

# REACTOR<sup>®</sup> A-25

PLURAL COMPONENT PROPORTIONER

3A1569B

EN

## Air operated, electrically heated, plural component proportioner

For spraying or dispensing 1:1 ratio polyurethane foam formulations and other 1:1 fast setting materials.

**Not for use in explosive atmospheres or hazardous locations.**

This model is field-configurable to the following supply voltages:

230 V, 1 Phase

230 V, 3 Phase

380 V, 3 Phase

*2000 psi (14 MPa, 138 bar) Maximum Fluid Working Pressure*

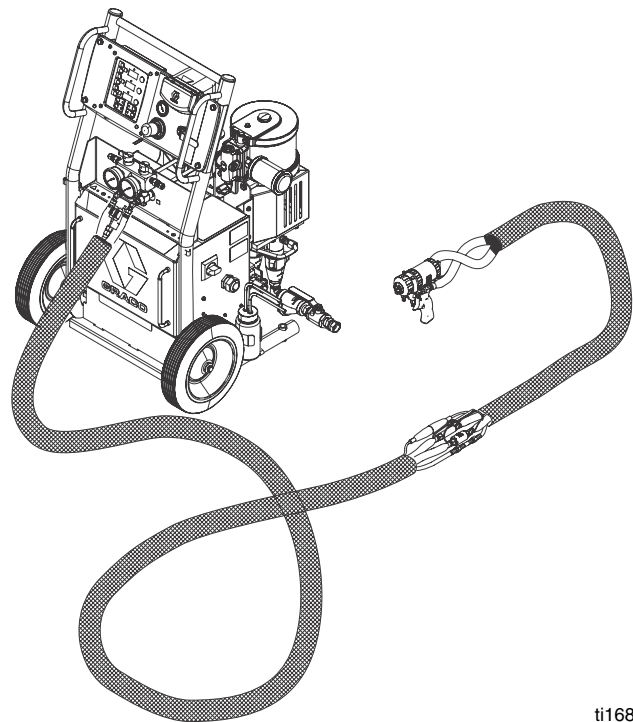
*80 psi (550 kPa, 5.5 bar) Maximum Air Working Pressure*



### Important Safety Instructions

Read all warnings and instructions in this manual. Save these instructions.

See page 9 for model information, including maximum working pressure and approvals.



ti16811a




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## Proportioner Models

All proportioners can be configured to operate on 380V (4 wire), 230V (3 wire), or 230V 1Ø.

Part No.	Maximum Fluid Working Pressure psi (MPa, bar)	Maximum Air Working Set Pressure psi (kPa, bar)	Includes:		Approvals
			DataTrak (cycle count only)	Wheels	
262572	2000 psi (14, 138)	80 psi (550, 5.5)	---	---	 <b>Intertek</b> <b>3172585</b> <small>Conforms to ANSI/UL            Std. 499 Certified to            CAN/CSA Std.            C22.2 No. 88</small>
262614	2000 psi (14, 138)	80 psi (550, 5.5)	24A592	✓	

## Systems

All systems include a proportioner, spray gun, and 60 ft (18.3 m) of heated hose.

Part	Maximum Working Pressure psi (MPa, bar)	Proportioner (see Typical Installation, without Circulation)	Heated Hose		Gun	
			50 ft (15 m)	10 ft (3 m)	Model	Part
P22614	2000 (14, 138)	262614	246678	246050	Probler P2	GCP2R1
AP2614	2000 (14, 138)	262614	246678	246050	Fusion™ AP	246101
CS2614	2000 (14, 138)	262614	246678	246050	Fusion™ CS	CS01RD
P22572	2000 (14, 138)	262572	246678	246050	Probler P2	GCP2R1
AP2572	2000 (14, 138)	262572	246678	246050	Fusion™ AP	246101
CS2572	2000 (14, 138)	262572	246678	246050	Fusion™ CS	CS01RD

## Related Manuals

Manuals are available at [www.graco.com](http://www.graco.com).







Component manuals in English:

Manual	Description
3A1570	Reactor A-25 Proportioner, Repair-Parts
309577	Proportioning Pump, Repair-Parts
309815	Feed Pump Kit, Instructions-Parts
309827	Feed Pump Air Supply Kit, Instructions-Parts
309852	Circulation and Return Tube Kit, Instructions-Parts
309572	Heated Hose, Instructions-Parts

Manual	Description
309550	Fusion™ AP Spray Gun, Instructions-Parts
312666	Fusion™ CS Spray Gun, Instructions-Parts
313213	Probler P2 Spray Gun, Instructions-Parts
313541	DataTrak Kits, Installation-Parts
312796	NXT® Air Motor, Instructions-Parts

# Warnings

The following warnings are for the setup, use, grounding, maintenance, and repair of this equipment. The exclamation point symbol alerts you to a general warning and the hazard symbols refer to procedure-specific risks. When these symbols appear in the body of this manual, refer back to these Warnings. Product-specific hazard symbols and warnings not covered in this section may appear throughout the body of this manual where applicable.

 <b>WARNING</b>	
 	<p><b>ELECTRIC SHOCK HAZARD</b></p> <p>This equipment must be grounded. Improper grounding, setup, or usage of the system can cause electric shock.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Turn off and disconnect power at main switch before disconnecting any cables and before servicing or installing equipment.</li> <li>• Connect only to grounded power source.</li> <li>• All electrical wiring must be done by a qualified electrician and comply with all local codes and regulations.</li> </ul>
	<p><b>TOXIC FLUID OR FUMES HAZARD</b></p> <p>Toxic fluids or fumes can cause serious injury or death if splashed in the eyes or on skin, inhaled, or swallowed.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Read MSDSs to know the specific hazards of the fluids you are using.</li> <li>• Store hazardous fluid in approved containers, and dispose of it according to applicable guidelines.</li> <li>• Always wear chemically impermeable gloves when spraying, dispensing, or cleaning equipment.</li> </ul>
	<p><b>PERSONAL PROTECTIVE EQUIPMENT</b></p> <p>You must wear appropriate protective equipment when operating, servicing, or when in the operating area of the equipment to help protect you from serious injury, including eye injury, hearing loss, inhalation of toxic fumes, and burns. This equipment includes but is not limited to:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Protective eyewear, and hearing protection.</li> <li>• Respirators, protective clothing, and gloves as recommended by the fluid and solvent manufacturer.</li> </ul>
	<p><b>BURN HAZARD</b></p> <p>Equipment surfaces and fluid that's heated can become very hot during operation. To avoid severe burns:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Do not touch hot fluid or equipment.</li> </ul>

# WARNING



## FIRE AND EXPLOSION HAZARD

Flammable fumes, such as solvent and paint fumes, in **work area** can ignite or explode. To help prevent fire and explosion:



- Use equipment only in well ventilated area.
- Eliminate all ignition sources; such as pilot lights, cigarettes, portable electric lamps, and plastic drop cloths (potential static arc).
- Keep work area free of debris, including solvent, rags and gasoline.
- Do not plug or unplug power cords, or turn power or light switches on or off when flammable fumes are present.
- Ground all equipment in the work area. See **Grounding** instructions.
- Use only grounded hoses.
- Hold gun firmly to side of grounded pail when triggering into pail.
- If there is static sparking or you feel a shock, **stop operation immediately**. Do not use equipment until you identify and correct the problem.
- Keep a working fire extinguisher in the work area.



## SKIN INJECTION HAZARD

High-pressure fluid from gun, hose leaks, or ruptured components will pierce skin. This may look like just a cut, but it is a serious injury that can result in amputation. **Get immediate surgical treatment.**



- Engage trigger lock when not spraying.
- Do not point gun at anyone or at any part of the body.
- Do not put your hand over the fluid outlet.
- Do not stop or deflect leaks with your hand, body, glove, or rag.
- Follow the **Pressure Relief Procedure** when you stop spraying and before cleaning, checking, or servicing equipment.
- Tighten all fluid connections before operating the equipment.
- Check hoses and couplings daily. Replace worn or damaged parts immediately.

# ⚠ WARNING



## EQUIPMENT MISUSE HAZARD

Misuse can cause death or serious injury.

- Do not operate the unit when fatigued or under the influence of drugs or alcohol.
- Do not exceed the maximum working pressure or temperature rating of the lowest rated system component. See **Technical Data** in all equipment manuals.
- Use fluids and solvents that are compatible with equipment wetted parts. See **Technical Data** in all equipment manuals. Read fluid and solvent manufacturer's warnings. For complete information about your material, request MSDS from distributor or retailer.
- Do not leave the work area while equipment is energized or under pressure. Turn off all equipment and follow the **Pressure Relief Procedure** when equipment is not in use.
- Check equipment daily. Repair or replace worn or damaged parts immediately with genuine manufacturer's replacement parts only.
- Do not alter or modify equipment.
- Use equipment only for its intended purpose. Call your distributor for information.
- Route hoses and cables away from traffic areas, sharp edges, moving parts, and hot surfaces.
- Do not kink or over bend hoses or use hoses to pull equipment.
- Keep children and animals away from work area.
- Comply with all applicable safety regulations.



## PRESSURIZED ALUMINUM PARTS HAZARD

Use of fluids that are incompatible with aluminum in pressurized equipment can cause serious chemical reaction and equipment rupture. Failure to follow this warning can result in death, serious injury, or property damage.

- Do not use 1,1,1-trichloroethylene, methylene chloride, other halogenated hydrocarbon solvents or fluids containing such solvents.
- Many other fluids may contain chemicals that can react with aluminum. Contact your material supplier for compatibility.



## THERMAL EXPANSION HAZARD

Fluids subjected to heat in confined spaces, including hoses, can create a rapid rise in pressure due to the thermal expansion. Over-pressurization can result in equipment rupture and serious injury.

- Open a valve to relieve the fluid expansion during heating.
- Replace hoses proactively at regular intervals based on your operating conditions.








## MOVING PARTS HAZARD

Moving parts can pinch, cut or amputate fingers and other body parts.



- Keep clear of moving parts.
- Do not operate equipment with protective guards or covers removed.
- Pressurized equipment can start without warning. Before checking, moving, or servicing equipment, follow the **Pressure Relief Procedure** and disconnect all power sources.

# Important Two-Component Material Information




## Isocyanate Conditions

						
<p>Spraying or dispensing materials containing isocyanates creates potentially harmful mists, vapors, and atomized particulates.</p> <p>Read material manufacturer's warnings and material MSDS to know specific hazards and precautions related to isocyanates.</p> <p>Prevent inhalation of isocyanate mists, vapors, and atomized particulates by providing sufficient ventilation in the work area. If sufficient ventilation is not available, a supplied-air respirator is required for everyone in the work area.</p> <p>To prevent contact with isocyanates, appropriate personal protective equipment, including chemically impermeable gloves, boots, aprons, and goggles, is also required for everyone in the work area.</p>						

## Material Self-ignition

						
<p>Some materials may become self-igniting if applied too thickly. Read material manufacturer's warnings and material MSDS.</p>						

## Keep Components A and B Separate

						
<p>Cross-contamination can result in cured material in fluid lines which could cause serious injury or damage equipment. To prevent cross-contamination of the equipment's wetted parts, <b>never</b> interchange component A (isocyanate) and component B (resin) parts.</p>						

## Moisture Sensitivity of Isocyanates

Isocyanates (ISO) are catalysts used in two component foam and polyurea coatings. ISO will react with moisture (such as humidity) to form small, hard, abrasive crystals, which become suspended in the fluid. Eventually a film will form on the surface and the ISO will begin to gel, increasing in viscosity. If used, this partially cured ISO will reduce performance and the life of all wetted parts.

**NOTE:** The amount of film formation and rate of crystallization varies depending on the blend of ISO, the humidity, and the temperature.

To prevent exposing ISO to moisture:

- Always use a sealed container with a desiccant dryer in the vent, or a nitrogen atmosphere. **Never** store ISO in an open container.
- Keep the ISO lube pump reservoir (if installed) filled with Graco Throat Seal Liquid (TSL), Part 206995. The lubricant creates a barrier between the ISO and the atmosphere.
- Use moisture-proof hoses specifically designed for ISO, such as those supplied with your system.
- Never use reclaimed solvents, which may contain moisture. Always keep solvent containers closed when not in use.
- Always lubricate threaded parts with ISO pump oil or grease when reassembling.

## Foam Resins with 245 fa Blowing Agents

Some foam blowing agents will froth at temperatures above 90°F (33°C) when not under pressure, especially if agitated. To reduce frothing, minimize preheating in a circulation system.

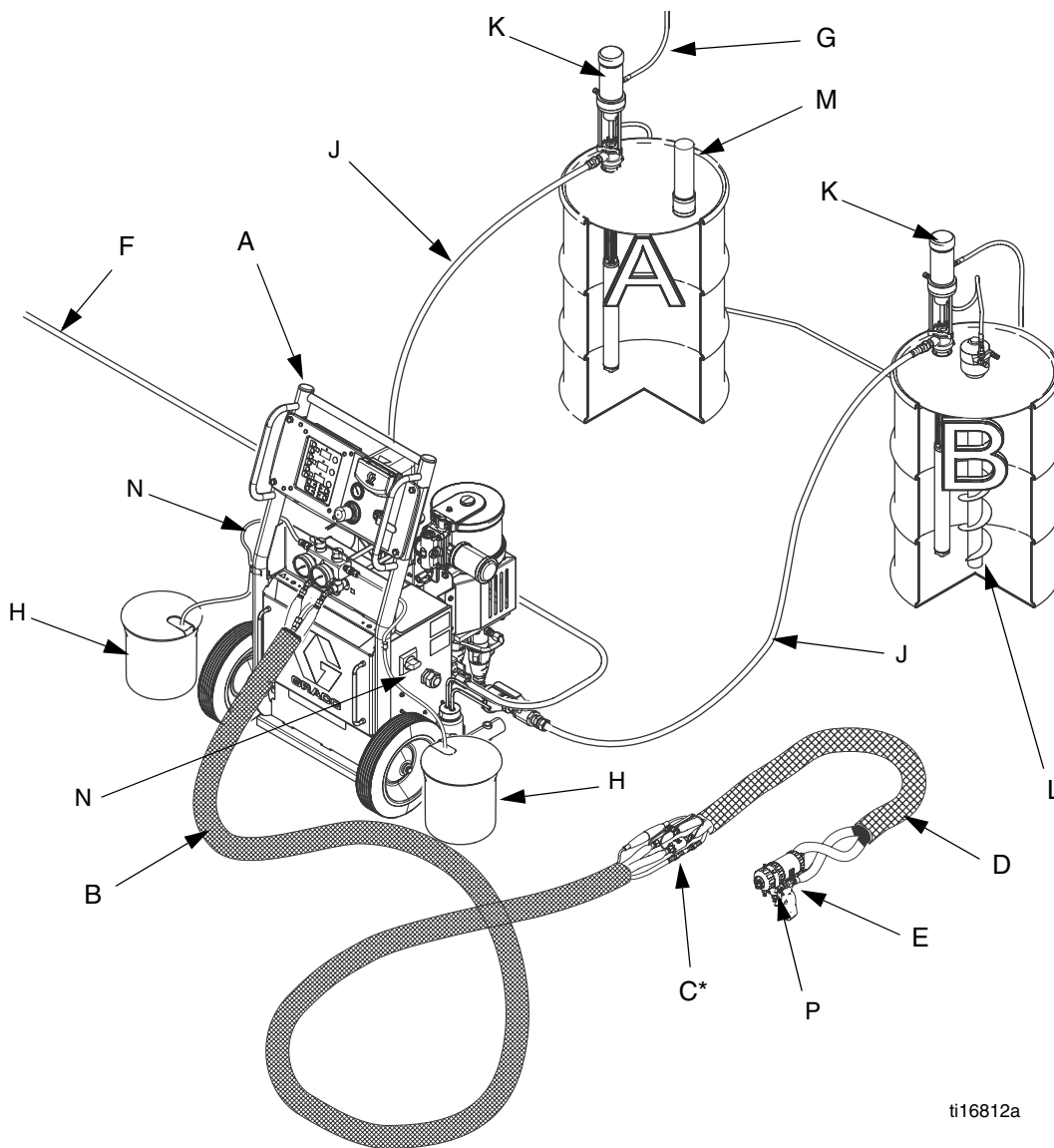
## **Changing Materials**

Changing the material types used in your equipment requires special attention to avoid equipment damage and downtime.

- When changing materials, flush the equipment multiple times to ensure it is thoroughly clean.
- Always clean the fluid inlet strainers after flushing.
- Check with your material manufacturer for chemical compatibility.
- When changing between epoxies and urethanes or polyureas, disassemble and clean all fluid components and change hoses. Epoxies often have amines on the B (hardener) side. Polyureas often have amines on the B (resin) side.



# Typical Installation, without Circulation



\* Shown exposed for clarity. Wrap with tape during operation.

**FIG. 1: Typical Installation, without Circulation**

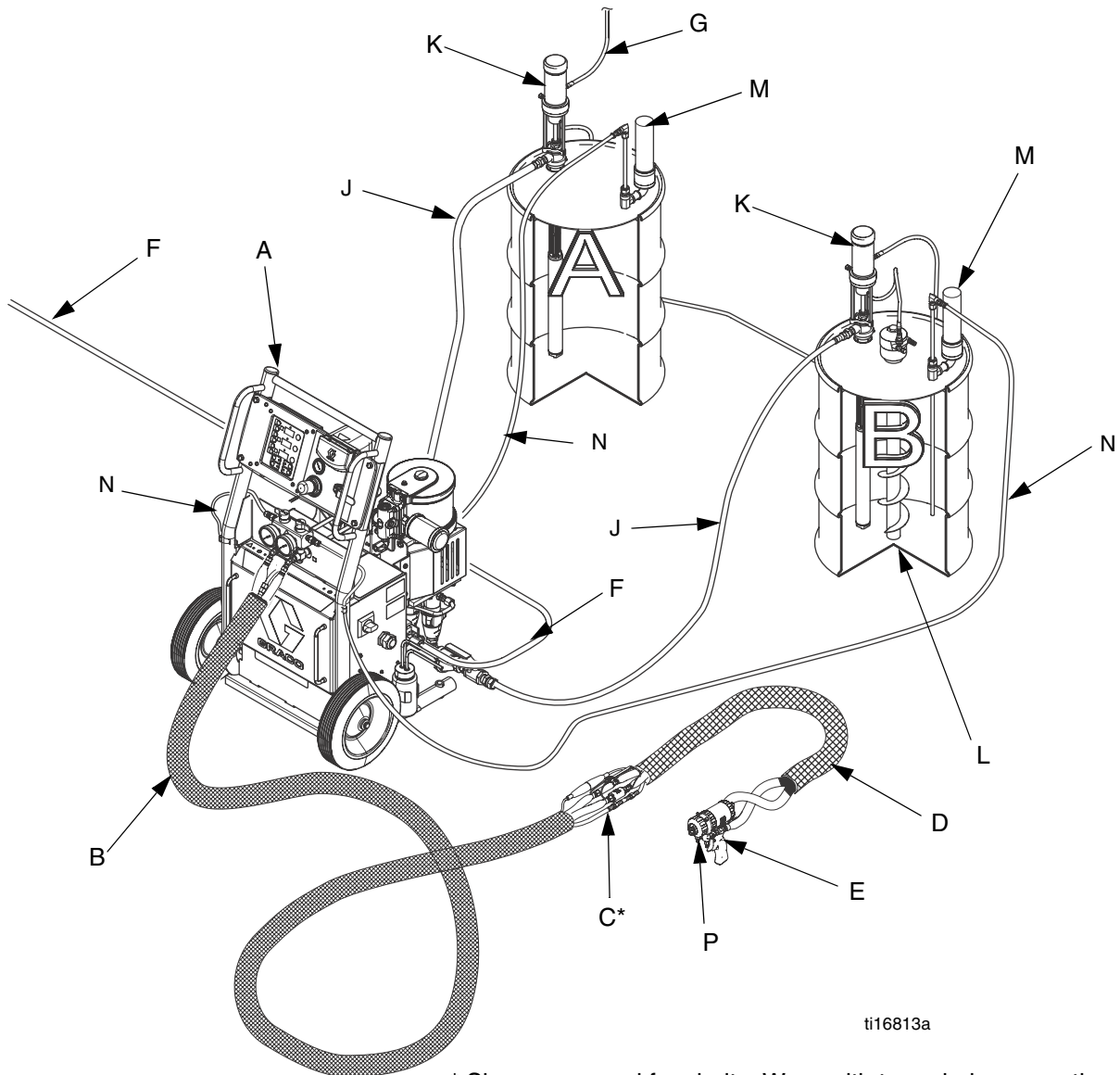
**Key for FIG. 1**

- |   |                                      |   |                                  |
|---|--------------------------------------|---|----------------------------------|
| A | Reactor Proportioner                 | M | Desiccant Dryer                  |
| B | Heated Hose                          | N | Bleed Lines/Over Pressure Relief |
| C | Fluid Temperature Sensor (FTS)       | P | Gun Fluid Manifold               |
| D | Heated Whip Hose                     |   |                                  |
| E | Spray Gun                            |   |                                  |
| F | Proportioner and Gun Air Supply Hose |   |                                  |
| G | Feed Pump Air Supply Lines           |   |                                  |
| H | Waste Containers                     |   |                                  |
| J | Fluid Supply Lines                   |   |                                  |
| K | Feed Pumps                           |   |                                  |
| L | Agitator (if required)               |   |                                  |

# Typical Installation, with Circulation

## Key for FIG. 2

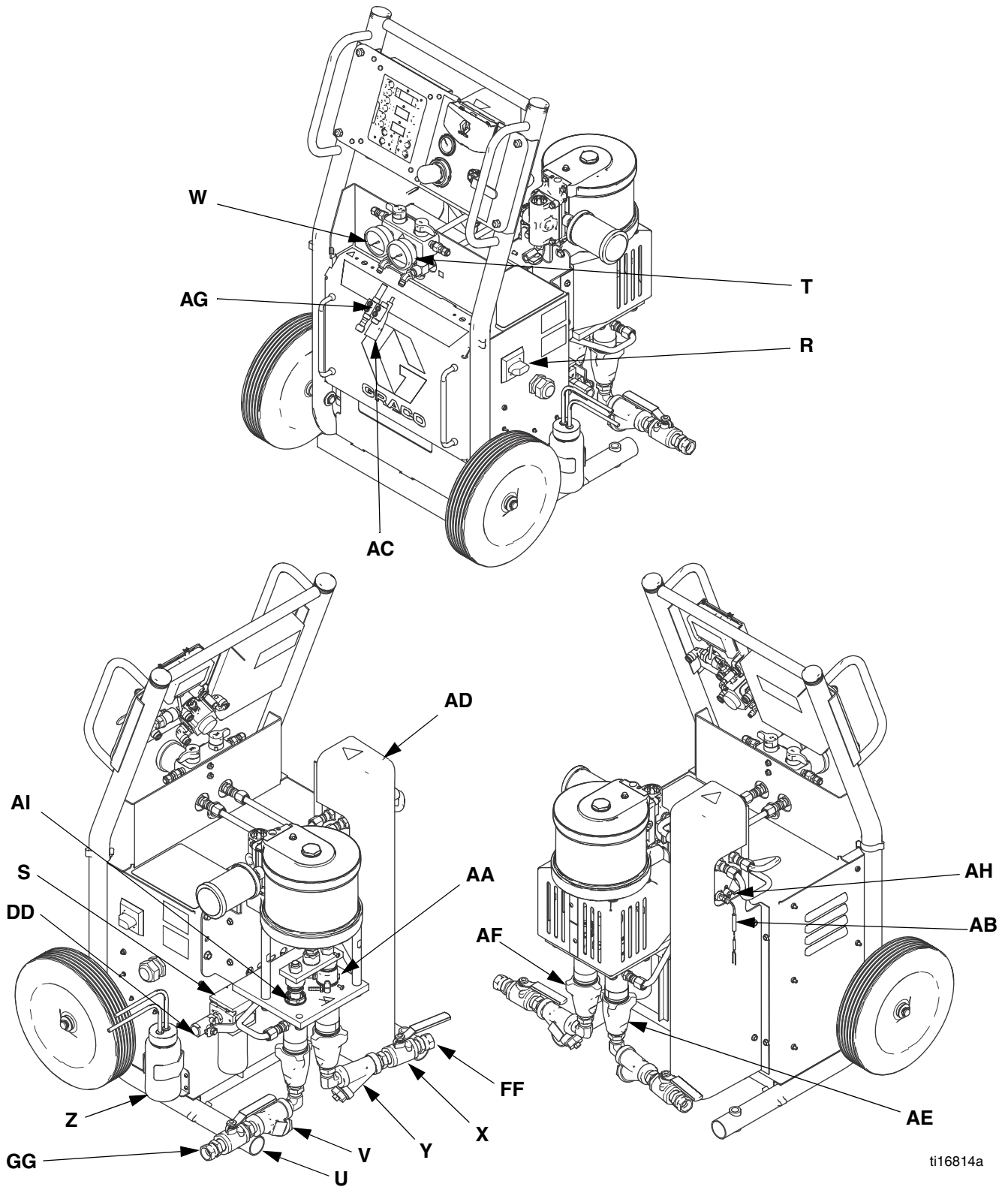
- |   |                                      |   |   |
|---|--------------------------------------|---|---|
| A | Reactor Proportioner                 | G | Feed Pump Air Supply Lines                      |
| B | Heated Hose                          | J | Fluid Supply Lines                              |
| C | Fluid Temperature Sensor (FTS)       | K | Feed Pumps                                      |
| D | Heated Whip Hose                     | L | Agitator (if required)                          |
| E | Spray Gun                            | M | Desiccant Dryer                                 |
| F | Proportioner and Gun Air Supply Hose | N | Recirculation/Over Pressure Relief Return Hoses |
|   |                                      | P | Gun Fluid Manifold                              |



\* Shown exposed for clarity. Wrap with tape during operation.

**FIG. 2: Typical Installation, with Circulation**

# Component Identification



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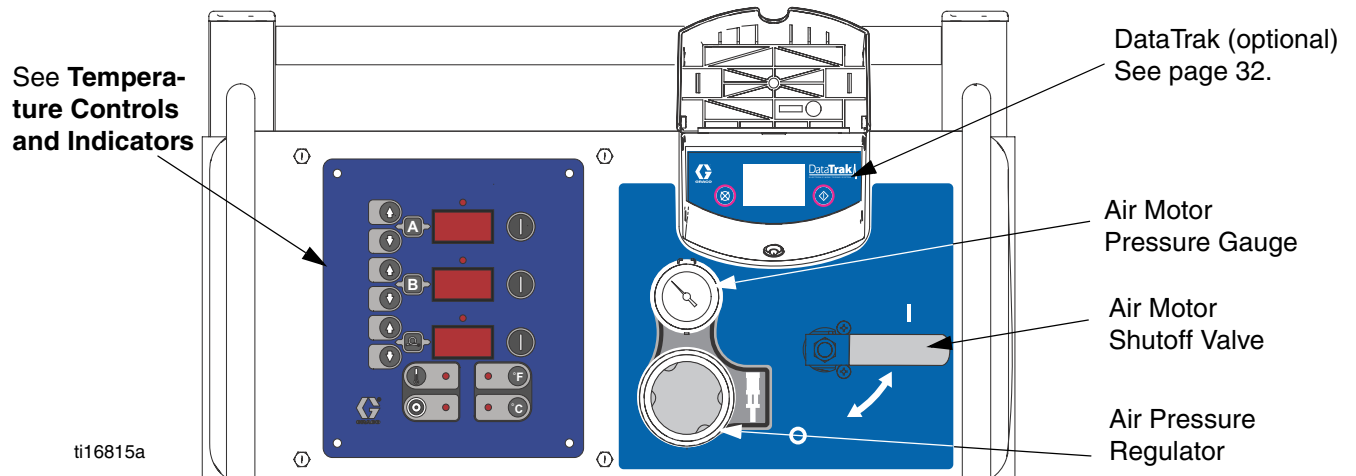
FIG. 3: Typical Installation

**Key:**

- R Main Disconnect Switch** - Controls power to heating circuits. I
- S Main Air Filter** - Filters system air supply.
- T Resin (B) Pressure Gauge** - Displays pressure in resin proportioning system (B side).
- U Resin (B) - Inlet Supply Valve**
- V Resin (B) Fluid Y-Strainer** - (20 mesh)
- W ISO (A) Pressure Gauge** - Displays pressure in isocyanate proportioning system (A side).
- X ISO (A) - Inlet Supply Valve**
- Y ISO (A) Fluid Y-Strainer** - (20 mesh)
- Z ISO (A) Pump Lube System** - Behind Proportioner shroud. (A side only)
- AA ISO (A) - Packing Nut and Lube Cup** - (A side only)
- AB \*Primary Heater Thermocouples** - Senses temperature of primary heater and inputs that information.
- AC FTS Jumper Harness** - Carries electrical signal from FTS sensor in isocyanate hose to hose temperature controller.
- AD Primary Heaters** - Heats material to required dispensing temperature.
- AE ISO (A) - (Isocyanate) Proportioning Pump** - Draws in and dispenses a fixed volume of isocyanate to gun.
- AF Resin (B) Proportioning Pump** - Draws in and dispenses a fixed volume of resin to gun.
- AG Power-Lock™ Hose Heat Connection** - Connects power to heated hoses.

- AH \*Primary Heater Over-Temperature Switches** - Sends signal to temperature controller if heater exceeds maximum temperature condition.
- AI Resin (B) Pump Wet Cup** - Access for daily wet cup refill.
- DD Main Air Inlet Ball Valve** - (1/2 NPT female fitting)
- FF ISO (A) Inlet - Fitting** (3/4 swivel fitting)
- GG Resin (B) Inlet - Fitting** (3/4 swivel fitting)

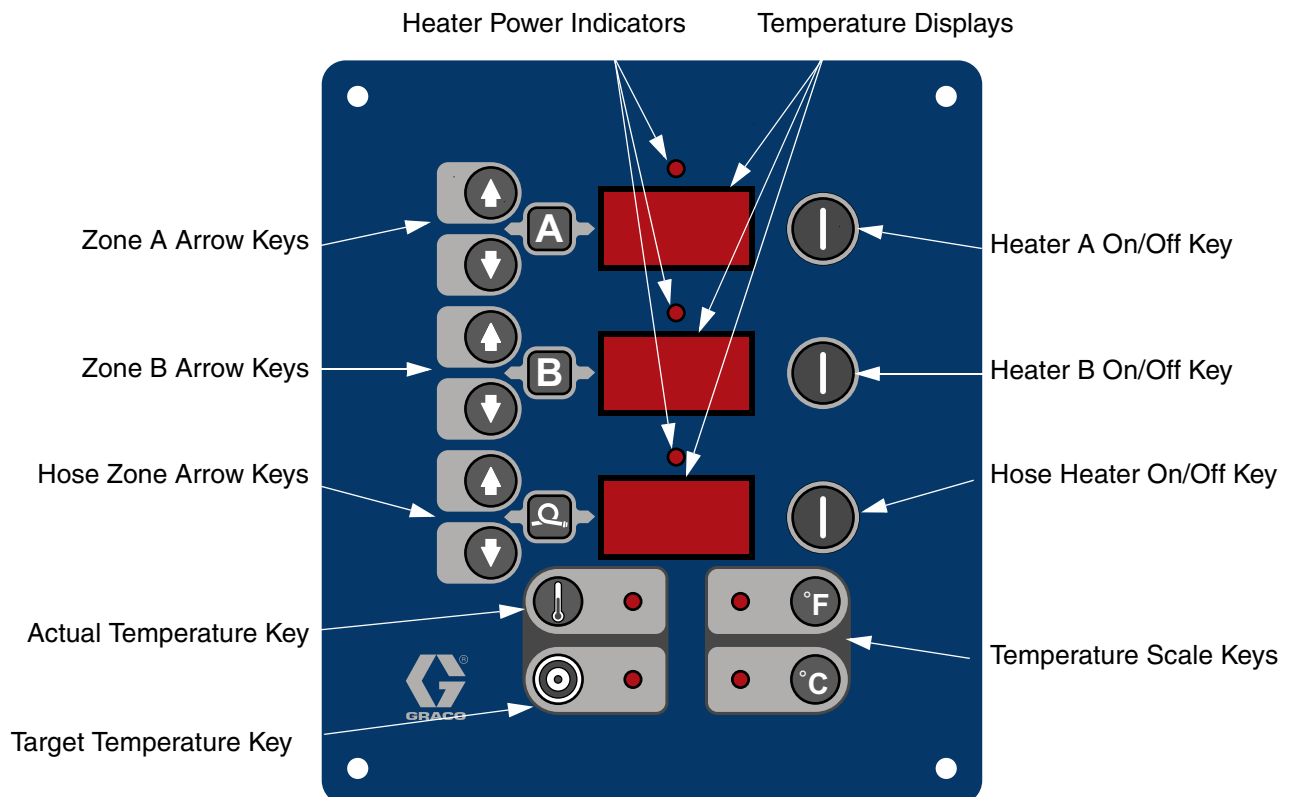
## Control Panel



## Temperature Controls and Indicators

### NOTICE

To prevent damage to the softkey buttons, do not press the buttons with sharp objects such as pens, plastic cards, or fingernails.





## Main Power Switch

Located on right side of unit, page 11. Turns heater


power ON  and OFF . Does not turn heater zones or pumps on.


## Actual Temperature Key/LED

Press  to display actual temperature.



Press and hold  to display electrical current.

## Target Temperature Key/LED


Press  to display target temperature.

Press and hold  to display heater control circuit board temperature.

## Temperature Scale Keys/LEDs




Press  or  to change temperature scale.

## Heater Zone On/Off Keys/LEDs

Press  to turn heater zones on and off. Also clears heater zone diagnostic codes, see page 35.

**NOTE:** LEDs flash when heater zones are on. The duration of each flash shows the extent that the heater is turned on.

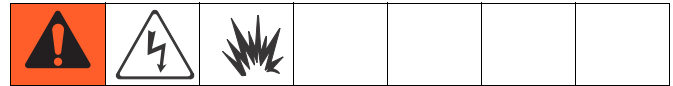
## Temperature Arrow Keys

Press , then press  or  to adjust temperature settings in 1 degree increments.

## Temperature Displays

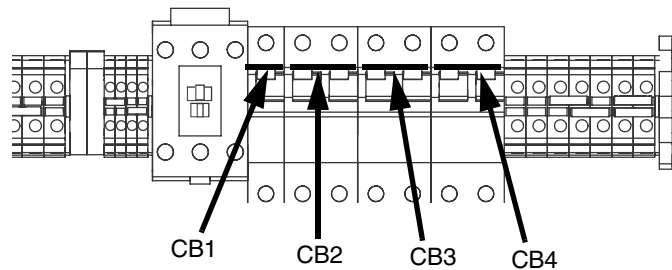
Show actual temperature or target temperature of heater zones, depending on selected mode. Defaults to actual at startup. Range is 32-190°F (0-88°C) for A and B, 32-180°F (0-82°C) for hose.

## Circuit Breakers



Located inside Reactor cabinet.

Ref.	Size	Component
CB1	50 A	Hose Secondary (single)
CB2	30 A	Hose Primary (double)
CB3	25 A	Heater A (double)
CB4	25 A	Heater B (double)



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# Setup

## Locate Reactor A-25



1. Locate Reactor A-25 on a level surface and bolt in place to the floor with 3/8 in. (10 mm) bolts, unless the Reactor needs to remain portable.
  - Two bolts through the 2 in. (50 mm) deep caster bushings in the rear.
  - Two bolts through the 3-5/8 in. (168 mm) deep caster bushings in the front.
2. Do not expose Reactor A-25 to rain.
3. If you need to move the machine, add optional wheel kit.
4. Lift with hoist only from bar spanning across top of cart.

## Determine Power Source

Reactor A-25 can be wired to 3 types of power source:

- 230 Volt / 1 Phase
- 230 Volt / 3 Phase Delta (3 wire + ground PE)
- 380 Volt / 3 Phase WYE (4 wire + ground PE)  
(220 Volts to Neutral)

## Electrical Requirements

						
<p>Improper wiring may cause electric shock or other serious injury if work is not performed properly.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Have a qualified electrician connect power and ground to main power switch terminals and ground lug.</li> <li>• Ensure your installation complies with all National, State, and Local safety and fire codes.</li> <li>• Ensure that incoming power is disconnected and locked out at the source.</li> </ul>						

**NOTE:** Power cord is not supplied.

## Configure to Supply Power



**NOTE:** Both cord connection AND jumper positioning steps on page 17 must be completed.

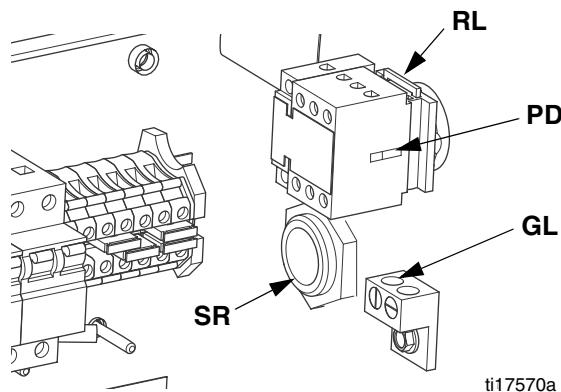
### Step One - Connect Electrical Cord

**NOTE:** Disregard terminal numbers on disconnect switch blocks. Wire to positions shown. Terminals will accept up to #8 AWG (10 mm<sup>2</sup>) conductors.

1. Using a flat screw driver, turn cover fasteners 90° counterclockwise. Lift and pull the front cover away.
2. Connect main power cord to electrical console as follows:
  - a. Feed power cord through strain relief (SR) on right side of unit. Push black die release lever (RL) down to release contacts block (PD) for easy wiring.

**NOTE:** Strain relief accepts cords 0.59 to 1.0 in. (15-25 mm) diameter.

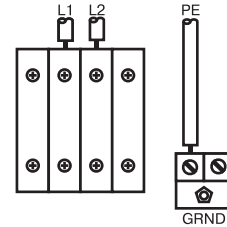
- b. Connect power leads to Power Disconnect Switch (PD). Snap contacts block (PD) back onto switch.
- c. Tighten strain relief nut.
- d. Connect ground wire to ground lug (GL).



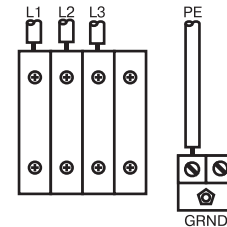
3. Replace lower front shroud. Reinstall the two screws retained in Step 1.

**230V, 1 Phase:** Use a screwdriver to connect two power leads to the top two middle terminal positions as shown. Connect green to ground (GND). See page 17 for proper jumper positions.

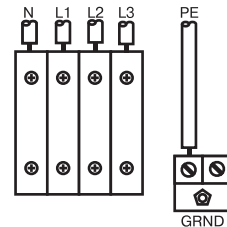
**NOTE:** Disregard terminal numbers on disconnect switch blocks. Wire to positions shown.



**230V, 3 Phase Delta:** Use a screwdriver to connect three power leads to top three left terminals as shown. Connect green to ground (GND). See page 17 for proper jumper positions.



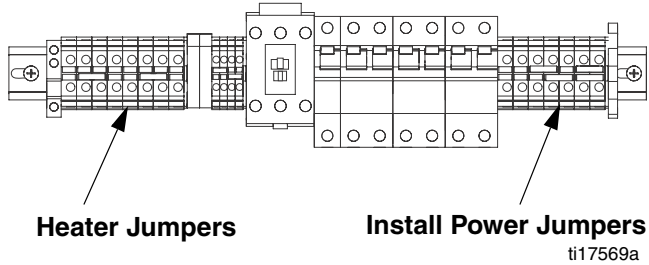
**380V, 3 Phase WYE:** Use a screwdriver to connect four power leads to the top terminals as shown. Connect neutral only to N. Connect green to ground (GND). See page 17 for proper jumper positions.





## Step Two - Install Power Jumpers

Find location for power jumpers which are in a plastic bag tie wrapped to the ground lug.

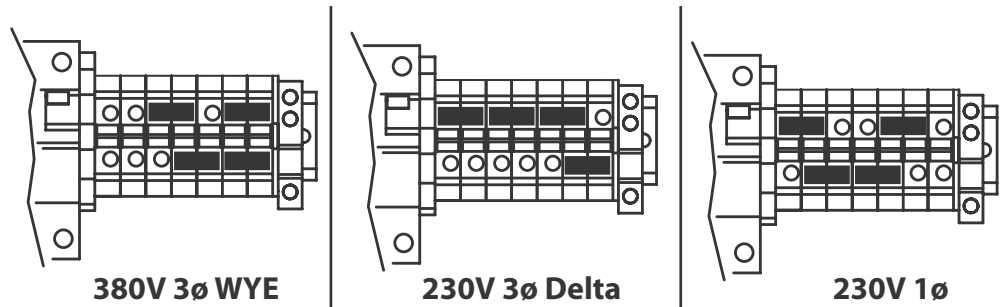


1. Turn screws counter-clockwise on the upper part of the shroud until they stop. Pull door up and out.
2. Install red jumpers from the storage bag to the positions shown for your power.
  - Push the jumper firmly into the new position.
  - If necessary, a flat-blade screwdriver can be used under the ridge on the side of the jumper to remove them.
3. Replace front shroud.

## Step Two

TB2

**Terminal Blocks**  
Install red jumpers



## Step Three - Reposition Heater Jumpers (if necessary)

Find location of Heater Jumpers.

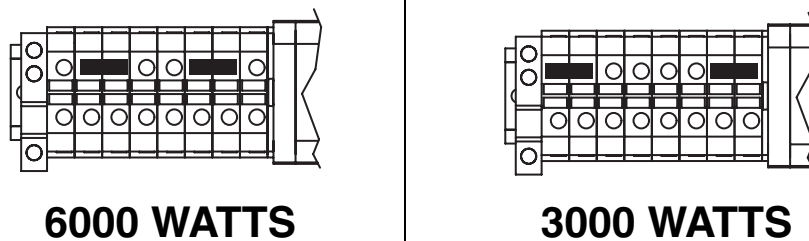
Machines are shipped with heaters wired for 6000 watts. To reposition heater jumpers for 3000 watts, change jumper positions as shown below.

1. Turn screws counter-clockwise on the upper part of the shroud and remove by pulling them out.
2. Move red jumpers from the storage positions to the positions shown for your power.
  - A flat-blade screwdriver can be used under the ridge on the side of the jumper to remove them.
  - Push the jumper firmly into the new position.
3. Replace lower front shroud.

## Step Three

TB2

**Terminal Blocks**  
Position red jumpers



## Ground System



The equipment must be grounded to reduce the risk of static sparking and electric shock. Electric or static sparking can cause fumes to ignite or explode. Improper grounding can cause electric shock. Grounding provides an escape wire for the electric current.

- *Reactor*: is grounded through power cord; see page 16.
- *Spray gun*: connect whip hose ground wire to FTS; see page 19. Do not disconnect wire or spray without whip hose.
- *Fluid supply containers*: follow your local code.
- *Object being sprayed*: follow your local code.
- *Solvent pails used when flushing*: follow your local code. Use only metal pails that are conductive. Place them on a grounded surface. Do not place pail on a nonconductive surface, such as paper or cardboard, which interrupts grounding continuity.
- *To maintain grounding continuity when flushing or relieving pressure*, hold a metal part of spray gun firmly to the side of a grounded metal pail, then trigger gun.

## Iso Pump Lubrication System Setup

Prepare isocyanate pump lubrication system as follows:

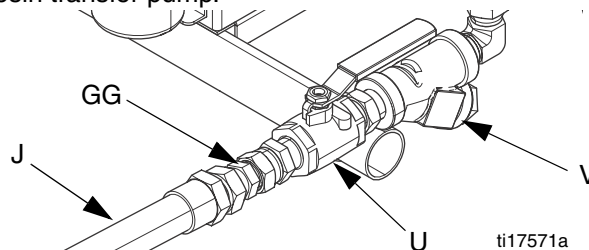
1. Lift lubricant reservoir out of bracket and remove reservoir from cap.
2. Fill reservoir 3/4 full with TSL.
3. Thread reservoir onto cap assembly and place it into bracket.

The lubrication system is now ready for operation; no priming is required.

## Fluid Supply Connections

Feed pumps are typically used. Siphon feeding is not recommended. Connect material supply to inlets of proportioning unit as follows:

1. Connect fluid inlet ball valves (U,X) and y-strainers (V, Y) to pump inlets.
2. Ensure the A- and B- inlet ball valves (U,X) on proportioning unit are closed.
3. Connect and tighten B- supply hose (J) to 3/4 NPT swivel fitting (GG) on B- inlet ball valve (U), and to resin transfer pump.

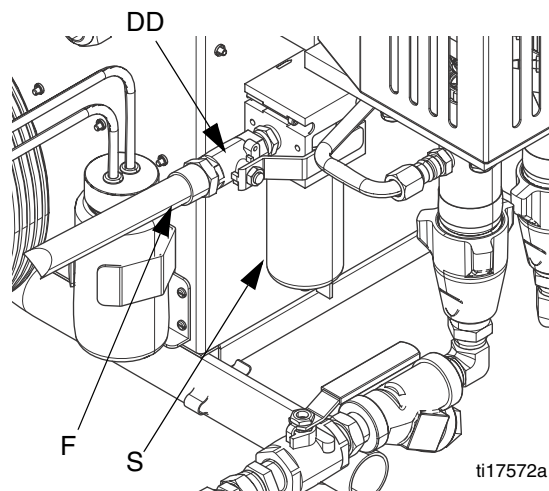


4. Connect and tighten A- supply hose (BB) to 1/2 NPT swivel fitting (FF) on A- inlet ball valve (X), and to isocyanate transfer pump. See FIG. 3, page 11.




## Air Supply Connection

Connect main air supply (F) to air inlet 1/2 in. npt (f) valve (DD) at air filter (S). Hose fitting requires a 1/2 NPT male fitting.

**NOTE:** Use a minimum of 3/8 in. ID air line (not supplied) to deliver air supply to proportioning unit. Use 1/2 in. ID hose if over 15 ft long. The main air supply must be clean and free of oil and contaminants.



## Recirculation / Pressure Relief Lines

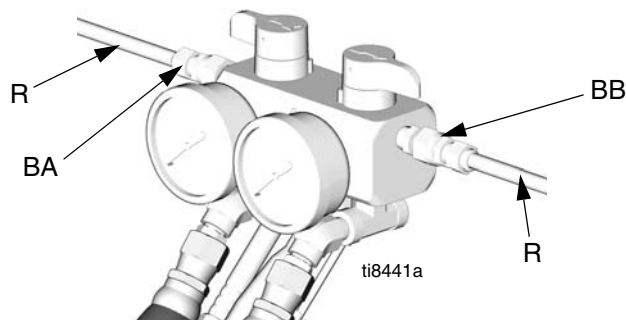
						
<p>Do not install shutoffs downstream of the PRESSURE RELIEF/SPRAY valve outlets (BA, BB). The valves function as over pressure relief valves when set to SPRAY. Lines must be open so valves can automatically relieve pressure when machine is operating.</p> <p>If circulating fluid back to the supply drums, use high pressure hose rated to withstand the maximum working pressure of this equipment.</p>						

**If Recirculating to Supply Drum:** Connect high pressure hose (R) to relief fittings (BA, BB) of both PRESSURE RELIEF/SPRAY valves. Route hose back to component A and B drums. Refer to manual 309852.

### Alternate recirculation hoses (requires adapter fittings):

**249508** - ISO (A) (moisture guard) red hose, 1/4 in. (6 mm) ID; #5 JIC fittings (m x f); 35 ft (10.7 m) long.

**249509** - Resin (B) blue hose; 1/4 in. (6 mm) ID, #6 JIC fittings (m x f), 35 ft (10.7 m) long.



## Install Fluid Temperature Sensor (FTS)

Install FTS between main hose and whip hose. See Heated Hose manual for instructions.

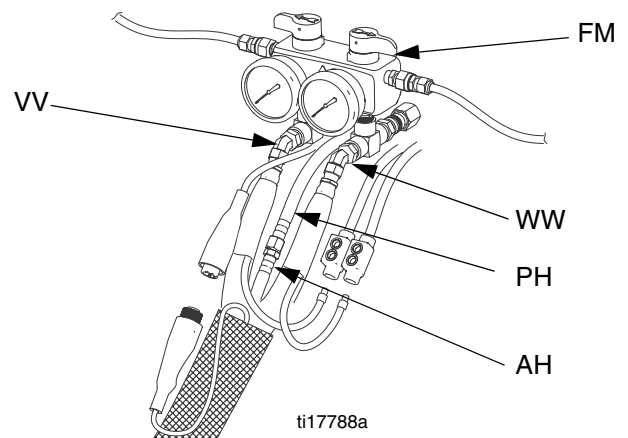
## Connect Heated Hose

**NOTE:** See heated hose manual for detailed instructions for Graco heated hoses.

### NOTICE

The fluid temperature sensor (FTS) and whip hose must be used with heated hose; see page 19. Hose length, including whip hose, must be 60 ft (18.3 m) minimum.

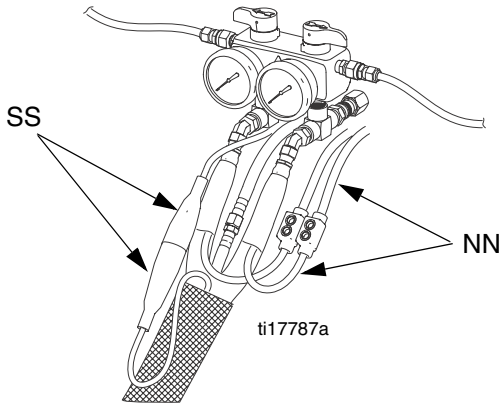
1. Turn main power OFF.
2. Assemble heated hose sections, FTS, and whip hose. See Heated Hose manual for instructions.
3. Connect A and B hoses to A and B outlets on Reactor fluid manifold (FM). Hoses are color coded: red for component A (ISO), blue for component B (RES). Fittings are sized to prevent connection errors.



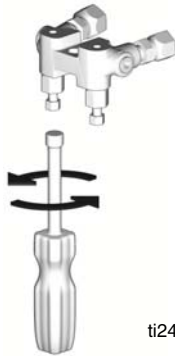
**NOTE:** Manifold hose fittings (VV, WW) allow use of 1/4 in. and 3/8 in. ID Reactor heated fluid hoses.

4. Connect heated hose air line (AH) to proportioner air hose.

5. Connect cables (SS). Connect electrical connectors (NN). Be sure cables have slack when hose bends. Wrap cable and electrical connections with electrical tape.



## Close Gun Fluid Inlet Valves A and B



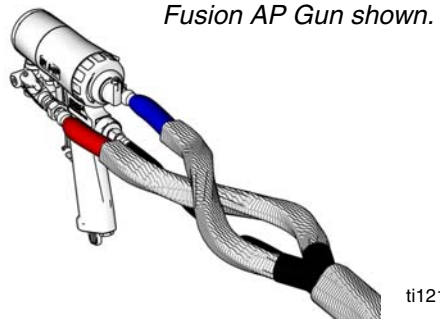
*Fusion AP Gun shown.*

## Connect Whip Hose to Gun or Gun Fluid Manifold

**For Probler P2 guns:** Connect hoses to inlet valves.

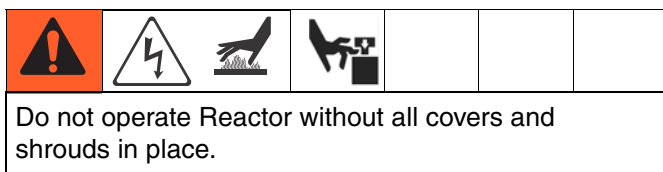
**For Fusion guns:** Connect hoses to inlet manifold. Do not connect manifold to gun.

1. Overlap A and B component hoses and assemble to gun or gun manifold fittings as shown.
2. Tighten fittings to A and B component hoses. Ensure hose remains flat after fittings are tightened. Loosen and retighten fittings as necessary to eliminate any torque on hoses.



*Fusion AP Gun shown.*

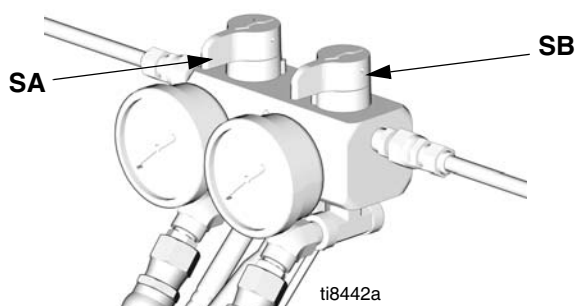
# Initial Startup



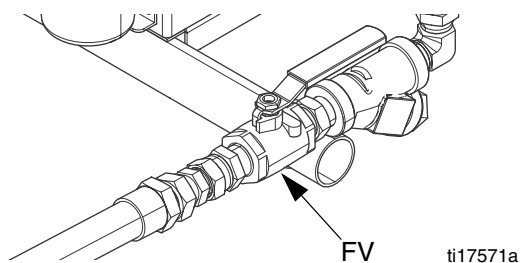
## Load Fluid with Feed Pumps

**NOTE:** The Reactor is tested with oil at the factory. Flush out the oil with a compatible solvent before spraying; see page 27.

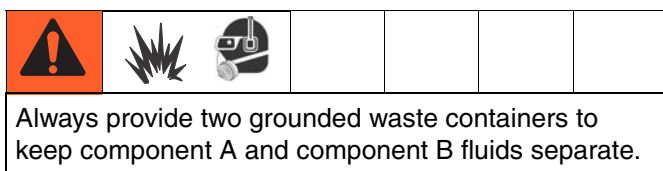
1. Check that Setup process is complete; see page 15.
2. Turn on component B agitator, if used.
3. Turn both PRESSURE RELIEF/SPRAY valves (SA, SB) to SPRAY.



4. Open both fluid valves (FV).

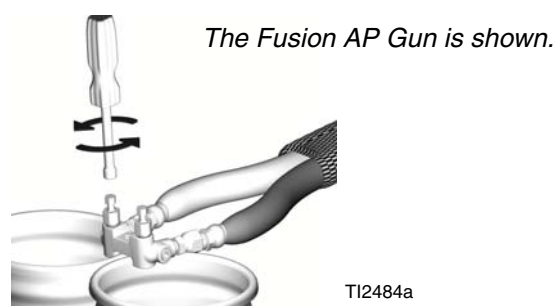


5. Start feed pumps. Do not start proportioner air motor or pumps.



6. Purge air from hoses.

- a. **For Probler P2 guns:** Loosen hose fittings and bleed out air until air-free fluid comes from hoses.
- b. **For Fusion guns:** Hold gun fluid manifold over two grounded waste containers. Open fluid valves A and B until clean, air-free fluid comes from valves. Close valves.












## Pressure Check Hose


See hose manual. Pressure check for leaks. If no leaks, wrap hose and electrical connections to protect from damage.

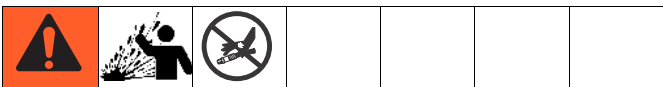
## Set Temperatures





See **Setup**, page 15.

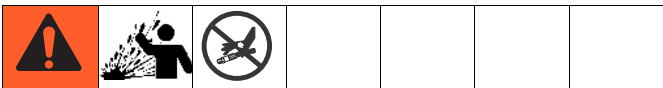
1. Turn main power ON .
2. Press  or  to change temperature scale.
3. Press  to display target temperatures.
4. To set  heat zone target temperature, press  or  until display shows desired temperature. Repeat for  and  zones.

**NOTE:** For  zone only, if FTS is disconnected at startup, display will show hose current (0A). See step 9, page 22.









Do not turn on hose heat without fluid in hoses.

5. Turn on  heat zone by pressing . Pre-heat hose (15-60 min). Indicator will flash very slowly when fluid reaches target temperature. Display shows actual fluid temperature in hose near FTS.



Thermal expansion can cause over pressurization, resulting in equipment rupture and serious injury, including fluid injection. Do not pressurize system when preheating hoses.


6. Turn on  and  heat zones by pressing  for each zone.
7. Hold  to view electrical currents for each zone.
8. Hold  to view heater control circuit board temperature.
9. **Manual current control mode only:**





When in manual current control mode, monitor hose temperature with thermometer. Install per instructions below. Thermometer reading must not exceed 160°F (71°C). Never leave machine unattended when in manual current control mode.


If FTS is disconnected or display shows diagnostic code E04, turn main power switch OFF

 then ON  to clear diagnostic code and enter manual current control mode.



 display will show current to hose. Current is not limited by target temperature.

Press  or  to adjust current setting.

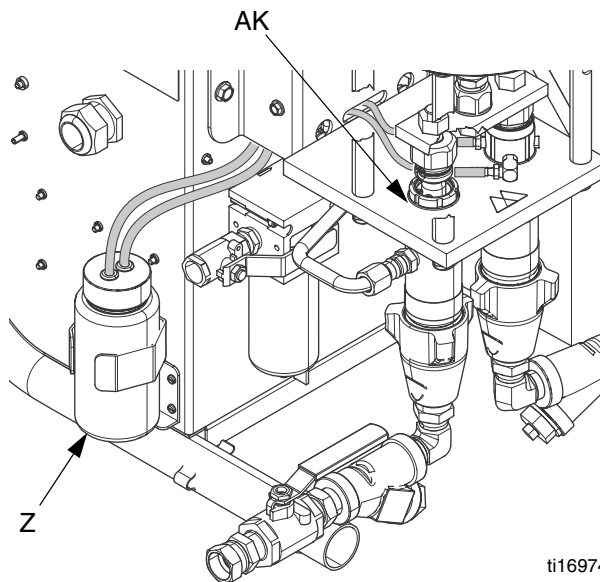
To prevent overheating, install hose thermometer close to gun end, within operator view. Insert thermometer through foam cover of A component hose so stem is next to inner tube. Thermometer reading will be about 20°F less than actual fluid temperature.

If thermometer reading exceeds 160°F (71°C), reduce current with  key.

## Supply Wet-Cups with Throat Seal Liquid

						
<p>Pump rod and connecting rod move during operation. Moving parts can cause serious injury such as pinching or amputation. Keep hands and fingers away from wet-cup during operation. Close main air valve before filling wet-cup.</p>						

1. **Component A (ISO) Pump:** Keep reservoir (Z) 3/4 filled with TSL. Wet-cup piston circulates TSL through wet-cup to carry away isocyanate film on displacement rod. Change the fluid in the reservoir when it becomes milky-looking.
2. **Component B (Resin) Pump:** Check felt washers in packing nut/wet-cup (AK) daily. Keep saturated with TSL to prevent material from hardening on displacement rod. Replace felt washers when worn or contaminated with hardened material.



ti16974a

# Spraying

The Fusion AP gun is shown.

1. After reaching spray temperatures, engage gun piston safety lock.



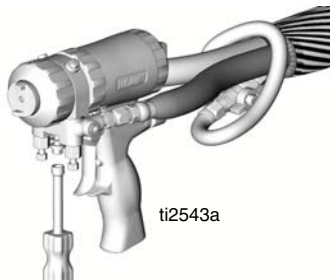
ti2409a

2. Close gun fluid inlet valves A and B.



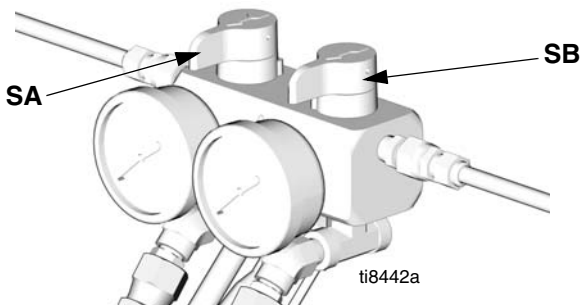
ti2728a

3. Attach gun fluid manifold. Connect gun air line. Open air line valve.



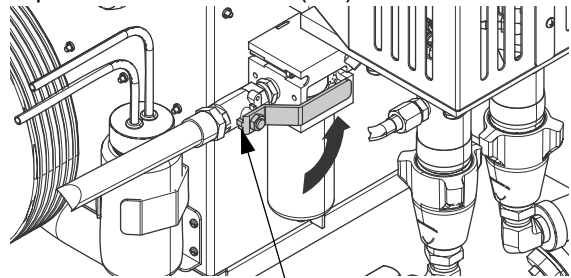
ti2543a

4. Set PRESSURE RELIEF/SPRAY valves (SA, SB) to SPRAY.



ti8442a

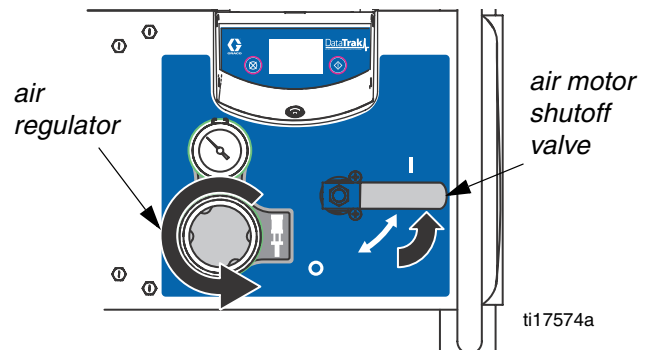
5. Open air inlet ball valve (DD).



DD

ti17573a

6. Turn the air regulator counterclockwise to 0 pressure.



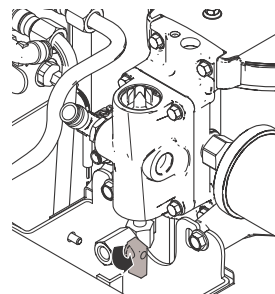
air regulator

air motor shutoff valve

ti17574a

7. Open the air motor shutoff valve.

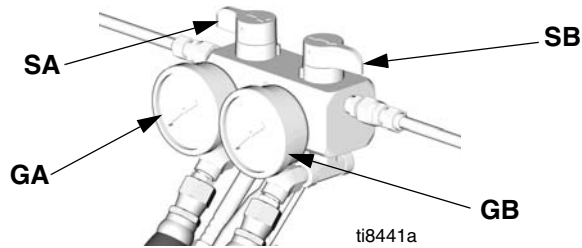
8. Close the park valve.



Closed



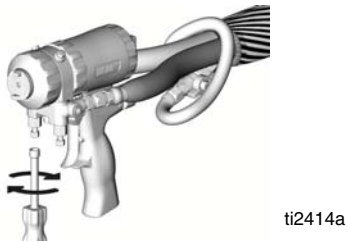
- Slowly increase the air regulator setting until the approximate stall (static) pressure is achieved on fluid gauges (GA) and (GB).



- Check fluid pressure gauges (GA, GB) to ensure proper pressure balance. If imbalanced, reduce pressure of higher component by slightly turning PRESSURE RELIEF/SPRAY valve for that component toward PRESSURE RELIEF/CIRCULATION, until gauges show balanced pressures.

**NOTE:** Ensure relief tubes are in waste containers.

- Open gun fluid inlet valves A and B.



- Disengage gun piston safety lock.



- Test spray onto cardboard. Adjust the air regulator to get the minimum fluid pressure that results in a good spray pattern.

**NOTE:** Pumps have fluid to air ratio of 25 to 1. Feed pumps add 2X feed pressure boost to outlet pressure (on the up stroke only). For best results, use regulators on feed pumps to limit inlet feed pressure to approximately 100 psi (0.7 MPA, 7 bar).

- Check A and B fluid pressure gauges (GA, GB) to ensure proper pressure balance between A and B.

- Equipment is ready to spray.

## Spray Adjustments

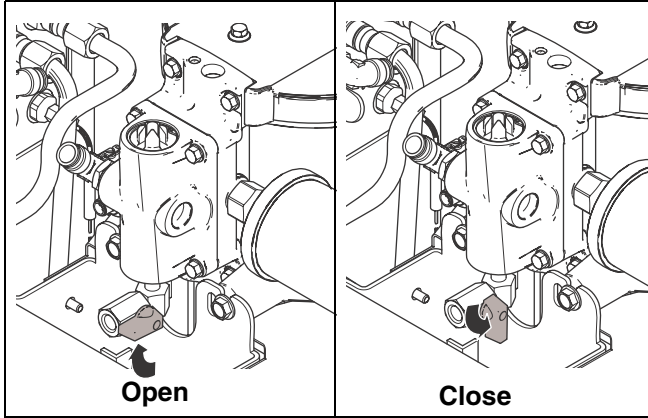
Flow rate, atomization, and amount of overspray are affected by four variables.

- **Fluid pressure setting.** Too little pressure results in an uneven pattern, coarse droplet size, low flow, and poor mixing. Too much pressure results in excessive overspray, high flow rates, difficult control, and excessive wear.
- **Fluid temperature.** Effects are similar to when fluid pressure setting is too high or too low.
- **Mix chamber size.** Choice of mix chamber is based on desired flow rate within machine capability and fluid viscosity.
- **Cleanoff air adjustment.** Too little cleanoff air results in droplets building up on the front of the nozzle, and no pattern containment to control overspray. Too much cleanoff air results in air-assisted atomization and excessive overspray.

# Park

Park the pumps at the end of the day to cycle proportioner pumps to home position, submerging displacement rod.

1. Open the park valve.



2. Trigger the gun until pumps stops at the bottom and relieves pressure.
3. Close the air motor shutoff valve.
4. Close the park valve.

# Pressure Relief Procedure



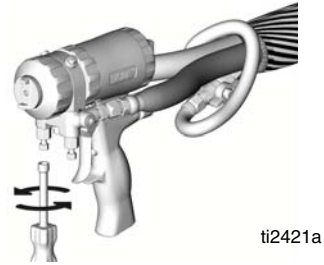
The Fusion AP gun is shown.

1. Turn off feed pumps and agitator if used.
2. Park component A pump. Follow **Park**; see page 26.
3. Close the air inlet valve.
4. Trigger spray gun until gauges read zero.

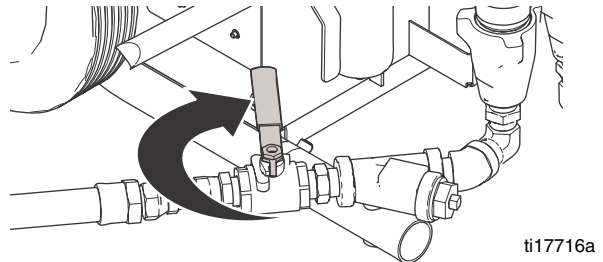
5. Engage gun piston safety lock.




6. Close gun fluid inlet valves A and B.






7. Close pump inlet supply valves.



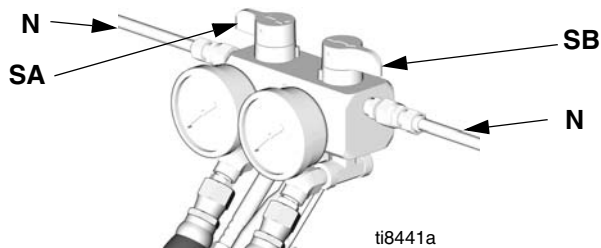
# Shutdown

1. Turn main heater power OFF .
2. Follow **Park**; see page 26.
3. Check and fill wet-cups (AK, Z).
4. Follow gun shutdown procedure. See gun manual.





# Flushing

						
<p>Flush equipment only in a well-ventilated area. Do not spray flammable fluids. Do not turn on heaters while flushing with flammable solvents.</p>						

- Flush out old fluid with new fluid, or flush out old fluid with a compatible moisture-free solvent.
- Use lowest possible pressure when flushing.
- To flush feed hoses, pumps, and the heater separately from the heated hoses, set PRESSURE RELIEF/SPRAY valves (SA, SB) to PRESSURE RELIEF/CIRCULATION. Flush through bleed lines (N).



- To flush entire system, circulate through gun fluid manifold (with manifold removed from gun).
- Always leave hydraulic oil or a non-water based, non-water absorbent fluid in system. Do not use water.

						
<p>Only use flush solvents that are compatible with Fluoroelastomer seals. Non-compatible solvents will damage seals and cause hazardous conditions, such as high pressure leaks.</p>						

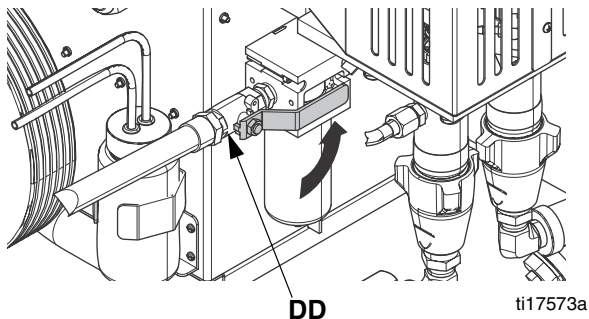
# Operation

## Daily Start-up Procedure



**NOTE:** The daily start-up procedures describe normal operation. Assume that all temperature and pressure settings have been previously set, but that the heating system is not up to operating temperature.

1. Check condition isocyanate lubrication system and service as required. Change pump lubricant when it shows signs of change to a milky color.
2. Ensure supply fluid is at correct temperature as recommended by chemical system supplier. Ensure individual chemicals are correctly agitated within their drums/day tanks, and moisture protection system is properly set for operation. Recirculate heated fluid back to supply drums if necessary; see page 30.
3. Turn on main air supply to transfer pumps.
4. Pressurize transfer pumps and open A- and B-inlet supply valves.
5. Open air inlet ball valve (DD).



6. Turn main power ON

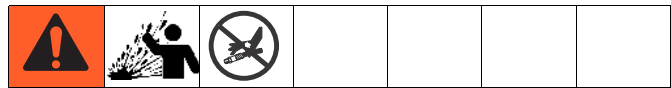


### NOTICE

Uncoil heated hoses before turning on hose heater switch to prevent overheating and hot spots within hose.

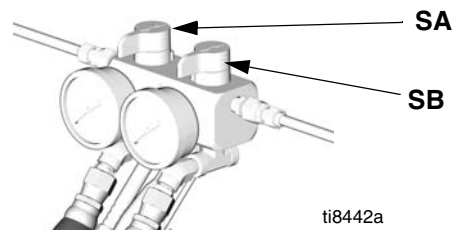
7. Uncoil heated hose.

8. Check that hose setpoint temperature is correct.
9. Turn on all three heat zones.
10. The hose power controller automatically adjusts the hose current to the hose to compensate for hose length and ambient temperature. Wait for actual hose temperature readout to match hose setpoint temperature.



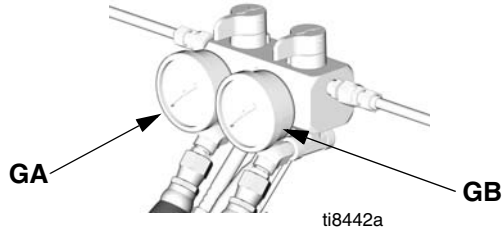
To prevent excessive pressure build-up in heated hoses, always bring hoses and primary heater up to operating temperature before opening air motor shutoff valve.

11. Set PRESSURE RELIEF/SPRAY valves (SA, SB) to SPRAY.



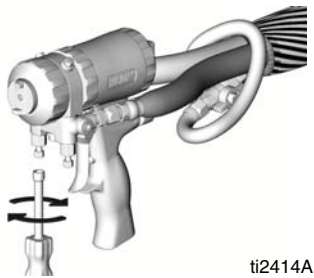
12. Check that heat zones are on and temperatures are on target, page 22.
13. Open air motor shutoff valve.
14. Pumps will pressurize the fluid according to air regulator pressure.

15. Check A and B fluid pressure gauges (GA, GB) to ensure proper pressure balance between A and B. If imbalanced, bleed off the high side with valves SA and SB until balanced.



16. Open gun fluid manifold valves A and B.

*The Fusion AP gun is shown.*



17. Disengage gun piston safety lock.



18. Test spray onto cardboard.

19. Equipment is ready to spray.

# Fluid Circulation

## Circulation Through Reactor

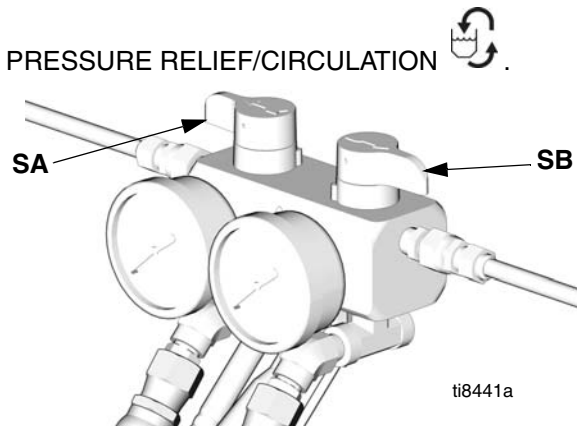
Do not circulate fluid containing a blowing agent without consulting with your material supplier regarding fluid temperature limits.						

To circulate through gun manifold and preheat hose, see page 31.

1. Follow **Initial Startup**, page 21.

Do not install shutoffs downstream of the PRESSURE RELIEF/SPRAY valve outlets (BA, BB). The valves function as overpressure relief valves when set to SPRAY . Lines must be open so valves can automatically relieve pressure when machine is operating.						

2. See **Typical Installation, with Circulation**, page 10. Route circulation lines back to respective component A or B supply drum. Use hoses rated at the maximum working pressure of this equipment. See **Technical Data**, page 37.
3. Set PRESSURE RELIEF/SPRAY valves (SA, SB) to



4. Turn main power ON

5. Set temperature targets, see page 22. Turn on **A** and **B** heat zones by pressing

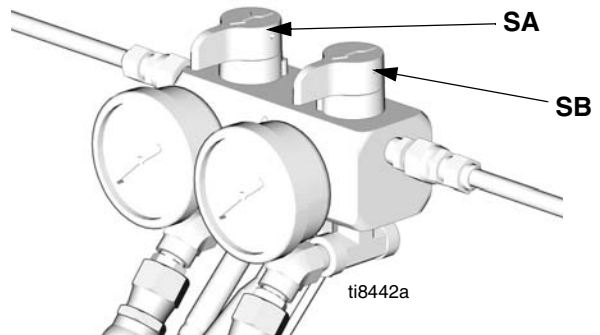
**Do not** turn on heat zone unless hoses are already loaded with fluid.

6. Press to display actual temperatures.



7. Turn the air regulator to a low pressure until **A** and **B** temperatures reach targets. Increase the pressure once the temperatures are on target.

8. Turn on heat zone by pressing

9. Set PRESSURE RELIEF/SPRAY valves (SA, SB) to SPRAY

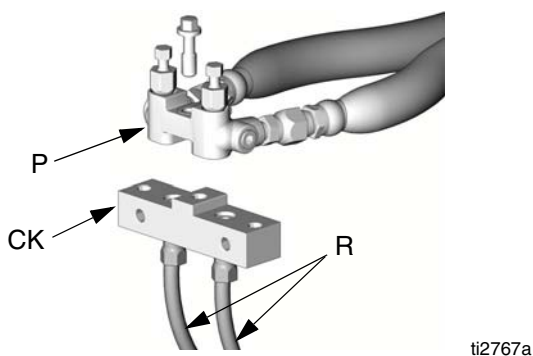


## Circulation Through Gun Manifold

						
Do not circulate fluid containing a blowing agent without consulting with your material supplier regarding fluid temperature limits.						

Circulating fluid through the gun manifold allows rapid preheating of hose.

1. Install gun fluid manifold (P) on accessory circulation kit (CK). Connect high pressure circulation lines (R) to circulation manifold.











The Fusion AP gun manifold is shown.

**Table 1: Circulation Kit (CK)**

Part	Gun	Manual
246362	Fusion AP	309818
256566	Fusion CS	313058
GC1703	Probler P2	313213

2. Route circulation lines back to respective component A or B supply drum. Use hoses rated at the maximum working pressure of this equipment. See manual for installation instructions.
3. Follow **Initial Startup**, page 21.

4. Turn main power ON .

5. Set temperature targets, see page 22. Turn on , , and  heat zones by pressing .
6. Press  to display actual temperatures.
7. Turn the air regulator to a low pressure until  and  temperatures reach targets. Increase the pressure once the temperatures are on target.

# DataTrak Controls and Indicators

The DataTrak on the Reactor A-25 sprayers do not have runaway protection. For setup and operation instructions see **DataTrak Operation**, page 33.

## Key for FIG. 4

- AB Combined Lower Displacement (user settable)
- AC Flow Rate Units (user settable to  $\updownarrow$ /min, gpm [US], gpm [Imperial], oz/min [US], oz/min [Imperial], l/min, or cc/min)
- AD LED (fault indicator when lit)
- AE Display
- PF Prime/Flush Key (Enables Prime/Flush mode. While in Prime/Flush mode, the batch totalizer [BT] will not count.) LED will flash while in Prime/Flush mode.
- RK Reset Key (Resets faults. Press and hold for 3 seconds to clear the batch totalizer.) Push to toggle between flow rate and cycle rate.
- CF Cycle/Flow Rate
- BT Batch Totalizer
- GT Grand Totalizer
- RT Runaway Toggle (leave disabled)

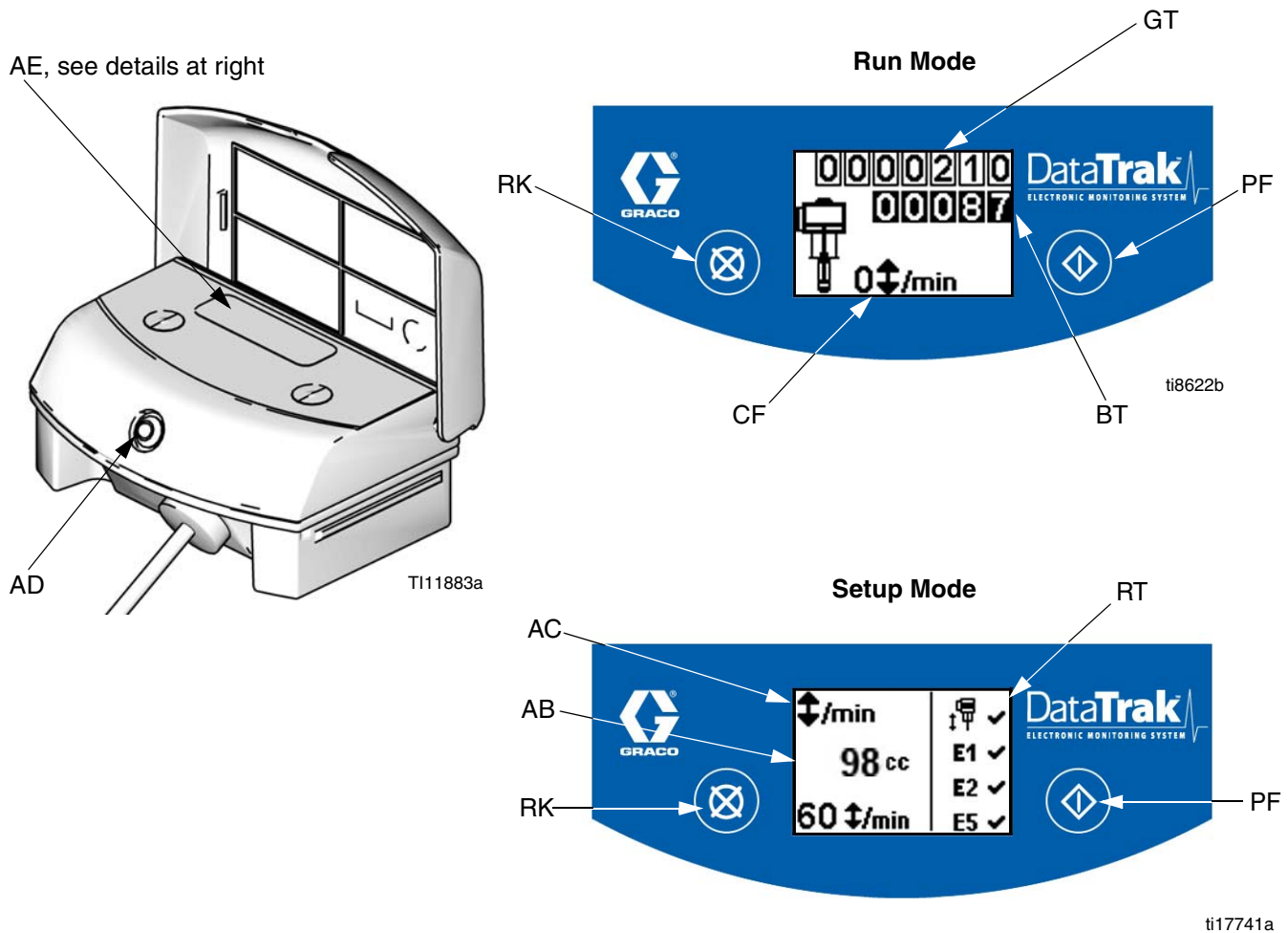


FIG. 4. DataTrak Controls and Indicators







# DataTrak Operation

**NOTE:** The display (AE) will turn off after 1 minute to save battery life. Press any key to wake up the display.

## NOTICE


To prevent damage to the soft key buttons, do not press the buttons with sharp objects such as pens, plastic cards, or fingernails.

## Setup Mode

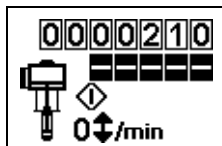
1. See FIG. 4, page 32. Press and hold  for 5 seconds until Setup menu appears.
2. To enter settings for lower size, flow rate units, and disable runaway protection press  to change the value, then  to save the value and move the cursor to the next data field.
  - Set lower size to 98cc.
  - Disable runaway.
3. Move the cursor to the E5 error enable option field, then press  once more to exit Setup mode.


## Run Mode

### Prime/Flush


1. See FIG. 4, page 32. To enter Prime/Flush mode, press any key to wake up the display, then press . The Prime/Flush symbol will appear in the display and the LED will flash

display and the LED will flash




2. While in Prime/Flush mode, the batch totalizer (BT) will not count. The grand totalizer (GT) continues to count.
3. To exit Prime/Flush mode, press any key to wake up the display, then press . The Prime/Flush symbol will disappear from the display and the LED will stop flashing.

## Counter/Totalizer

See FIG. 4, page 32. The last digit of the batch totalizer (BT) represents tenths of gallons or liters. To reset the totalizer, press any key to wake up the display, then press and hold  for 3 seconds.

- If AC is set to gallons or ounces, BT and GT display gallons.
- If AC is set to liters or cc, BT and GT display liters.
- If AC is set to cycles, BT and GT display cycles.

Press  to toggle between flow rate units and cycles. A letter under the BT display indicates that both BT and GT are displaying gallons (g) or liters (l). No letter means both BT and GT are displaying cycles.

## Display

See FIG. 4, page 32. The display (AE) will turn off after 1 minute of inactivity in Run mode or 3 minutes in Setup mode. Press any key to wake up the display.

**NOTE:** DataTrak will continue to count cycles when display is off.

**NOTE:** The display (AE) may turn off if a high-level static discharge is applied to the DataTrak. Press any key to wake up the display.

## Diagnostics

See **DataTrak Diagnostic Codes** page 35.

# Maintenance

- Check and add TSL to B side pump wet-cup daily.
- Check ISO lube bottle for significant discoloration or crystallization daily. Replace with fresh TSL when needed.
- Ensure ISO (A) pump is down and in PARK position during every shutdown.
- Keep any ISO (A) fluid from being exposed to atmosphere to prevent crystallization.
- Remove inlet filter screen plug (V, Y) and clean screens if increased unbalanced pressures between A and B is noticed or as needed for fluids used. Also clean after flushing.
- Close gun fluid shutoff valves when not in use.
- If using a Fusion AP or Probler P2 gun, add grease with grease gun per manual.
- Clean gun filter screens and mix chamber ports regularly, or when increased unbalanced pressures between A and B is noticed. See gun manual.
- Use lithium grease or Iso Pump Oil on all threaded fluid fittings on the “A” side.

# Diagnostic Codes

## Temperature Control Diagnostic Codes

Temperature control diagnostic codes appear on temperature display.

These alarms turn off heat. E99 clears automatically when communication is regained. Codes E03 through

E06 can be cleared by pressing . For other codes,

turn main power OFF  then ON  to clear.


See repair manual for corrective action.




Code	Code Name	Alarm Zone
01	High fluid temperature	Individual
02	High zone current	Individual
03	No zone current	Individual
04	FTS or thermocouple disconnected	Individual
05	Control board over temperature	Individual
06	Communication cable unplugged	Individual
30	Momentary loss of communication	All
99	Loss of communication	All

**NOTE:** For hose zone only, if FTS is disconnected at startup, display will show hose current 0A.

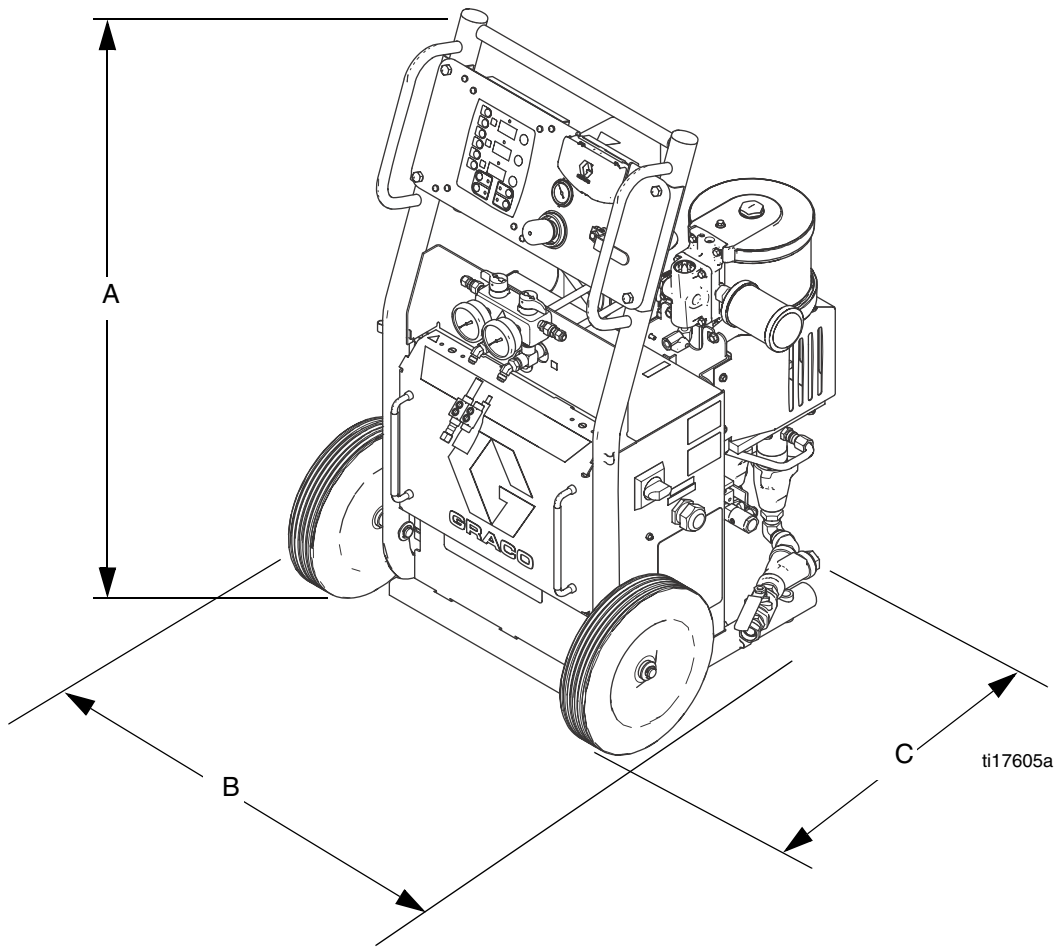
## DataTrak Diagnostic Codes

DataTrak can diagnose several problems with the pump. When the monitor detects a problem, the LED (AD, FIG. 4) will flash and a diagnostic code will appear on the display.

To acknowledge the diagnosis and return to the normal operating screen, press  once to wake up the display, and once more to clear the diagnostic code screen.

Symbol	Code	Code Name	Diagnosis	Cause
 E2	E-2	Diving Down	Leak during downstroke.	Worn intake valve.
 E3	E-3	Low Battery	Battery voltage too low to stop runaway.	Low battery. Replace battery; see Reactor A-25 Repair manual.
 E6 Fuse 250mA	E-6	Blown Fuse	Fuse is blown. Replace fuse; see Reactor A-25 Repair manual.	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Faulty solenoid or solenoid wiring.</li> <li>Extreme temperatures (above 140°F [60°C]).</li> </ul>

# Dimensions



	<b>With Wheels</b>	<b>Without Wheels</b>
<b>Dimension</b>	<b>in. (mm)</b>	<b>in. (mm)</b>
A	43.5 (1105)	43.5 (1105)
B	29 (736.6)	21.5 (546)
C	30 (762)	24.5 (622)

# Technical Data

Category	Data
Maximum Fluid Working Pressure	2000 psi (14 MPa, 138 bar)
Maximum Air Supply Pressure	125 psi (0.9 MPa, 9 bar)
Maximum Air Working Pressure	80 psi (550 kPa, 5.5 bar)
Pressure Ratio	25:1
Air consumption with 02 tip at 1500 psi stall pressure	28 scfm (0.8m <sup>3</sup> /min)
Machine Maximum Power with hose	9000 Watts
Voltage Requirement (50/60 Hz) (230 V Nominal: 195-253 VAC) (380 V Nominal: 338-457 VAC)	230 V, 1 Phase 230 V, 3 Phase (Delta) 380 V, 3 Phase (WYE 220 V to Neutral)
Amperage Requirement (Full Load Peak)*	40 amps @ 230 V, 1 Phase 32 amps @ 230 V, 3 Phase 18.5 amps @ 380 V, 3 Phase
Maximum Heater Fluid Temperature	190 °F (88 °C)
Maximum Hose Fluid Temperature	180 °F (82 °C)
Maximum Ambient Temperature	120 °F (49 °C)
Maximum Output	25 lb/min. (11.4 kg/min.)
Output Per Cycle (A and B)	0.025 gal/cycle (0.095 ltr/cycle)
Heater Power	6000 Watts
Hose Power	2790 Watts
Sound Pressure (see NXT air motor manual)	70.2 dB(A)
Sound Power (see NXT air motor manual)	80.1 dB(A)
Viscosity Range	250-1500 centipoise (typical)
Maximum Fluid Inlet Pressure	300 psi (2.1 MPa, 21 bar) or 15% of output pressure
Fluid Inlet/Strainer Filter	20 mesh standard
Air inlet Filter Mesh	40 Micron
Component B (Resin) Inlet	3/4 npt(f) swivel
Component A (Isocyanate) Inlet	3/4 npt(f) swivel
Recirculation/Block Hose Connections	Iso (A) side: #5 JIC (m); Resin (B) side: #6 JIC (m)
Maximum Heated Hose Length***	210 ft of 3/8 ID
Weight	310 lb (140.6 kg)
Wetted Parts	Carbon steel, stainless steel, chrome, aluminum, Fluoroelastomer, PTFE, nylon

\*Full load amps with all devices operating at maximum capabilities with 210 ft (64.1 m) of hose.

\*\*\*210 ft (64 m) of heated hose will produce the maximum allowable heat capacity. 310 ft (94 m) of heated hose may be used, but will have 25% less heat capacity.

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For the latest information about Graco products, visit [www.graco.com](http://www.graco.com).

**TO PLACE AN ORDER**, contact your Graco distributor or call to identify the nearest distributor.

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Original instructions. This manual contains English. MM 3A1569

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