (Screen 2) controls most mixing operations.
- Batch (Screen 3) controls dispense of a set volume.
- Totals (Screen 4) displays grand and batch totals for materials A and B.

Errors (Screens 5-14)

- 10 screens, 5 errors per page.
- Displays date, time, and error.

Pump Control (Screen 15)

- Manually start or stop a pump.
- Park pumps for brief shutdowns.

Setup Mode

The setup mode has four screen sections that allow an authorized user to choose the exact settings needed for the system:

Configure (Screens 18-21)

- Configure 1 (Screen 18) controls system type (pump or meter), gun flush box enable, and number of guns (1 or 2).
- Configure 2 (Screen 19) controls hose length and diameter for one or two guns.
- Configure 3 (Screen 20) controls display language, date format, date, time, password setting, and backlight timer.
- Configure 4 (Screen 21) controls units for distance, volume and pressure.

Recipe (Screens 28 and 29)

- Recipe 1-1 (Screen 28) and 1-2 (Screen 29) control Material 1/Color 1 parameters and flush.

Maintenance (Screens 24-26)

- Maintenance 1 (Screen 24) controls maintenance timer actual and target for Pump A, Pump B, Solvent Valve A, and Solvent Valve B.
- Maintenance 2 (Screen 25) controls color valves A1 and B maintenance timers, actual and target.
- Maintenance 3 (Screen 26) controls fluid and air filter maintenance timers, actual and target.

Calibration (Screens 22 and 23)

- Calibration 1 (Screen 22) controls pump factors for Pump A and Pump B.
- Calibration 2 (Screen 23) allows the user to perform a calibration.

Troubleshooting Mode

The troubleshooting mode has three screen sections that allow an authorized user to troubleshoot system operation.

System Inputs (Screen 35)

Membrane Test (Screen 36)

System Outputs and Manual Activation (Screen 37)

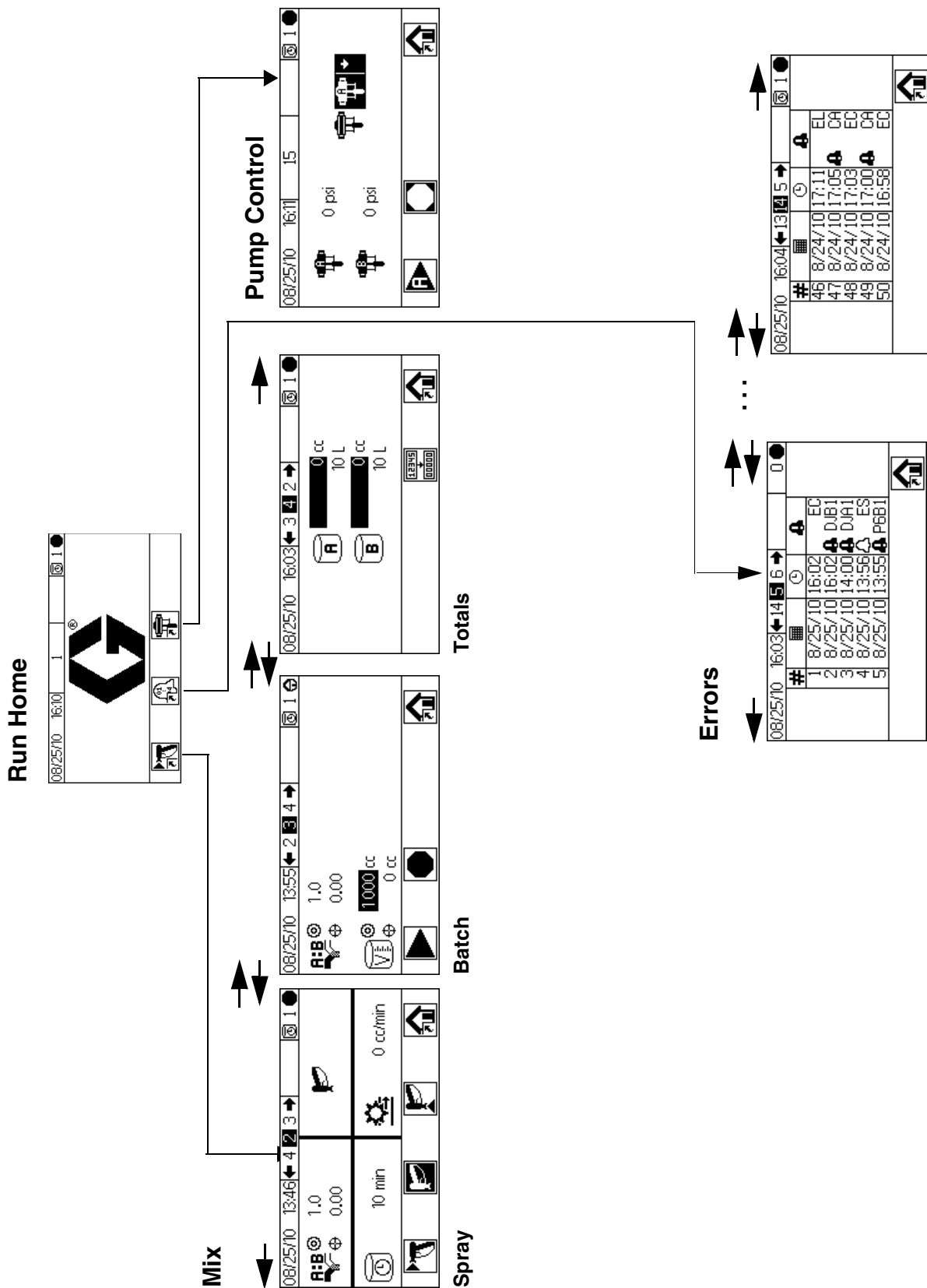


FIG. 12. Run Mode Screen Map

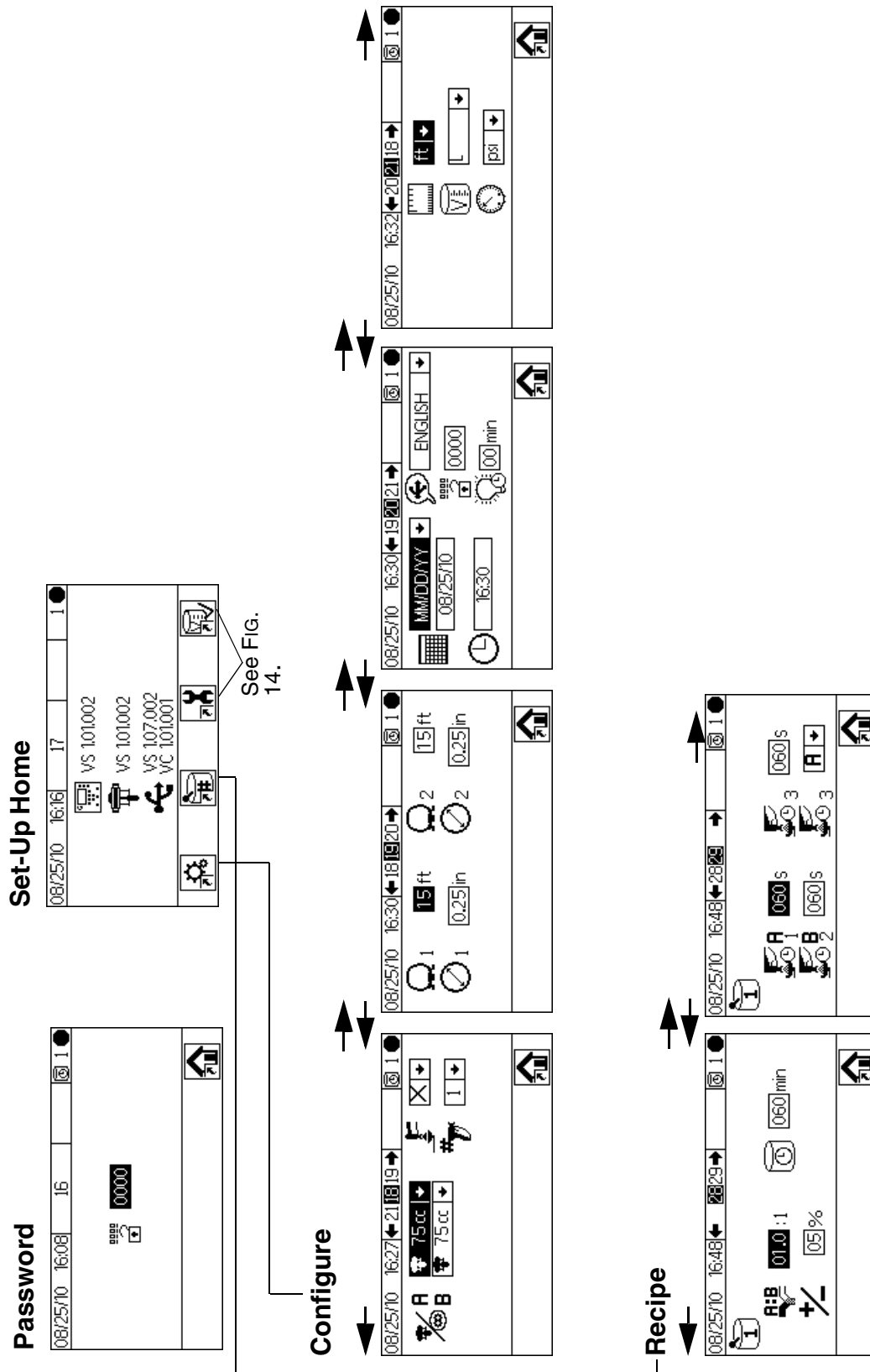


FIG. 13. Setup Mode Screen Map, page 1

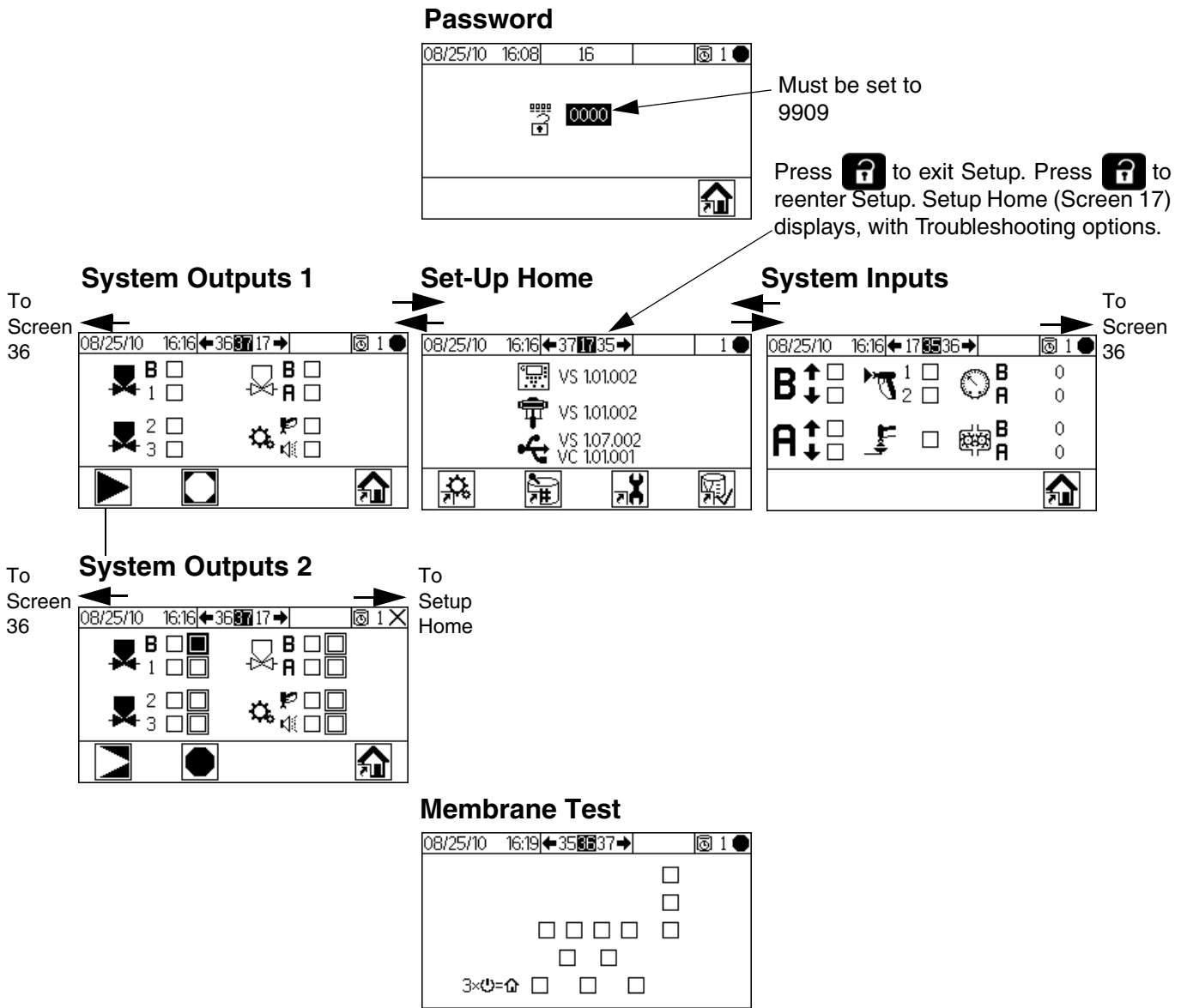


FIG. 15. Troubleshooting Screen Map

Basic Operation

Pre-Operation Tasks

Go through the Pre-Operation Checklist in Table 2.

Table 2: Pre-Operation Checklist

✓	Checklist
	System grounded Verify all grounding connections were made. See Grounding , page 16.
	All connections tight and correct Verify all electrical, fluid, air, and system connections are tight and installed according to the manual.
	Fluid supply containers filled Check component A and B and solvent supply containers.
	Dose valves set Check that dose valves are set correctly. Start with the settings recommended in Valve Settings , page 28, then adjust as needed.
	Fluid supply valves open and pressure set Component A and B fluid supply pressures should be equal unless one component is more viscous and requires a higher pressure setting.
	Solenoid pressure set 75-100 psi inlet air supply (0.5-0.7 MPa, 5.2-7 bar)

Power On

1. **IS Systems (Alternator Power Supply):** Set pump air regulators to minimum setting. Open main air valve to start air-powered alternator. Main air pressure is displayed on gauge.

Non-IS Systems (Wall Power Supplied): Turn the AC Power Switch ON (I = ON, 0 = OFF).

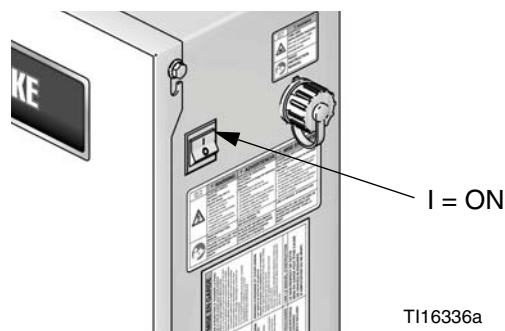


FIG. 16. Power Switch

2. Graco logo will display after five seconds, followed by Run Mix Spray (Screen 2).



FIG. 17. Run Mix Spray (Screen 2)

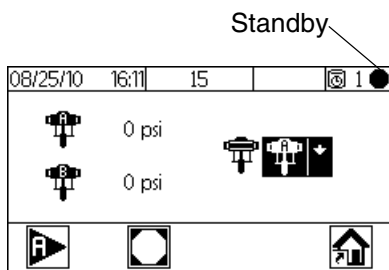
Initial System Setup

1. Change optional setup selections to desired parameters, as described in **Configure 1-4 (Screens 18-21)**, page 32.
2. Set recipe and flush information as described in **Recipe 1-1 and 1-2 (Screens 28 and 29)**, page 33.
3. Set maintenance timers for pumps, valves, fluid filters and air filters, as described in **Maintenance 1-3 (Screens 24-26)**, page 33.

Prime the System



1. Adjust the main air pressure. Most applications require about 80 psi (552 kPa, 5.5 bar) air pressure to operate properly. Do not use less than 75 psi (517 kPa, 5.2 bar).
2. From Run Home (Screen 1), press . Make sure that the system is in Standby mode.



3. Press to show the drop-down menu.
4. Press to highlight Pump A, then press .
5. Put Pump A into supply pail.
6. Adjust component A supply pressure as needed for your application. Use lowest pressure possible.

NOTE: Do not exceed the maximum rated working pressure shown on the system identification label or the lowest rated component in the system.

7. Open the fluid supply valve to the pump.
8. If using an electrostatic gun, shut off the electrostatics before flushing the gun.
9. If using a gun flush box, place the gun in the box and close the lid. Press . The pump will run 12 cycles.

If the gun flush box is not used, trigger the gun into a grounded metal pail until the system returns to Standby.

10. Press to stop the pump before 12 cycles are completed. If the pump is not fully primed after 12 cycles, press again.
11. Repeat for Pump B.

Spraying




1. Calibrate the pumps as described in **Pump Calibration**, page 41. Pump factors will update automatically based on calibration results. Make additional manual changes, if desired, as described in **Calibration 1 and 2 (Screens 22 and 23)**, page 34. Adjust the flow rate.
2. Press  to spray the loaded recipe.
3. Adjust the flow rate. The fluid flow rate shown on the Display Module screen is for either component A or B, depending on which dose valve is open.



FIG. 18. Flow Rate Display

Watch the fluid flow rate displayed on the screen while the gun is fully open. Verify that the flow rate of components A and B are within 10% of each other.

If the fluid flow rate is too low: increase air pressure to component A and B fluid supplies or increase the regulated fluid pressure of mixed material.

If the fluid flow rate is too high: reduce the air pressure to component A and B fluid supplies, close the dose valves further, or decrease the regulated fluid pressure of mixed material.

4. Turn on atomizing air to the gun. Check the spray pattern as instructed in your spray gun manual.

NOTE:

- Pressure adjustments of each component will vary with fluid viscosity. Start with the same fluid pressure for component A and B, then adjust as needed.
- Do not use the first 4-5 oz. (120-150 cc) of material as it may not be thoroughly mixed due to errors while priming the system.

NOTICE

Do not allow a fluid supply tank to run empty. It is possible for air flow in the supply line to turn gear meters in the same manner as fluid. This can damage the meters and lead to the proportioning of fluid and air that meets the ratio and tolerance settings of the equipment. This can further result in spraying uncatalyzed or poorly catalyzed material.

Pressure Relief Procedure

<p>To reduce the risk of skin injection, relieve pressure when you stop spraying, before changing spray tips, and before cleaning, checking, or servicing equipment.</p>					

NOTE: The following procedure relieves all fluid and air pressure in the ProMix 2KE system.

1. Press on Run Mix Spray (Screen 2) or from any screen to put the system in Standby.
2. Follow procedure for **Purging Fluid Supply System**, page 39.
3. Shut off air supply to A and B pumps and solvent supply pumps.
4. With the gun triggered, push the manual override on the A and B dose and purge valve solenoids to relieve pressure. See FIG. 44. Verify that fluid pressure is reduced to 0.
5. Reinstall the Control Box cover.

Lock Mode

If you change system type or number of guns, the system locks so that you cannot spray or mix. If you have changed to a meter system, the system also locks if you change the dosing type or the number of colors. The lock icons display.

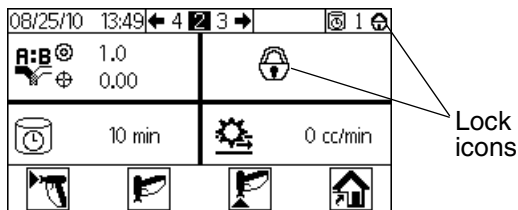


FIG. 19. System Lock Mode

Power down and power back up again to clear the lock and put the new settings into effect. The lock ensures that the selection was intended and prevents the user from attempting to operate with incorrect settings.

Valve Settings

Dose valves and purge valves are factory set with the hex nut 1-1/4 turns out from fully closed. This setting limits maximum fluid flow rate into integrator and minimizes valve response time. To open dose or purge valves (for high viscosity materials), turn hex nut (E) *counterclockwise*. To close dose or purge valves (for low viscosity materials), turn *clockwise*. See FIG. 20.

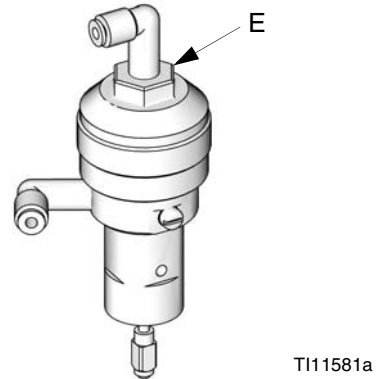



FIG. 20. Valve Adjustment

Shutdown

1. Follow **Purging**, on page 40.
2. Close main air shutoff valve on air supply line and on ProMix 2KE.
3. **Non-IS Systems:** Shut off ProMix 2KE power (0 position).

Run Mode Details

Run Mix Spray (Screen 2)

Run Mix Spray (Screen 2) displays at startup or if  is selected from Run Home (Screen 1). Use the Mix Spray screen to control most mixing operations.

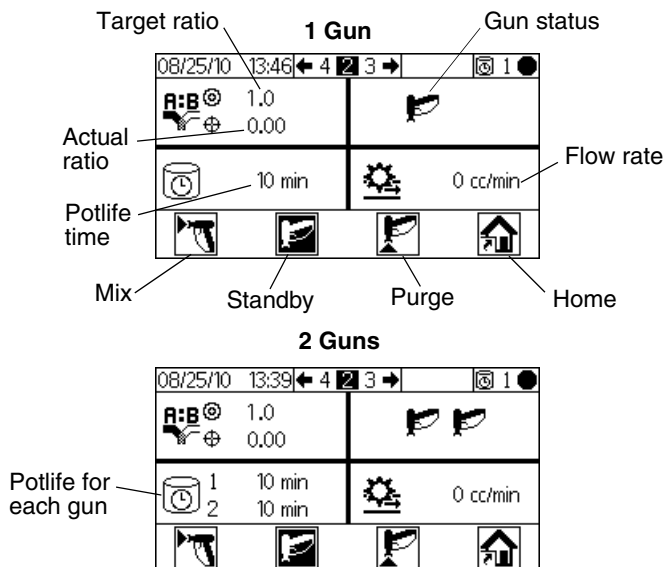





FIG. 21. Run Mix Spray (Screen 2)

- Press   to toggle between Run Mix Spray (Screen 2), Run Mix Batch (Screen 3), and Run Mix Totals (Screen 4).
- Press  to access Run Home (Screen 1).

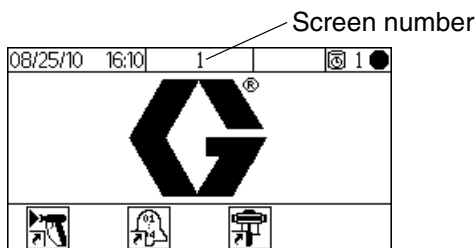








FIG. 22. Run Home (Screen 1)

- Press a soft key button to select one of the main Run Mode screen sections: Mix , Errors , or Pump Control .
- Press  to enter the Setup screens.

Run Mix Batch (Screen 3)

Run Mix Batch (Screen 3) displays if   is selected from the Run Mix Spray Screen. Use the Mix Batch screen to dispense set volumes.

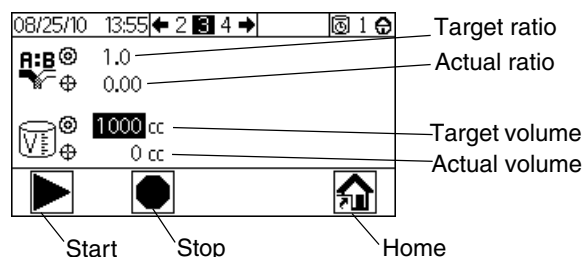










FIG. 23. Run Mix Batch (Screen 3)

- Press  to set the target dispense volume. Use   to change each digit, then   to move to the next digit. Press  when finished.
- Press   to toggle between Run Mix Spray (Screen 2), Run Mix Batch (Screen 3), and Run Mix Totals (Screen 4).

Run Totals (Screen 4)

Run Totals (Screen 4) displays if is selected from the Run Mix Batch Screen. Use this screen to view grand and batch totals for material A and material B, and to clear batch totals if desired.

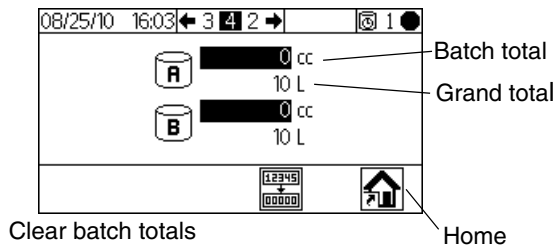


FIG. 24. Run Totals (Screen 4)

- Press to clear all batch totals. A verification screen appears. Use to highlight and press on the to clear the batch totals, or on the to return to Run Totals (Screen 4) without clearing.
- Press to toggle between Run Mix Spray (Screen 2), Run Mix Batch (Screen 3), and Run Mix Totals (Screen 4).

Run Log Errors (Screens 5-14)

Run Log Errors (Screens 5-14) display if is selected from Run Home (Screen 1). It displays the last 50 errors in the log. (Screen 5 displays errors 1-5; Screen 6 displays errors 6-10, etc.).

#	Date	Time	Icon	Error Code
1	8/25/10	16:02		EC
2	8/25/10	16:02		DJB1
3	8/25/10	14:00		DJA1
4	8/25/10	13:56		ES
5	8/25/10	13:55		P6B1

FIG. 25. Run Log Errors (Screen 5)

- Use to view the next page. See Error Icon Key, FIG. 11, page 19.

Run Pump Control (Screen 15)

Run Pump Control (Screen 15) displays if is selected from the Run Home Screen. Use this screen to manually start and stop a pump.

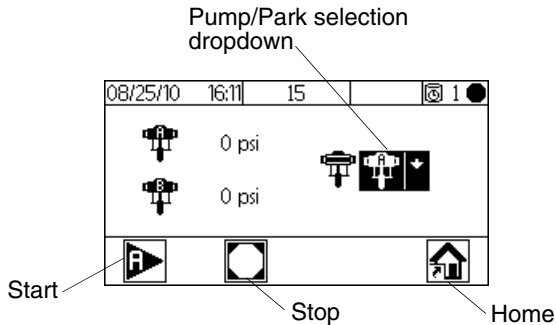




FIG. 26. Run Pump Control (Screen 15)

- Press to show the drop-down menu.
- Press to highlight, then press to select a pump or the Park option.
- If Pump A or Pump B is selected, use or to start. The selected pump will run for 12 cycles. To stop before the 12 cycles are completed, press .
- If Park is selected, use to move the pump to the bottom of the stroke to park it for a time.

Setup Mode Details

Press  on any screen to enter the Setup screens. If the system has a password lock, the Password Screen displays. If the system is not locked (password is set to 0000), Setup Home (Screen 17) displays.

Password (Screen 16)

From any Run screen, press  to access the password screen. The Password Screen displays if a password has been set. Set the password to 0000 to prevent the Password Screen from displaying. See Configure 3 (Screen 20), page 32, to set or change the password.

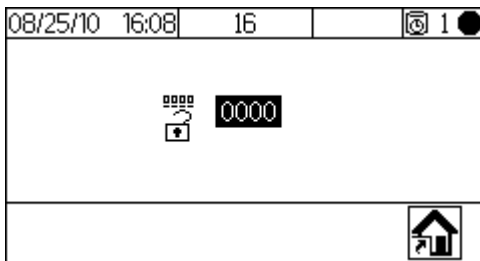














FIG. 27. Password (Screen 16)

- Press . Press   to move between digits. Press   to change a digit. Press  when field is correct. Setup Home (Screen 17) displays.
- Press  to toggle between Run Mode and Setup Mode.
- Select  to display Run Home (Screen 1). Entering an incorrect password also displays the Run Home Screen.


Password Retrieval

If you forget your password, use the following procedure to retrieve it.

1. From any Run screen, press  to access Password (Screen 16).
2. Enter a password of 0000 and press  to submit this password attempt.

3. The system will note the incorrect password and return to Run Home (Screen 1).
4. Press  to access Password (Screen 16) again.
5. Enter a password of 9876 and press  to submit this second password attempt.
6. The system will display Setup Home (Screen 17).
7. Navigate to Configure 3 (Screen 20) to view or change your password.

Setup Home (Screen 17)

Setup Home (Screen 17) displays if  is selected on any screen and the system is not locked, or when a correct password is entered on the Password Screen. The Setup Home screen displays the software versions of the boards in the Display Module, Advanced Fluid Control Module, and the USB Module (if applicable).

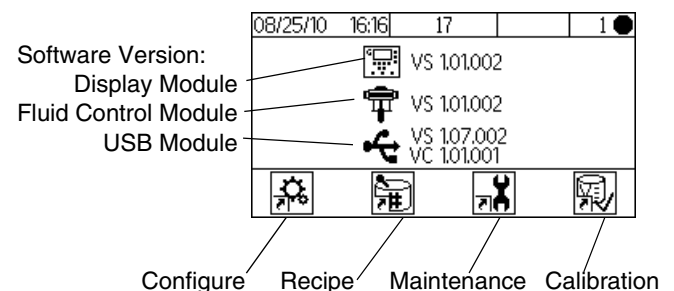








FIG. 28. Setup Home (Screen 17)

- Press a soft key button to select one of the four main Setup Mode screen sections:
Configure , Recipe , Maintenance , or Calibration .
- Press  to toggle between Run Mode and Setup Mode.

Configure 1-4 (Screens 18-21)

Configure 1 (Screen 18) displays if  is selected on Setup Home (Screen 17). This screen allows users to set up the system type (pump or meter) and number of guns (1 or 2). If 1 gun is selected, users can enable a gun flush box (✓=yes; X=no). For all pump systems, the type of dosing is dynamic, and the number of colors is 1. See **Dynamic Dosing**, page 36, for more information.

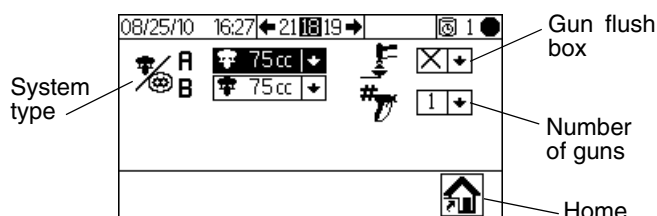















FIG. 29. Configure 1 (Screen 18)

- Press   to highlight the desired field. Press  to display the dropdown menu for that field. Press   to choose from the menu options and  to set. Press   to move to the next field.
- Press   to move through Configure 2 (Screen 19), Configure 3 (Screen 20), and Configure 4 (Screen 21).

NOTE: If you change system type (pump to meter) or number of guns, a verification screen appears. Use   to highlight and press  on the ✓ to make the change, or on the X to return to Configure 1 (Screen 18) without making a change. If a change is made, the system locks so that you cannot spray or mix. Power down and power back up again to clear the lock and put the new settings into effect. The lock ensures that the selection was intended, and prevents the user from attempting to operate with incorrect settings.

Configure 2 (Screen 19) allows users to set for each gun the hose length and hose diameter. The system uses this information to calculate pot life.

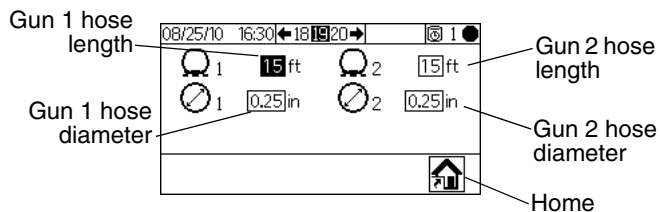
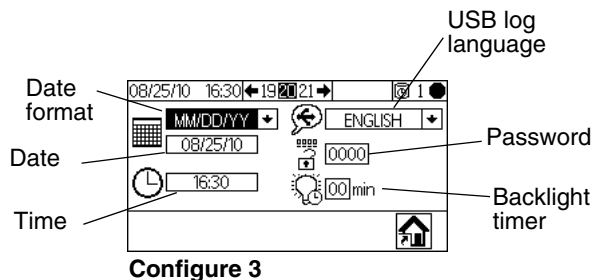
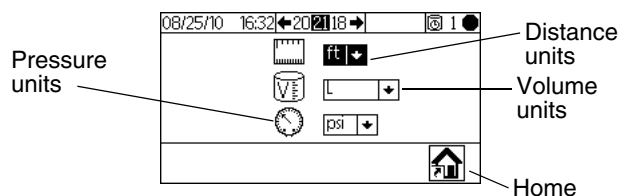


FIG. 30. Configure 2 (Screen 19)

Configure 3 (Screen 20) allows users to set preferred language (for optional USB Module), date format, date, time, password, and number of minutes of inactivity required before the backlight turns off. Configure 4 (Screen 21) allows users to set preferred units for distance, volume, and pressure.




Configure 3



Configure 4

FIG. 31. Configure 3 (Screen 20) and Configure 4 (Screen 21)

Recipe 1-1 and 1-2 (Screens 28 and 29)

Recipe 1-1 (Screen 28) displays if  is selected on Setup Home (Screen 9). The Recipe Screens allow the user to set up the basic recipe. Recipe 1-1 (Screen 28) includes the ratio of Material A to Material B, ratio tolerance, and potlife time. Recipe 1-2 (Screen 29) includes timers for first, second, and third flush and third flush material.

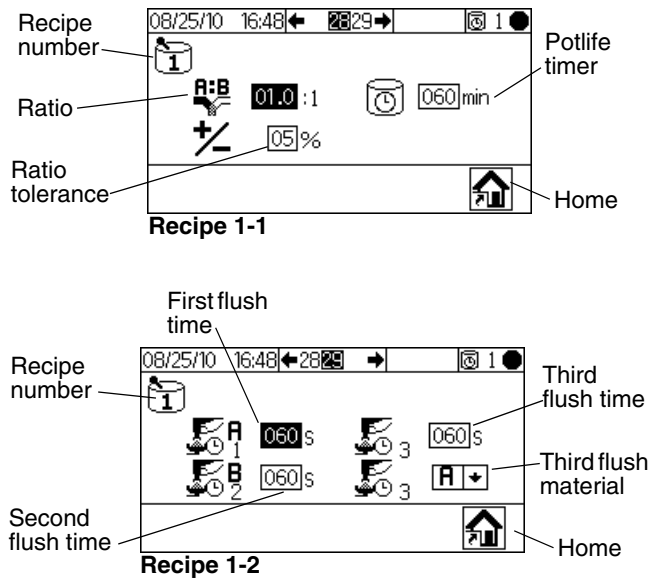














FIG. 32. Recipe 1-1 and 1-2 (Screens 28 and 29)

- Press   to highlight the desired field and press  to select. Press   to move between digits. Press   to change a digit. Press  when field is correct.
- Press   to toggle between the Recipe screens.
- Press  to return to Setup Home (Screen 17).

Maintenance 1-3 (Screens 24-26)

Maintenance 1 (Screen 24) displays if  is selected on Setup Home (Screen 17). The Maintenance Screens display actual and target maintenance timers for pumps (Maintenance 1, Screen 24), valves (Maintenance 2, Screen 25), and fluid filters and air filters (Maintenance 3, Screen 26).

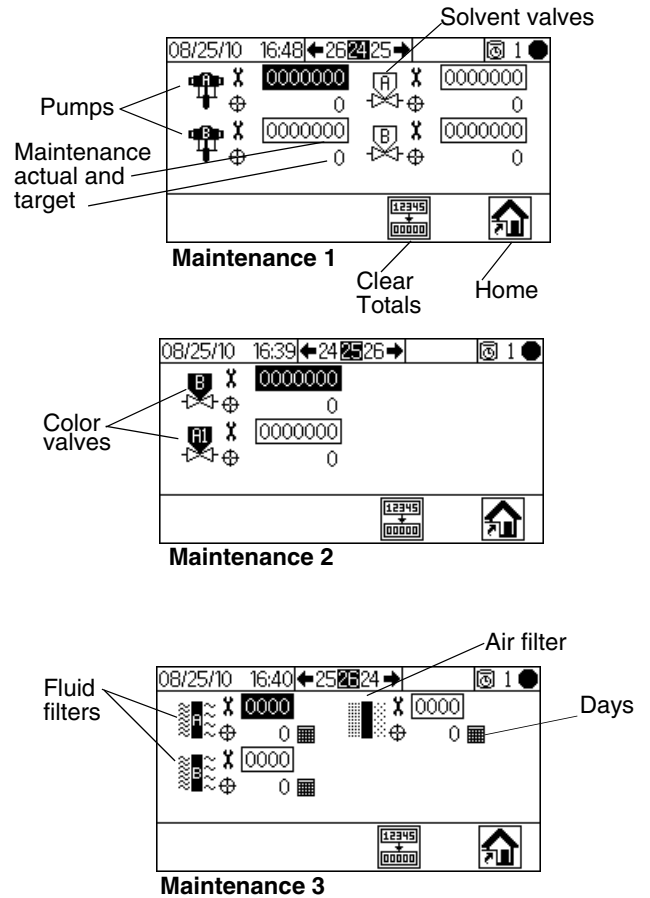












FIG. 33. Setup Maintenance 1-3 (Screens 24-26)

- Press   to move through the three maintenance screens.
- Press  to clear the maintenance total that is highlighted. A verification screen appears. Use   to highlight and press  on the  to clear the batch totals. No other button press will clear the totals. Press  on the  to return to the active Maintenance Screen without clearing.

Calibration 1 and 2 (Screens 22 and 23)

NOTE: See **Pump Calibration**, page 41, for detailed instructions.

Calibration 1 (Screen 22) displays if  is selected on Setup Home (Screen 17). This screen displays the pump factor for Pump A and Pump B. The factor is the pump displacement per inch. The system defaults to the correct factor(s) for the pump sizes chosen on Configure 1 (Screen 18, page 32). Factor values update automatically as needed based on calibration results from Calibration 2 (Screen 23).

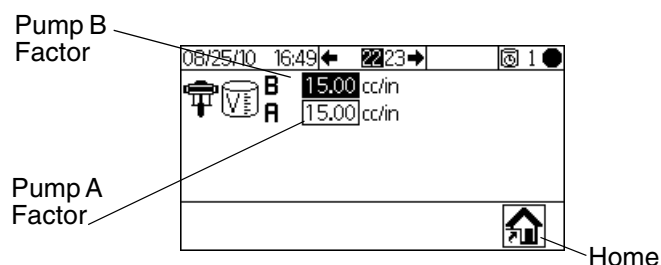




FIG. 34. Calibration 1 (Screen 22)

Press   to display Calibration 2 (Screen 23). This screen allows the user to perform a calibration. It displays Pump A and Pump B factors, the target dispense volume, the actual dispense volume, and the material to dispense.

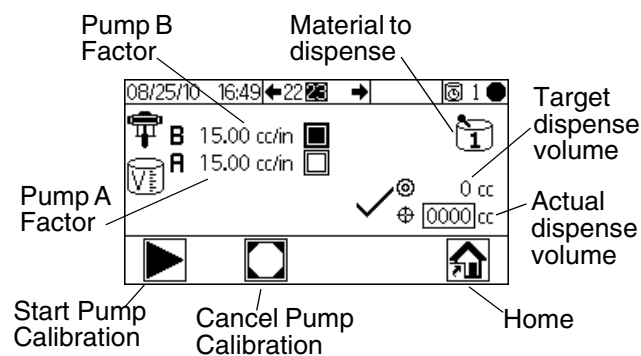


















FIG. 35. Calibration 2 (Screen 23)



- Press   to highlight the pump you wish to calibrate. Press . An X displays in the box.
- Press  to start the calibration on the highlighted pump (A or B). Press  to cancel the calibration.

NOTE: If you press  but calibration does not begin, check to be sure that you have selected Pump A or Pump B.

- Press   to highlight the dispense volume field. Press . Press   to move between digits. Press   to change a digit. Press  when field is correct.
- Use   to toggle between Calibration 1 (Screen 22) and Calibration 2 (Screen 23).

Troubleshooting (Screens 35-37)

Screens for testing system controls can be accessed by setting the password to 9909. See **Configure 1 (Screen 18)**, page 32, to set or change the password.

After setting the password to 9909, press  to exit Setup. Press  to reenter Setup. Setup Home (Screen 17) displays, with troubleshooting screen options.

Troubleshooting screen options appear here.

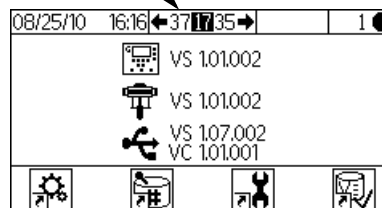


FIG. 36. Setup Home with Troubleshooting

Troubleshooting System Inputs (Screen 35)

From Setup Home (Screen 17) with Troubleshooting active, press **←** to display Troubleshooting System Inputs (Screen 35). An X displays in the box to indicate if Pump B is up or down, if Pump A is up or down, if Air Flow Switch 1 or 2 is on, and if the gun is in the Gun Flush Box. This screen also displays the pressure of Pump A and Pump B, as well as Meter A and Meter B pulses.

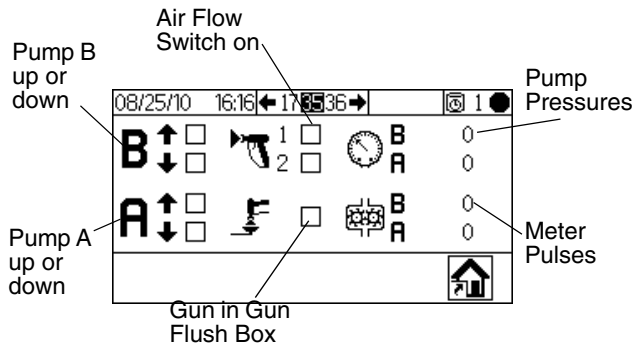


FIG. 37. Troubleshooting System Inputs (Screen 35)

- Press **→**, then **→** again to move to Troubleshooting System Outputs (Screen 37). Press **←** to move to the Membrane Test (Screen 36).

Membrane Test (Screen 36)

From Setup Home (Screen 17) with Troubleshooting active, press **→**, then **→** again. Membrane Test (Screen 36) displays. You could also press **←**, then **←** again. This screen allows an authorized user to test the buttons on the Display Module membrane. When in this screen, all buttons lose their predefined functions, and the soft keys are not defined. When a properly working button is pressed, an X appears in the box.

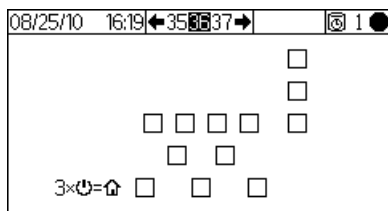


FIG. 38. Membrane Test (Screen 36)

- Press **⏻** three times to return to Setup Home (Screen 17). Direct access to any other screen is not possible.

Troubleshooting System Outputs (Screen 37)

From Setup Home (Screen 17) with Troubleshooting active, press **→** to display Troubleshooting System Outputs (Screen 37). An X displays in the box to show an electrical state of On for the color valves (B, and A1, A2, and A3), solvent valves (B and A), the gun flush box, and the alarm. Press **▶** to start Forced Mode. A second set of check boxes displays. Manually actuate the valves, alarm, or gun trigger and observe whether a corresponding X appears in the second check box. Press **⏻** to exit Forced Mode. Moving to any other screen also will exit Forced Mode.

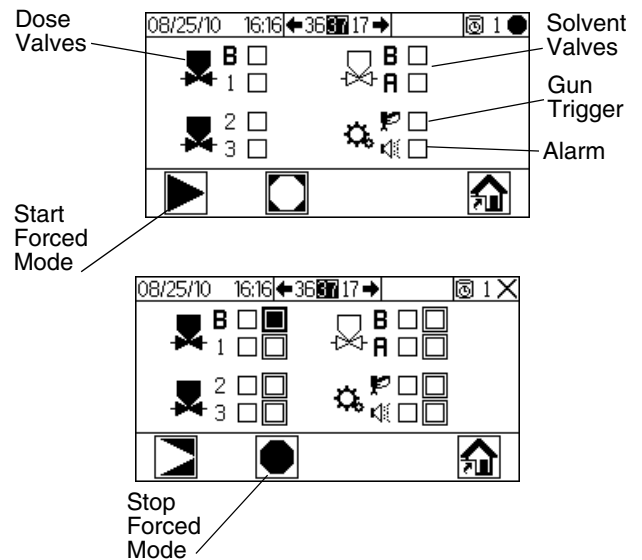


FIG. 39. Troubleshooting Screen Outputs (Screen 37)

Dynamic Dosing

In typical operation (ratios 1:1 and above), component A dispenses constantly. Component B dispenses intermittently in the necessary volume to attain the mix ratio.

General Operating Cycle, Dynamic Dosing

Overview

Dynamic Dosing provides on-demand proportioning, eliminating the need for an integrator and therefore minimizing undesired material contact. This feature is especially useful with shear-sensitive and waterborne materials.

A restrictor injects component B into a continuous stream of component A. The software controls the duration and frequency of each injection. See FIG. 40 for a schematic diagram of the process.

Dynamic Dosing System Parameters

The following parameters affect dynamic dosing performance:

- **Component A Flow:** Ensure that the supply pump is sized to provide sufficient and uninterrupted flow. Note that component A provides majority of system flow at higher mix ratios.
- **Component B Flow:** Ensure that the supply pump is sized to provide sufficient and uninterrupted flow.
- **Component A Pressure:** Ensure precise pressure regulation. It is recommended that the component A pressure be 5-15% **lower** than the component B pressure.
- **Component B Pressure:** Ensure precise pressure regulation. It is recommended that the component B pressure be 5-15% **higher** than the component A pressure.

NOTE: When using dynamic dosing it is very important to maintain a constant, well-regulated fluid supply. To obtain proper pressure control and minimize pump pulsation, install a fluid regulator on the A and B supply lines upstream of the meters.

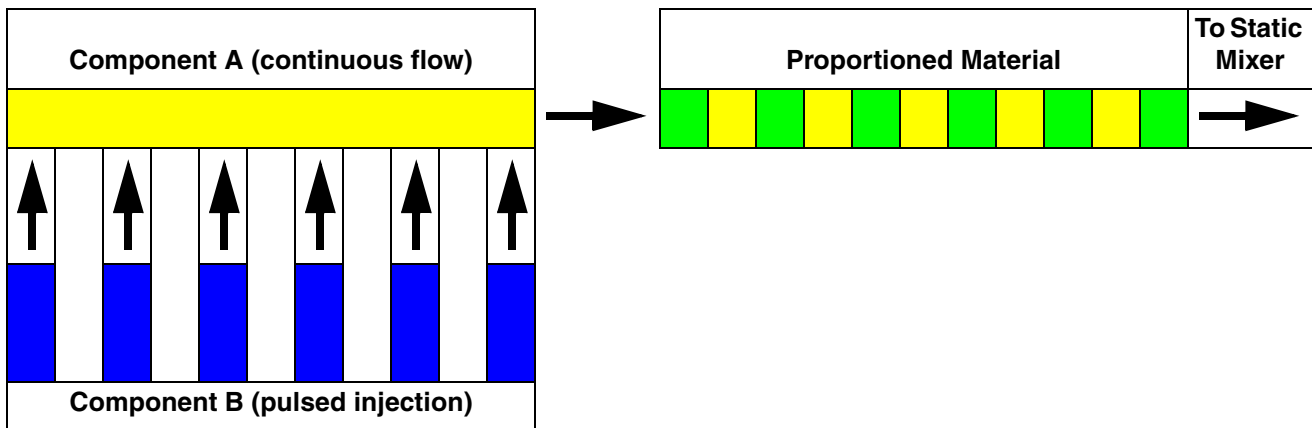


FIG. 40. Schematic Diagram of Dynamic Dosing Operation

Balancing A/B Pressure

If component B pressure is too high, it will push the component A stream aside during B injection. The valve will not open long enough, causing a High Ratio alarm.

If component B pressure is too low, it will not be injected in sufficient volume. The valve will stay open too long, causing a Low Ratio alarm.

Selecting the correct component B restrictor size and balancing the A/B pressures will keep the system in the proper pressure range, resulting in a consistent mix ratio.

FIG. 42 shows the A to B pressure balance, read at the proportioner inlet. It is recommended that the component B pressure be 5-15% higher than the component A pressure to keep the system in the control range, hold the proper mix ratio, and obtain properly mixed material. If pressures are not balanced (“B Pressure Too High” or “B Pressure Too Low”), it may not be possible to hold the desired mix ratio. The system will generate an off ratio alarm and stop operation.

NOTE: In multi-flow rate systems, it is recommended that you set up the system to run properly at the highest flow rate, to ensure adequate fluid supply across the flow rate range.

In dynamic dosing, component A dose valve is constantly on. Component B dose valve will cycle on and off; one cycle every 0.5 – 1.0 seconds indicates proper balance.

Monitor system performance by watching the pressure readings for each pump on Run Pump Control (Screen 15).

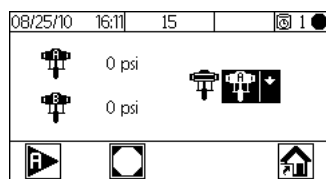


FIG. 41. Monitor Pump Pressures

Warning messages also provide information on system performance. Adjust pressures accordingly. See Table 3 on page 38.

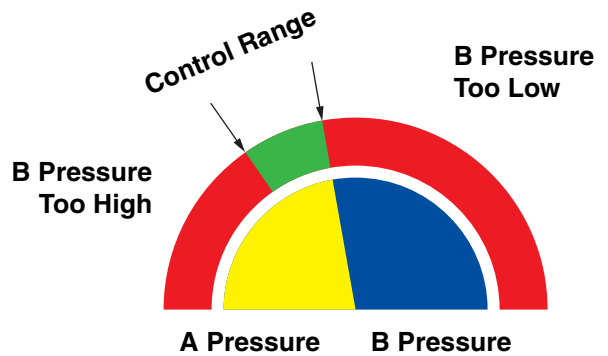
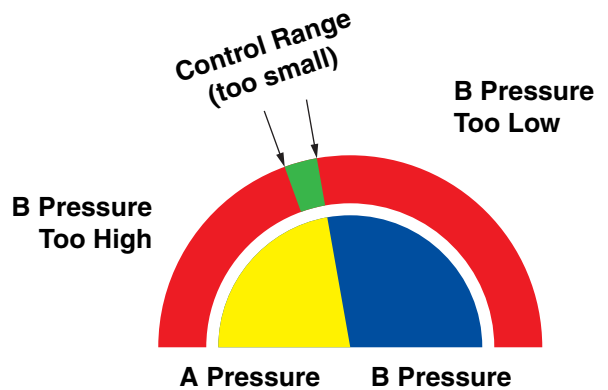


FIG. 42. A/B Control Range with Properly Sized Restrictor



NOTE: If the restrictor is too small, it may be necessary to supply more differential pressure than is available in your system.

FIG. 43. A/B Control Range with Too Large a Restrictor

Table 3: Dynamic Dosing Troubleshooting Guide
(for complete system troubleshooting, see Table 4 beginning on page 45)

Error Message	Solution
B Pressure Too Low	<ul style="list-style-type: none">• Increase B pressure.• Clean restrictor or use a larger size.• Verify B valve is opening properly.
B Pressure Too High	<ul style="list-style-type: none">• Increase A pressure or decrease B pressure.• Use a smaller restrictor.
Off Ratio Low	<ul style="list-style-type: none">• Increase A pressure or decrease B pressure.• Use a smaller restrictor.
Off Ratio High	<ul style="list-style-type: none">• Increase B pressure.• Clean restrictor or use a larger size.• Verify B valve is opening properly.

Purging



There are 2 purging procedures in this manual:




- **Purging Mixed Material**
- **Purging Fluid Supply System**

Use the criteria listed in each procedure to determine which procedure to use.

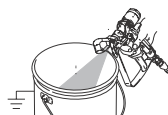
Purging Mixed Material

There are times when you only want to purge the fluid manifold, such as:

- end of potlife
- breaks in spraying that exceed the potlife
- overnight shutdown
- before servicing the fluid manifold assembly, hose or gun.

1. Press  on Run Mix Spray (Screen 2) or  from any screen.
2. Trigger the gun to relieve pressure.
3. If you are using a high pressure gun, engage the trigger lock. Remove spray tip and clean tip separately.
4. If using an electrostatic gun shut off the electrostatics before flushing the gun.
5. Set the solvent supply pressure regulator at a pressure high enough to completely purge the system in a reasonable amount of time but low enough to avoid splashing or an injection injury. Generally, a setting of 100 psi (0.7 MPa, 7 bar) is sufficient.
6. If using a gun flush box, place the gun into the box and close the lid. Press  on Run Mix Spray (Screen 2). The purge sequence automatically starts.

If the gun flush box is not used, trigger the gun into a grounded metal pail until the purge sequence is complete.



When done purging, the system automatically switches to Standby mode.



7. If the system is not completely clean, repeat step 6.

NOTE: If necessary, adjust purge sequence so only one cycle is required.
8. Trigger the gun to relieve pressure. Engage trigger lock.
9. If spray tip was removed, reinstall it.
10. Adjust the solvent supply regulator back to its normal operating pressure.

Purging Fluid Supply System

Follow this procedure before:

- the first time material is loaded into equipment
- servicing
- shutting down equipment for an extended period of time
- putting equipment into storage

1. Press  on Run Mix Spray (Screen 2) or  from any screen.
2. Trigger the gun to relieve pressure.
3. If you are using a high pressure gun, engage the trigger lock. Remove spray tip and clean tip separately.
4. If using an electrostatic gun, shut off the electrostatics before flushing the gun.
5. Disconnect the component A and B fluid supplies at the pump inlets, and connect solvent supply lines.

6. Adjust the solvent fluid supply pressure. Use the lowest possible pressure to avoid splashing.
7. Remove the Control Box cover to access the solenoid valves. See FIG. 44.
8. Purge as follows:
 - Purge component A side. Press the manual override on the Dose Valve A solenoid valve and trigger the gun into a grounded metal pail.
 - Repeat to thoroughly clean the mix manifold.
 - Purge component B side. Press the manual override on the Dose Valve B solenoid valve and trigger the gun into a grounded metal pail until clean solvent flows from the gun.
 - Repeat to thoroughly clean the mix manifold.
9. Reinstall the Control Box cover.
10. Shut off the solvent fluid supply.
11. Disconnect the solvent supply lines and reconnect the component A and B fluid supplies.

NOTE: The system remains full of solvent.

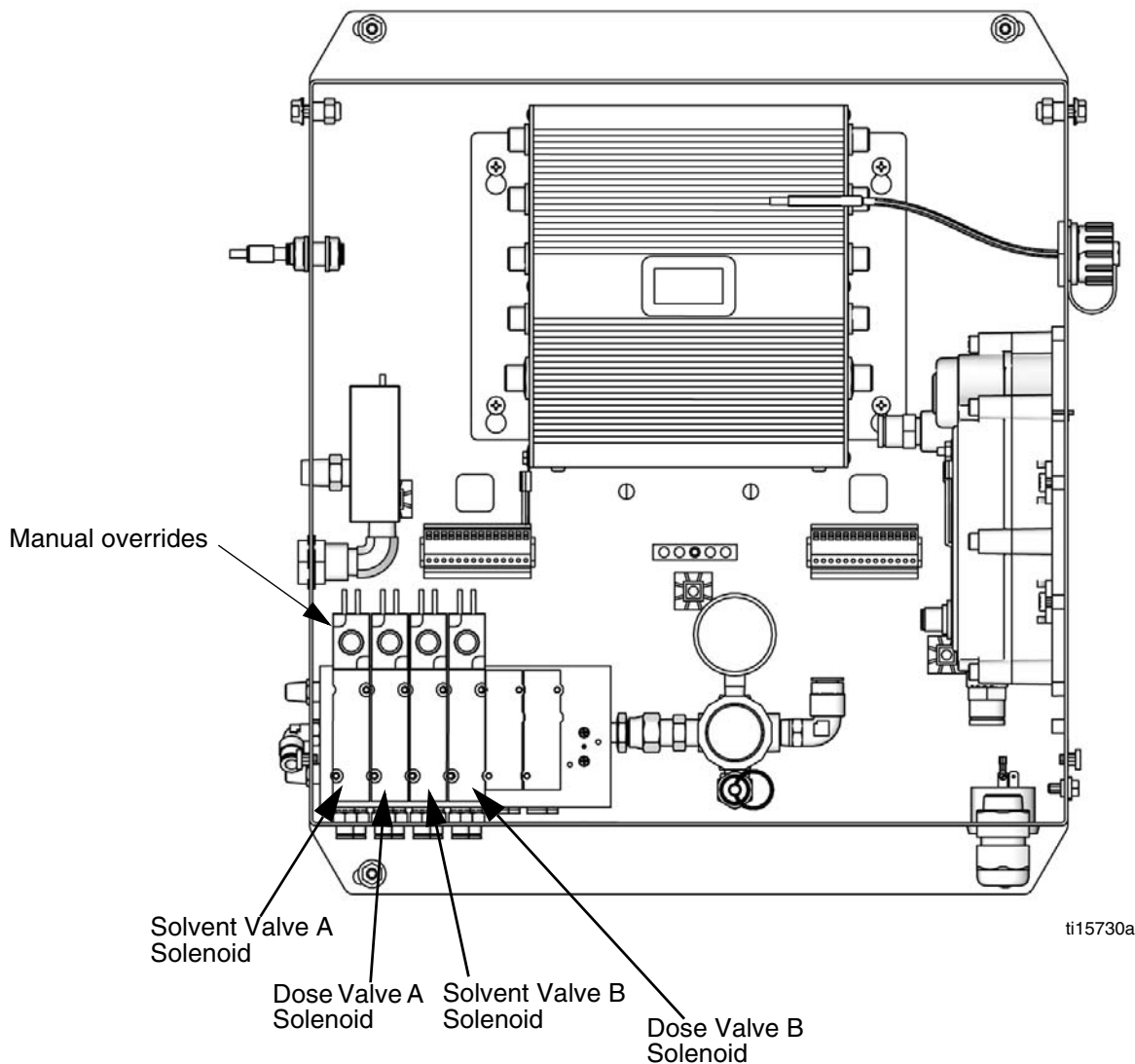


FIG. 44. Solenoid Valves in Control Box










Pump Calibration




Calibrate the pump:

- The first time the system is operated.
- Whenever new materials are used in the system, especially if the materials have viscosities that differ significantly.
- At least once per month as part of regular maintenance.
- Whenever a pump is serviced or replaced.

NOTE:

- Pump factors on Calibration 1 (Screen 22) are updated automatically after the calibration procedure is completed. You also may manually edit them if desired.
 - All values on this screen are in cc or cc/in., independent of the units set in Configure 4 (Screen 21).
1. Before calibrating pump A or B, prime the system with material. See **Prime the System**, page 26.
 2. On the Display Module, press  to access setup screens.
 3. Press  to display Calibrate 1 (Screen 22). K-factors are shown for Pump A and Pump B.
 4. Press   to move to Calibration 2 (Screen 23).
 5. Press   to highlight the pump you wish to calibrate. An X displays in the box. Press .
 6. Press  to start the calibration on the highlighted pump (A or B). Press  to cancel the calibration.
 7. Trigger gun into a graduated cylinder. Dispense about 200-300cc of material.

NOTE: Stop triggering the gun when desired amount is reached. **Do not** press , as it will cancel the calibration.

8. The volume that the ProMix measured displays on the Display Module.

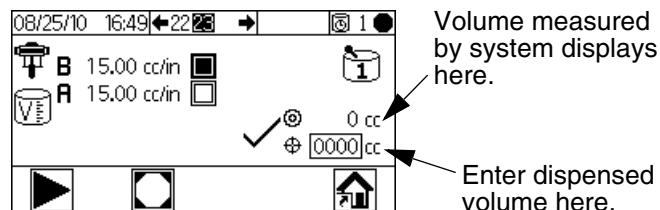



FIG. 45. Dispensed Volume Comparison

9. Compare the amount on the Display Module to the amount in the graduated cylinder.

NOTE: For maximum accuracy, use a gravimetric (mass) method to determine the actual volumes dispensed.
 10. If the screen and actual volumes are different, enter the actual dispensed volume in cc for the A or B field, and press .
- If the value was substantially different, repeat the calibration process.
11. After the volume for A or B is entered, the ProMix 2KE controller calculates the new pump factor and shows it on Calibration 1 (Screen 22) and Calibration 2 (Screen 23).
 12. Before you begin production, clear the system of solvent and prime it with material.
 - a. Go to Mix mode.
 - b. Trigger the gun into a grounded metal pail until mixed material flows from the gun nozzle.
 - c. To begin operation, see **Spraying**, page 27.

Use of Optional USB Module

USB Logs

Job Log 1

The job log records total volumes for each job that the system performs, up to 2000. It records the date, time, job number, total A volume, and total B volume. A log entry is made whenever a new job is initiated, which occurs when batch totals are cleared. The USB makes the job log information accessible to the user.

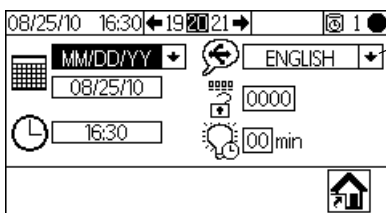
Error Log 2

The error log records all errors generated by the system, up to 500. It records the date, time, error number, error code, and error type for each error that occurs. Without the USB, the user can access the 50 most recent errors via the Display Module.

NOTE: For both the Job Log and the Error Log, when the log is full, new data automatically overwrites old data. When data in either log is downloaded via the USB, it remains in the module until it is overwritten.

Setup

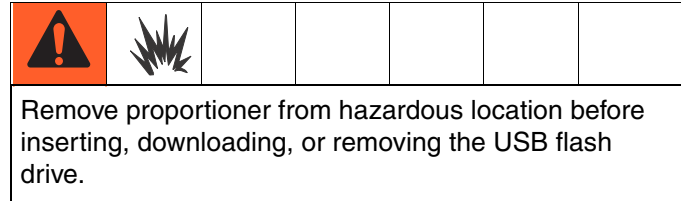
The only setup required is to select the language in which you want to view the information. Navigate to Configure 3 (Screen 20). Select your language from the language dropdown.





Language dropdown menu

Fig. 46. Select Language for USB Logs

Download Procedure



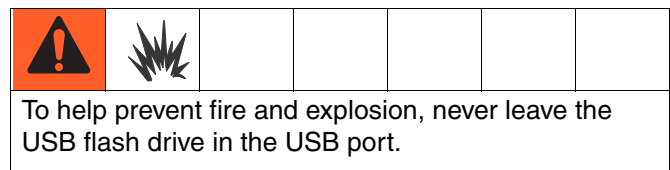
1. Press  on Run Mix Spray (Screen 2) or  from any screen to place the system in Standby.

NOTE: The system will not operate with a USB flash drive in the port. If you insert the flash drive while spraying, the system will stop and an alarm error will occur.

2. Insert USB flash drive into USB port (DR). Use only Graco-recommended USB flash drives; see **Recommended USB Flash Drives**, page 43.
3. Data download begins automatically. An LED on the flash drive blinks until the download is complete.

NOTE: If you use a flash drive that does not have an LED, open the Control Box. An LED near the USB module flashes until the download is complete.

4. Remove flash drive from USB port.



5. Insert USB flash drive into USB port of computer.
6. The USB flash drive window automatically opens. If it does not, open USB flash drive from within Windows[®] Explorer.
7. Open Graco folder.
8. Open sprayer folder. If downloading data from more than one sprayer, there will be more than one sprayer folder. Each sprayer folder is labeled with the corresponding USB serial number.
9. Open DOWNLOAD folder.
10. Open folder labeled with the highest number. The highest number indicates the most recent data download.
11. Open log file. Log files open in Microsoft[®] Excel[®] by default. However, they can also be opened in any text editor or Microsoft[®] Word.

NOTE:

All USB logs are saved in Unicode (UTF-16) format. If opening the log file in Microsoft Word, select Unicode encoding.

Recommended USB Flash Drives

It is recommended that users use the 4GB USB flash drive (16A004) included with the kit for data download. The following USB flash drive also can be used, however, but are not available through Graco.

- Crucial Gizmo![™] 4GB USB flash drive (model JDO4GB-730)
- Transcend JetFlash[®] V30 4GB USB flash drive (model TS4GJFV30)
- OCZ Diesel[™] 4GB USB flash drive (model OCZUSBDL4G)

System Errors

NOTE: Do not use the fluid in the line that was dispensed off ratio as it may not cure properly.

System Alarms

System alarms alert you of a problem and help prevent off-ratio spraying. If an alarm occurs, operation stops and the following occurs:

- Alarm sounds.
- Status bar on the Display Module shows the alarm code.

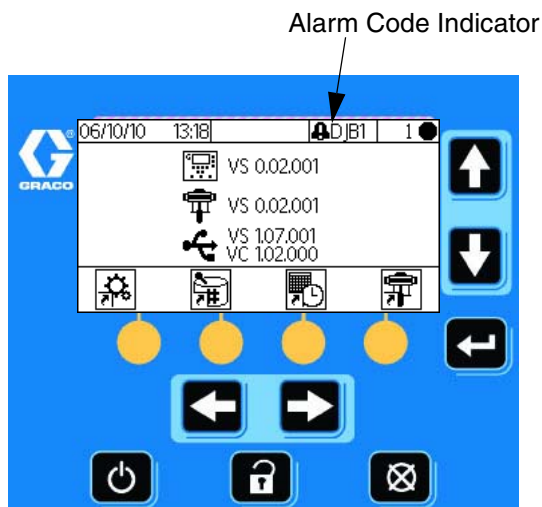


FIG. 47. Display Module Alarm Codes

System Advisory/Record Codes

TABLE 4 lists the advisory and record Codes. Advisories and records do not stop operation or sound an alarm. If an advisory occurs, the Status bar on the Display Module shows the advisory icon and code. System records do not display on the Status bar. Both advisories and records are saved in the date/time stamped log, which can be viewed on the display or saved to a flash drive using optional USB port.


#	Date	Time	Code	Icon
1	8/25/10	16:02	ADJB1	Record - no icon
2	8/25/10	16:02	ADJB1	Alarm icon
3	8/25/10	14:00	DJA1	Advisory icon
4	8/25/10	13:56	ADJB1	Record - no icon
5	8/25/10	13:55	P6B1	Record - no icon

FIG. 48. Error Log Icons

To Clear Error and Restart

NOTE: When an error occurs be sure to determine the error code before resetting it. If you forget which code occurred, use **Run Log Errors (Screens 5-14)**, page 30, to view the last 50 errors, with date and time stamps.

To reset alarms, see Table 4. Many errors can be

cleared by simply pressing .

Air Flow Switch (AFS) Function



Air or Air-assisted Guns

The air flow switch (AFS) detects air flow to the gun and signals the ProMix 2KE controller when the gun is triggered. The gun icon on the Display Module shows spray when the AFS is activated.

If a pump fails, pure resin or catalyst could spray indefinitely if the ProMix 2KE does not detect the condition and intervene, which is why the AFS is so important.

If the ProMix 2KE detects through the AFS signal that the gun is triggered, yet one or both of the pumps are not running, a Dose Time Alarm (QTA1 or QTA2) occurs after 40 seconds and the system goes into Standby.

System Idle Warning (IDLE)

This warning occurs if the ProMix is set to Mix  and 2 minutes have elapsed since the gun was triggered. The Gun Idle icon  displays.

In applications using the AFS, triggering the gun clears the warning and you can start spraying again.



Without the AFS, triggering the gun does not clear the alarm. To start spraying again, you must press , then , then trigger the gun.

Table 4: System Alarm/Advisory/Record Codes

Code	Description	Details
Alarm Codes - Alarm sounds, system stops, icon displays until problem is solved and alarm is cleared.		
CA	Communication Error	46
CAU1	USB Communication Error	46
EQU2	USB Connection Error	46
SG	Gun Flush Box Error	46
SAD1 SAD2	Atomizing Air During Purge - Gun 1 or Gun 2	46
SFA1 SFB1	PreMix Error - Color PreMix Error - Catalyst	47
SHA1 SHB1	PreFill Error - Color PreFill Error - Catalyst	47
SM	MixFill Start Error	47
SN	MixFill Complete Error	47
QPD1 QPD2	Potlife Error - Gun 1 Potlife Error - Gun 2	47
R1	Ratio Low Error	48
R4	Ratio High	49
QDA1 QDB1	Overdose A, B Dose too Short Overdose B, A Dose too Short	49
QTA1 QTB1	Dose Time A Error Dose Time B Error	50
QLAX QLBX	Leak Error A Leak Error B	50
DJA1 DJB1	Linear Sensor Error - Pump A Linear Sensor Error - Pump B	50
DKA1 DKB1	Reed Switch Error - Pump A Reed Switch Error - Pump B	50
P4A1 P4B1	Pressure High Error - Pump A Pressure High Error - Pump B	50
P6A1 P6B1	Pressure Transducer Error - Pump A Pressure Transducer Error - Pump B	50
DDA1 DDB1	Diving/Cavitation Error - Pump A Diving/Cavitation Error - Pump B	51
EFA1 EFB1	Park Error - Pump A Park Error - Pump B	51
DFA1 DFB1	Stall Up Error - Pump A Stall Up Error - Pump B	51
DGA1 DGB1	Stall Down Error - Pump A Stall Down Error - Pump B	51
DHA1 DHB1	No Stall Error - Pump A No Stall Error - Pump B	51

Table 4: System Alarm/Advisory/Record Codes

Code	Description	Details
Advisory Codes - No alarm, system continues operating, icon displays on active screen until cleared		
MAA1	Pump A maintenance due	N/A
MAB1	Pump B maintenance due	N/A
MEA1	Mix valve A maintenance due	N/A
MEB1	Mix valve B maintenance due	N/A
MESA	Solvent valve A maintenance due	N/A
MESB	Solvent valve B maintenance due	N/A
MGA1	Fluid Filter A maintenance due	N/A
MGB1	Fluid Filter B maintenance due	N/A
MGP1	Air Filter maintenance due	N/A
ES	System defaults loaded	N/A
Record Codes - No alarm, system continues operating, no icon displays on active screen.		
EL	System powered on	N/A
EC	System setup changed	N/A
EP	Pump park operation completed	N/A
ET	System performed an autodump after a potlife	N/A
EQU1	USB Drive connected while in Standby	N/A

Alarm Troubleshooting

Alarm and Description	Cause	Solution
CA Communication Error The Display Module is not communicating with the Advanced Fluid Control Module	The CAN cable between the Display Module and the Advanced Fluid Control Module is not connected.	Verify that the cable is correctly connected.
	The CAN cable is cut or bent.	Verify that the cable has not been cut or bent at a radius smaller than 1.6 in. (40 mm).
	The cable or connector failed.	Replace cable.
CAU1 USB Communication Error The system detected a USB Module at last power up, but does not detect it currently.	The module has been removed.	Put system in standby and install the USB Module.
	The cable is disconnected or broken.	Put system in standby and reconnect or replace the USB cable.
EQU2 USB Connection Error The USB drive has been inserted when the system is not in Standby.	Most USB drives do not conform to IS standards, so it is hazardous to use one while the system is running.	Put system in Standby before inserting the USB drive.
SG Gun Flush Box Error The system does not detect a gun in the gun flush box during purge, color change, or auto-dump.	The cover of the gun flush box is not closed.	Close the cover and clear the alarm.
	For systems with a gun flush box, the gun is not in the box when purge is active. <div style="border: 1px solid black; padding: 5px; margin-top: 10px;"> <p style="text-align: center; background-color: #0056b3; color: white; margin: 0;">NOTICE</p> <p>To prevent mixed material from curing in the equipment, do not shut off power. Follow one of the solutions at right.</p> </div>	Purge the system with solvent or fresh mixed material: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Solvent Purge - See Purging Mixed Material on page 39. The system purges until the preset purge time is complete. • New Mixed Material Purge - Go to Mix mode and spray the required volume to restart the timer.
SAD1 or SAD2 Atomizing Air During Purge Atomizing air to Gun 1 (SAD1) or Gun 2 (SAD2) is detected when purge is selected or during purge sequence.	Atomizing air is stuck on.	Replace air flow switch.
	Gun is not in Gun Flush Box.	Insert the gun into the Gun Flush Box.
	Gun Flush Box air shutoff is not working.	Test using Troubleshooting Screens. See page 34. Repair/replace air shutoff valve as needed.
	Air leak in atomizing air line.	Inspect air line for kinks, damage, or loose connections. Repair or replace as needed

Alarm and Description	Cause	Solution
<p>SFA1 or SFB1 PreMix Error In systems with a gun flush box, insufficient quantity of resin/color (SFA1) or catalyst (SFB1) is detected during the 10-second PreMix sequence.</p> <p>SHA1 or SHB1 PreFill Error Total PreFill sequence volume is not reached for color (SHA1) or catalyst (SHB1) during the 5-minute PreFill sequence.</p>	Gun, line, or valve is plugged or stuck.	Check components and clean, repair, or replace as necessary
	Pump(s) not working or out of fluid.	Refill fluid supply. Check and repair pump. See pump manual for repair procedures and replacement parts.
	Air lines or solenoids are plumbed incorrectly or solenoids are not working.	Check air line path. See System Pneumatic Schematic, page 52 or 53. Verify that solenoid is working.
	Flow rate is too low.	Increase fluid pressure.
<p>SM MixFill Start Error In systems with a gun flush box, insufficient volume of mixed material is detected during the 10-second mixed fill sequence.</p> <p>SN MixFill Complete Error Insufficient volume of mixed material is detected during the 5-minute mixed fill sequence.</p>	Gun Flush Box is not triggering gun.	Verify trigger is being pulled. Adjust as needed.
	Line or gun is plugged or restricted.	Clean line, tip, or filter.
	Flow rate is too low.	Increase fluid pressure or decrease restriction.
	Valve is stuck.	Clean valve or verify that solenoid is triggering valve properly.
<p>QPD1 or QPD2 Potlife Error Potlife has been exceeded for the mixed material for Gun 1 (QPD1) or Gun 2 (QPD2).</p>	Have not sprayed enough volume to keep fresh mixed fluid in the mix manifold, hose, and gun.	<p>Purge the mixed material line. See page 39</p> <p>Spray the required volume to restart the potlife timer.</p>

Alarm and Description	Cause	Solution
<p>R1 Ratio Low Error The mix ratio is lower than the set tolerance for an A to B component volume comparison.</p>	There is too much restriction in the system.	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Check that the system is fully loaded with material. • Check that the supply pump's cycle rate is set properly. • Check that the spray tip/nozzle is properly sized for the flow and application, and that it is not clogged. • Check that the fluid regulator is set properly.
	If the alarm occurs during start up, after purging, the flow rate was probably too high.	Restrict gun needle travel to slow down the initial fluid delivery rate until fluid hoses are loaded with material.
	If the alarm occurred after you were spraying for some time, the pressures from the fluid supplies could be unbalanced.	Adjust component A and B fluid supply regulator pressures until they are about equal. <i>If the pressures are already about equal</i> , verify that component A and B dose valves are operating properly.
	Slow actuation of the component A or B valves. This can be caused by:	Manually operate the Dispense A and B solenoid valves as instructed in the Pro-Mix 2KE Repair-Parts manual to check operation.
	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Air pressure to the valve actuators is too low. 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Increase air pressure. Air pressure must be 75-120 psi (0.52-0.84 MPa, 5.2-8.4 bar); 120 psi is recommended.
	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Something is restricting the solenoid or tubing and interrupting valve actuation air. 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • There may be dirt or moisture in the air supply. Filter appropriately. Verify that solenoids are operational.
	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Dose Valve B is turned in too far. Dose Valve A is open too far. 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Refer to Valve Settings, page 28, for adjustment guidelines.
	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Fluid pressure is high and air pressure is low. 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Adjust air and fluid pressure. See recommended air pressure above.

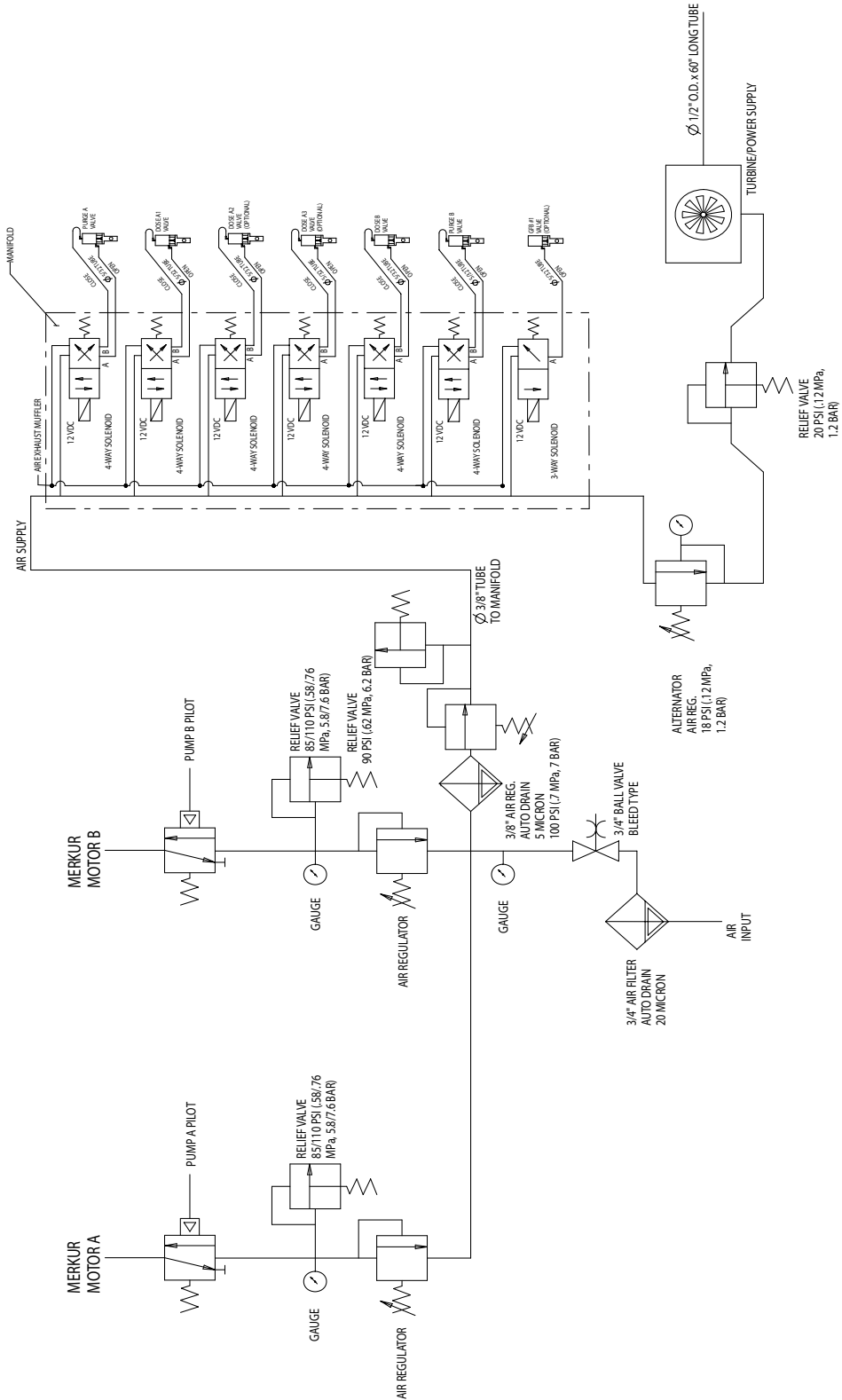
Alarm and Description	Cause	Solution
<p>R4 Ratio High The mix ratio is higher than the set tolerance for an A to B component volume comparison.</p>	There is too little restriction in the system.	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Check that the system is fully loaded with material. • Check that the supply pump's cycle rate is set properly. • Check that the spray tip/nozzle is properly sized for the flow and application, and that it is not worn. • Check that the fluid regulator is set properly.
	If the alarm occurs during start up, after purging, the flow rate was probably too high.	Restrict gun needle travel to slow down the initial fluid delivery rate until fluid hoses are loaded with material.
	If the alarm occurred after you were spraying for some time, the pressures from the fluid supplies could be unbalanced.	Adjust component A and B fluid supply regulator pressures until they are about equal. <i>If the pressures are already about equal, verify that component A and B dose valves are operating properly.</i>
	Slow actuation of the component A or B valves. This can be caused by:	Manually operate the Dispense A and B solenoid valves to check operation.
	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Air pressure to the valve actuators is too low. 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Increase air pressure. Air pressure must be 75-120 psi (0.52-0.84 MPa, 5.2-8.4 bar); 120 psi is recommended.
	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Something is restricting the solenoid or tubing and interrupting valve actuation air. 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • There may be dirt or moisture in the air supply. Filter appropriately.
	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Dose Valve B is turned in too far. Dose Valve A is open too far. • Fluid pressure is high and air pressure is low. 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Refer to Valve Settings, page 28, for adjustment guidelines. • Adjust air and fluid pressure. See recommended air pressure above.
<p>QDA1 Overdose A The A dose has overshot and, when combined with B, is too large for the mix manifold capacity.</p> <p>QDB1 Overdose B The B dose has overshot, forcing an A dose that, when combined with B, is too large for the mix manifold capacity.</p>	Valve seal or needle/seat are leaking.	Repair the valve.
	Slow actuation of component A or B valves.	See Ratio Low Error and Ratio High Error , pages 48-49.
	Running a high mix ratio and a high flow rate.	It may be necessary to restrict the flow rate through the component B dose valve by adjusting its hex nut.

Alarm and Description	Cause	Solution
QTA1 or QTB1 Dose Time Error The gun trigger is active, but no A pulses (QTA1) or no B pulses (QTB1) are detected during the dose time selected.	System is in Mix mode and gun is only partially triggered, allowing air but no fluid to pass through gun.	Fully trigger the gun.
	Fluid flow rate is too low.	Increase flow rate.
	Dose time setting is too short for the current flow rate.	Increase the dose time setting.
	Slow actuation of component A or B valves.	See Ratio Low Error and Ratio High Error , pages 48-49.
	A or B pump has no air pressure.	Verify that main air supply is turned on and valves are open.
	There is an air leak downstream from the air flow switch.	Check the air lines for leaks and repair.
	The air flow switch is stuck open.	Clean or replace air flow switch.
QLAX or QLBX Leak Error Pump A (QLAX) or Pump B (QLBX) is running with all valves closed.	A or B dose valve leak	Replace valve needle and seat.
	A or B pump is not seating and continues to move/creep.	Replace pump packings, balls, and seats.
DJA1 or DJB1 Linear Sensor Error System does not detect the pump A (DJA1) or pump B (DJB1) linear position sensor, or has an invalid position reading.	Sensor not recognized by system.	Verify that sensor is plugged in. Verify that sensor and AFCM are operational. Verify cable connections. Replace any malfunctioning component.
	Magnet fell off.	Replace magnet and holder on top side of air motor piston.
	Sensor readings are out of range.	Verify that the sensor is threaded down completely.
DKA1 or DKB1 Reed Switch Error System does not detect the pump A (DKA1) or Pump B (DKB1) reed switch sensor, or detects an invalid state.	Reed switch installed backward.	Flip reed switch 180 degrees to align with magnet in air valve.
	Reed switches are stuck, or both reed switches are on at once	Verify cable is connected on both ends. Verify that reed switch, cable, and AFCM are operational. Replace any malfunctioning component.
	Magnet in air valve not functioning properly.	Verify that magnet is installed properly and is operational.
P4A1 or P4B1 Pressure High Error System detects a high pressure reading on pump A (P4A1) or pump B (P4B1).	Pump air pressure is set too high.	Reduce pressure on air supply to system or pumps.
	Thermal expansion occurring in lines.	Relieve pressure if system has been idle. Decrease environmental temperature.
	Pressure transducer malfunction.	Replace transducer. Verify that cable and AFCM are operational.
P6A1 or P6B1 Pressure Transducer Error System does not detect pressure transducer A (P6A1) or pressure transducer B (P6B1).	Pressure transducer malfunction.	Replace transducer. Verify that cable and AFCM are operational.

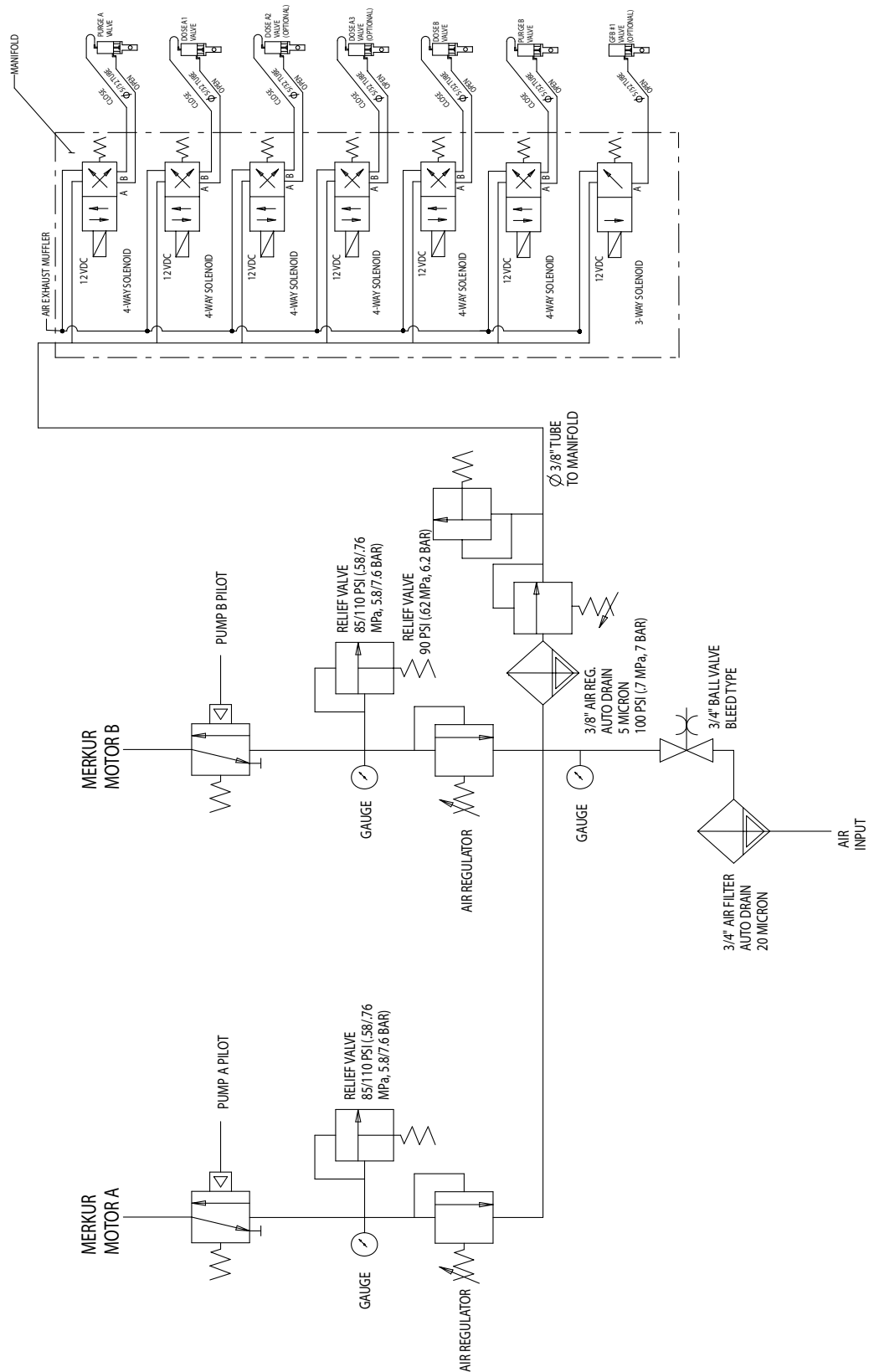
Alarm and Description	Cause	Solution
DDA1 or DDB1 Diving/Cavitation Error Pump A (DDA1) or Pump B (DDB1) is diving or cavitating.	Fluid supply is empty.	Refill fluid supply system.
	Displacement pump is not seating properly.	Rebuild displacement pump and replace packings, balls, and seats.
	Air in fluid supply system.	Tighten all fittings.
EFA1 or EFB1 Park Error Pump A (EFA1) or Pump B (EFB1) does not park (does not reach bottom change-over).	Gun not open.	Trigger gun and allow fluid to flow while pump is attempting to park.
	Fluid lines plugged.	Check and clear all fluid lines, gun tip, and the mix manifold.
	Dispense valve malfunction.	Clean or rebuild dispense valve. Verify that solenoid is operational. Clear air lines to valve.
DFA1 or DFB1 Stall Up Error Pump A (DFA1) or Pump B (DFB1) does not stall up during the pump calibration and stall test (keeps moving up when dosing valve is closed).	Displacement pump is not seating properly.	Rebuild displacement pump and replace packings, balls, and seats.
	Dispense valve not seating/sealing.	Replace needle/seat on dispense valve.
DGA1 or DGB1 Stall Down Error Pump A (DGA1) or Pump B (DGB1) does not stall down during the pump calibration and stall test (keeps moving down when dosing valve is closed).	Displacement pump is not seating properly.	Rebuild displacement pump and replace packings, balls, and seats.
	Dispense valve not seating/sealing.	Replace needle/seat on dispense valve.
DHA1 or DHB1 No Stall Error Pump A (DHA1) or Pump B (DHB1) does not stall in either direction during the pump calibration and stall test (keeps moving when dosing valve is closed).	Displacement pump is not seating properly.	Rebuild displacement pump and replace packings, balls, and seats.
	Dispense valve not seating/sealing.	Replace needle/seat on dispense valve.

Schematics

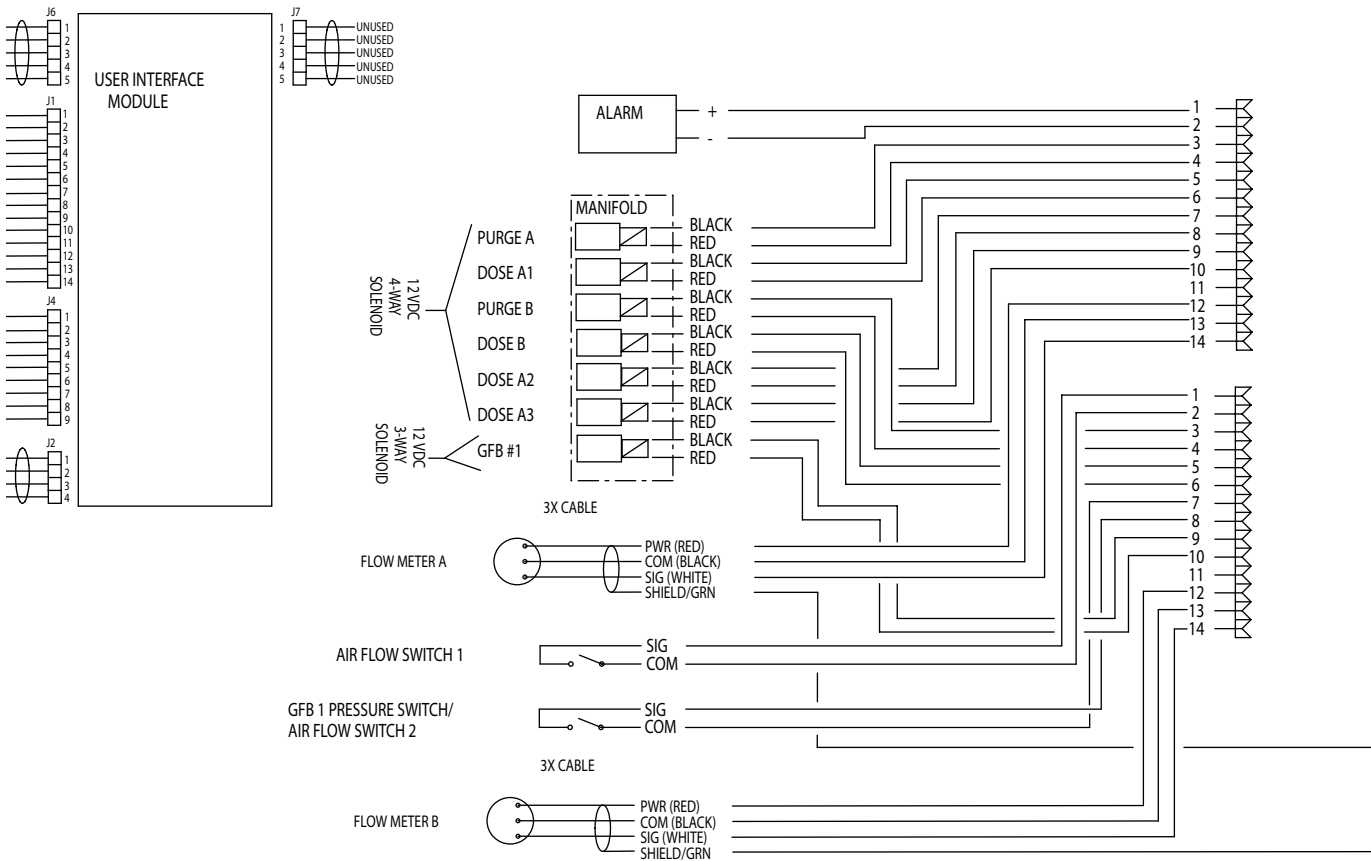
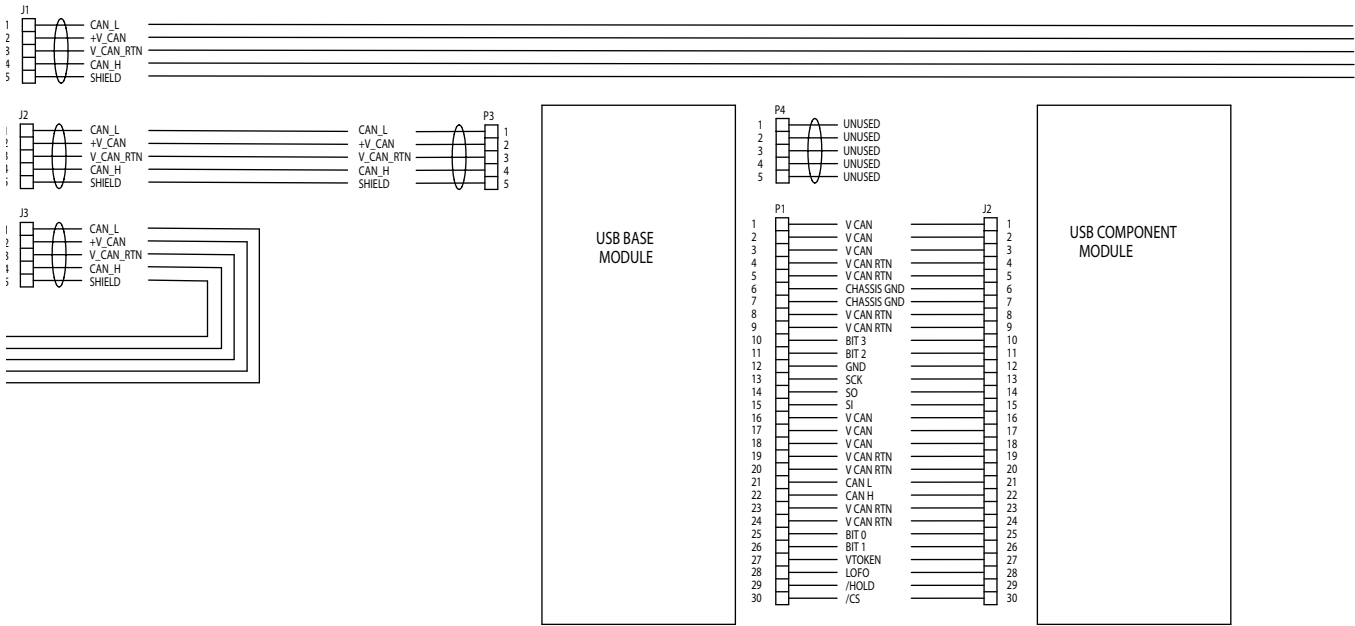
Hazardous Location System Pneumatic Schematic



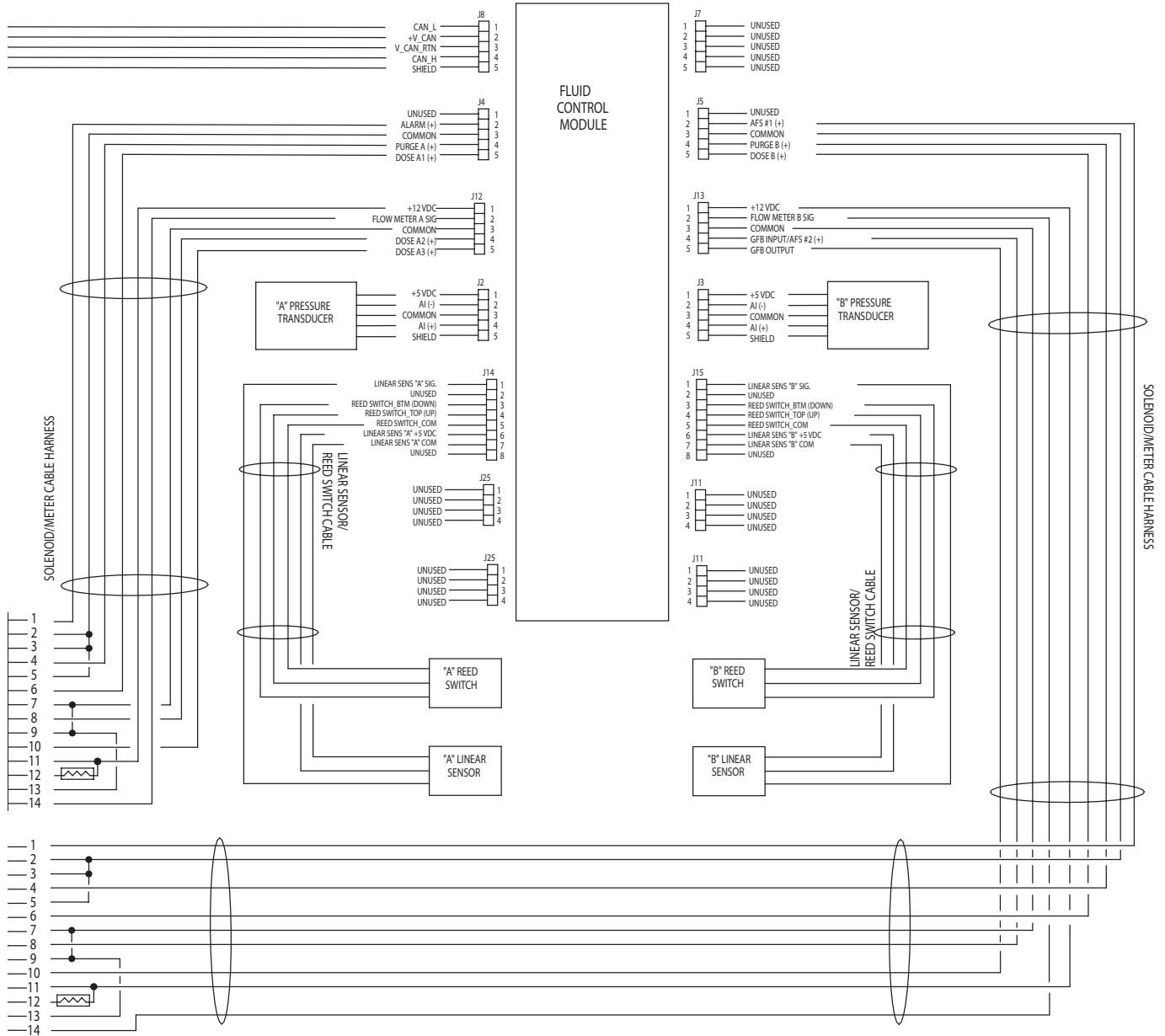
Non-Hazardous Location Pneumatic Schematic



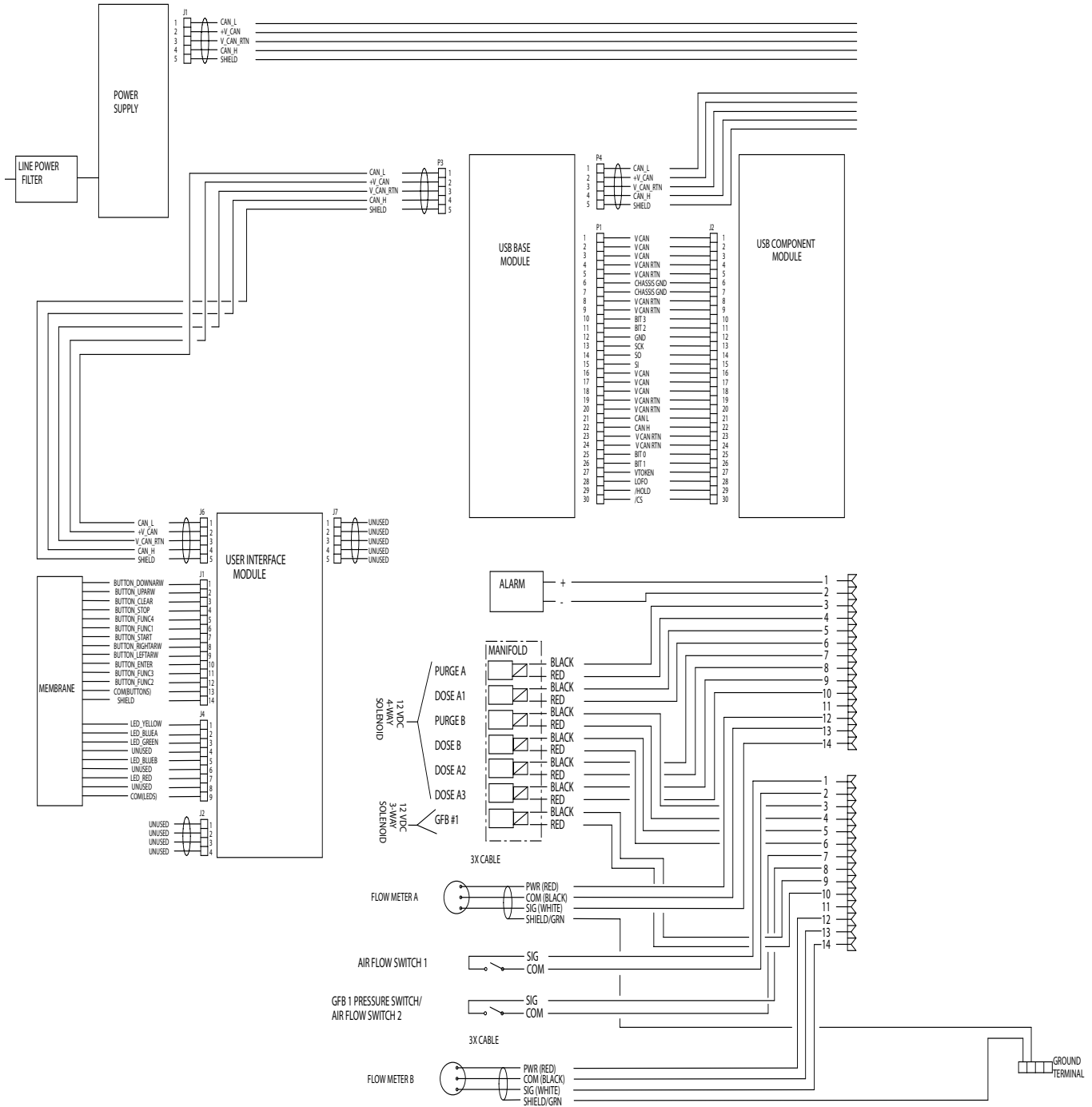
Hazardous Location Electrical Schematic



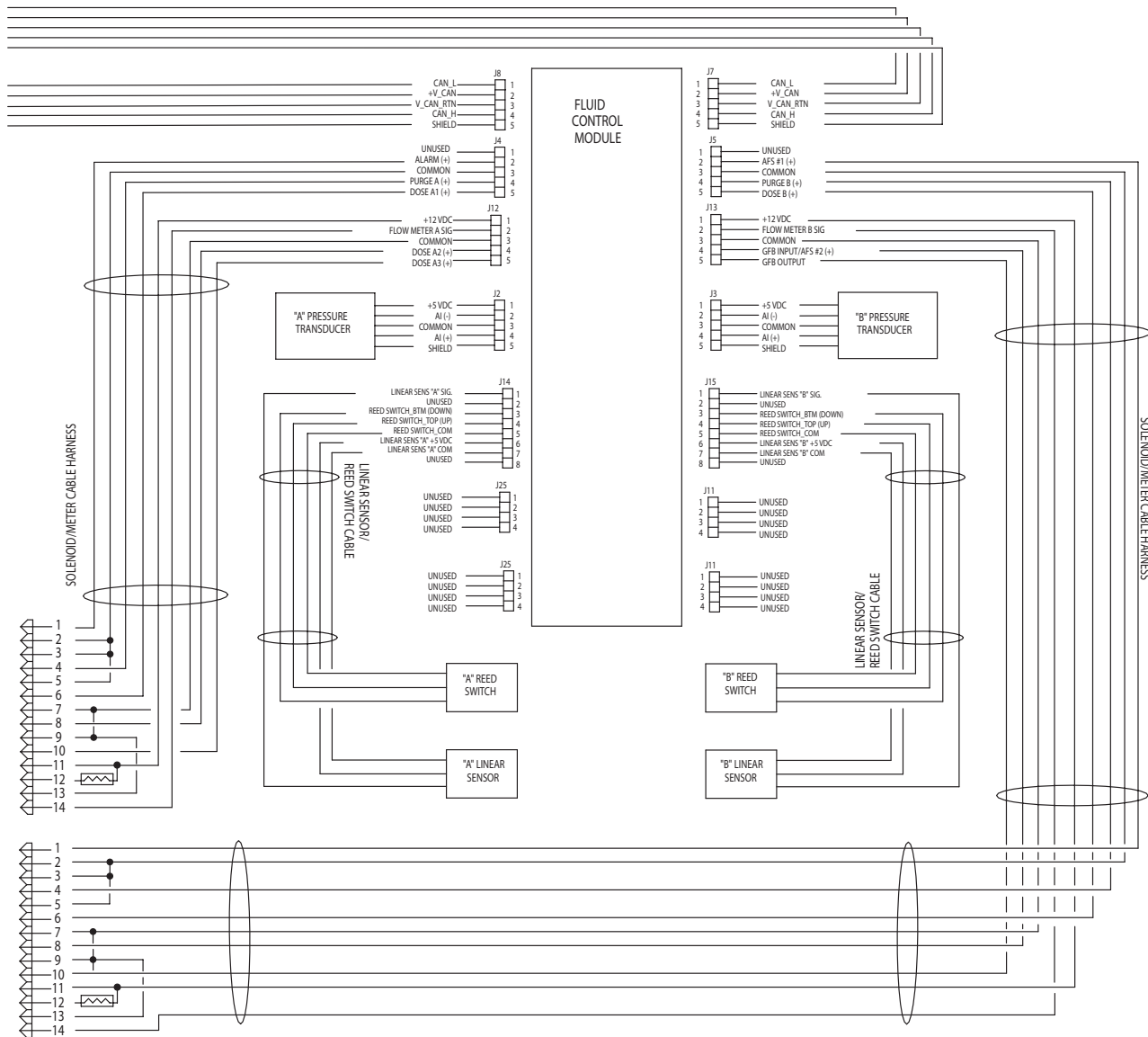
Hazardous Location Electrical Schematic (continued)



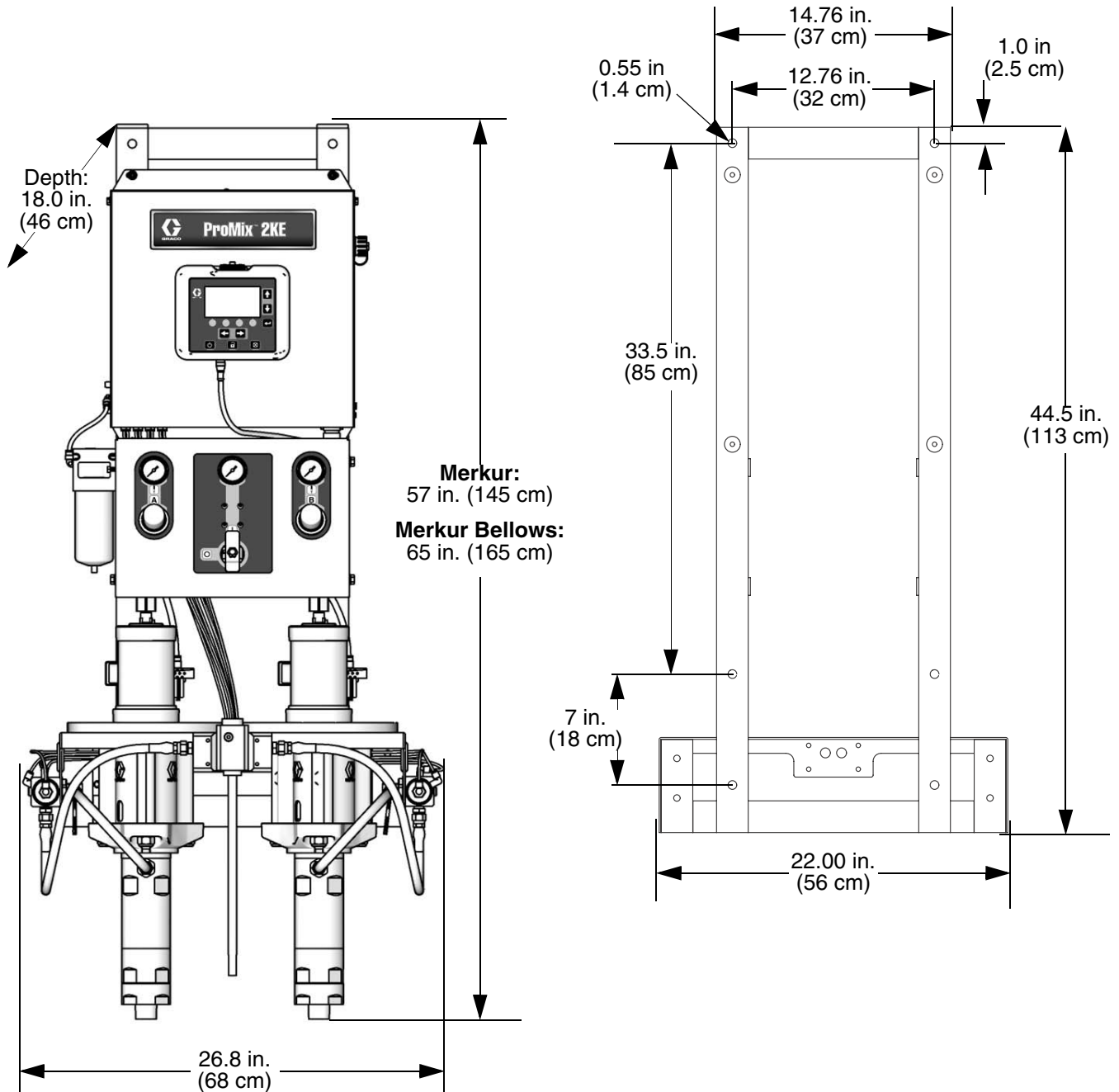
Non-Hazardous Location Electrical Schematic



Non-Hazardous Electrical Schematic (continued)



Dimensions and Mounting



Technical Data

Maximum fluid working pressure	See Models , page 3.
Maximum working air pressure	100 psi (0.7 MPa, 7 bar)
Air supply	75 - 100 psi (0.5 - 0.7 MPa, 5.2 - 7 bar)
Air filter inlet size	3/8 npt(f)
Air filtration for air logic (Graco-supplied)	5 micron (minimum) filtration required; clean and dry air
Air filtration for atomizing air (user-supplied)	30 micron (minimum) filtration required; clean and dry air
Mixing ratio range	0.1:1- 30:1
On-ratio accuracy	up to \pm 1%, user selectable
Fluids handled	one or two component: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • solvent and waterborne paints • polyurethanes • epoxies • acid catalyzed varnishes • moisture sensitive isocyanates
Viscosity range of fluid	20- 5000 cps*
Fluid filtration (user-supplied)	100 mesh minimum
Fluid outlet size (static mixer)	1/4 npt(f)
External Power Supply Requirements	85 - 250 Vac, 50/60 Hz, 2 amps maximum draw 15 amp maximum circuit breaker required 8 to 14 AWG power supply wire gauge
Operating temperature range	41- 122° F (5-50° C)
Approximate Weight	300 lb (136 kg)
Environmental Conditions Rating	indoor use, pollution degree (2), installation category II
Noise Level	
Sound pressure level	below 70 dBA
Sound power level	below 85 dBA
Wetted parts	303, 304 SST, Tungsten carbide (with nickel binder), perfluoroelastomer; PTFE

Graco Standard Warranty

Graco warrants all equipment referenced in this document which is manufactured by Graco and bearing its name to be free from defects in material and workmanship on the date of sale to the original purchaser for use. With the exception of any special, extended, or limited warranty published by Graco, Graco will, for a period of twelve months from the date of sale, repair or replace any part of the equipment determined by Graco to be defective. This warranty applies only when the equipment is installed, operated and maintained in accordance with Graco's written recommendations.

This warranty does not cover, and Graco shall not be liable for general wear and tear, or any malfunction, damage or wear caused by faulty installation, misapplication, abrasion, corrosion, inadequate or improper maintenance, negligence, accident, tampering, or substitution of non-Graco component parts. Nor shall Graco be liable for malfunction, damage or wear caused by the incompatibility of Graco equipment with structures, accessories, equipment or materials not supplied by Graco, or the improper design, manufacture, installation, operation or maintenance of structures, accessories, equipment or materials not supplied by Graco.

This warranty is conditioned upon the prepaid return of the equipment claimed to be defective to an authorized Graco distributor for verification of the claimed defect. If the claimed defect is verified, Graco will repair or replace free of charge any defective parts. The equipment will be returned to the original purchaser transportation prepaid. If inspection of the equipment does not disclose any defect in material or workmanship, repairs will be made at a reasonable charge, which charges may include the costs of parts, labor, and transportation.

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Original instructions. This manual contains English. MM 3A0868

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